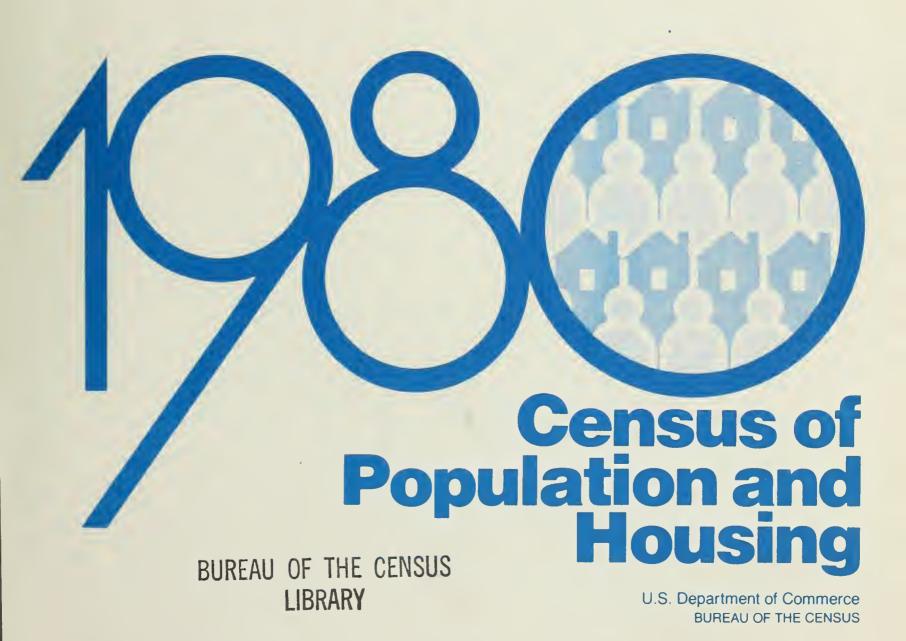
PHC80-2-299 CENSUS HA 201 1980 A143x PHC-80-2-299

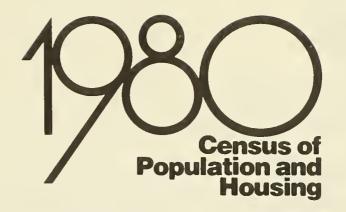
Census Tracts

REDDING, CALIF.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA







Census Tracts

REDDING, CALIF.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA

PHC80-2-299

Issued July 1983



U.S. Department of Commerce
Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary
Robert G. Dederick,
Under Secretary for
Economic Affairs

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
Bruce Chapman, Director



BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

Bruce Chapman, Director

C.L. Kincannon, Deputy Director

POPULATION DIVISION Roger A. Herriot, Chief

HOUSING DIVISION Arthur F. Young, Chief

Acknowledgments

Many persons participated in the diverse activities of the 1980 census. These acknowledgments generally reflect staff during the postcensus data publication process. The Bureau was guided by Director, Bruca Chapman, and Deputy Director, C.L. Kincannon. Primary direction of the data publication program was performed by William P. Butz, Associate Director for Demographic Fields, assisted by Pater A. Bounpana, Assistant Director for Demographic Censuses, in conjunction with Barbara A. Bailar, Associate Director for Statistical Standards and Methodology, Howard N. Hamilton, Acting Associate Director for Information Technology, James D. Lincoln, then Associate Director for Administration, and Stanlay D. Moora, Associate Director for Field Operations. The Director's staff was assisted by Sharry L. Courtland. Direction of the census enumeration and early processing activities was provided by Vincent P. Barabba, former Director: Danial B. Lavina, former Deputy Director; and Gaorga E. Hall, former Associate Director.

Responsibility for the overall planning, coordinating, processing, and publication of the 1980 census was in the Decennial Census Division under the direction of Stanlay D. Matchett, Chief, assisted by Rachal F. Brown and Rogar O. Lapaga, Assistant Division Chiefs. The following Branch Chiefs were responsible for support services; Donald R. Dalzall, H. Ray Dannis, Staphan E. Goldman, Dannis W. Stoudt, and Richard R. Warran.

Responsibility for developing the population portion of the 1980 census questionnaire content and designing the tabulations was in the Population Division under the supervision of Roger A. Harriot, Chief, Paula J. Schnaidar, Staff Assistant for Census Programs, Gordon W. Graan, Jr., Nampeo D. McKannay, and Arthur J. Norton, Assistant Chiefs. Important contributions were made by the following Branch and Staff Chiefs; Patricia A. Berman, Edward W. Farnandez, Philip N. Fulton, John M. McNeil, Martin O'Connall, George F. Patterson, Thomas S. Scopp, Paul M. Siagel, Robert C. Spaakar, Jamas A. Wead, and Arno I. Winard. Also contributing was Cynthia M. Taeuber.

Responsibility for developing the housing portion of the 1980 census questionnaire content and designing the tabulations was in the

Housing Division, under the supervision of Arthur F. Young, Chief, Laonard J. Norry, Assistant Chief, and William A. Downs, Branch Chief; assisted by Robart W. Bonnatte, Theresa R. Boyd, Sherry A. Briscoa, Imalda M. Johnson, and Gregory K. Sprowls.

Administration support was provided by the Administrative Services Division, Robart L. Kirkland, Chief, and William C. Fanning, Assistant Chief.

Computer processing was performed in the Computer Operations Division, C. Thomas DiNanna, Chief, James E. Steed, Gaorge M. Bowdan, and Joseph J. Sfarralla, Assistant Chiefs.

Questionnaire processing procedures were developed in the Decennial Processing Staff, James S. Warking, then Chief, under the direction of Harry O'Haver, then Assistant Chief. The clerical coding and microfilming of the sample questionnaires were performed at three decennial processing locations as follows: Data Preparation Division, Don L. Adams, Chief; Jeffersonville Processing Office, Robert L. Kirkland, then Processing Manager; New Orleans Processing Office, Robert L. Allan, Chief; and Laguna Niguel Processing Office, Robert N. Schallar, Chief.

User services were provided by the Data User Services Division under the supervision of Michael G. Garland, Chief, Marshall L. Turnar, Jr., and Paul T. Zeisset, Assistant Chiefs.

Data collection activities were supervised in the Field Division by Lawrance T. Lova, Chief, under the direction of Richard Blass, Charlas Hancock, and Gaorga T. Rainar, Assistant Chiefs, with the assistance of the directors and assistant directors of the Bureau's regional offices.

Geographic programs and plans were developed in the Geography Division under the direction of Josaph J. Knott, Robert W. Marx, and Silla G. Tomasi, Assistant Chiefs, and Donald I. Hirschfald.

Publications editing, design, composition, and printing procurement were performed by the staff of the Publications Services Division, Raymond J. Koski, Chief; Milton S. Andarsen, Arlene C. Duckatt, and Garald A. Mann, Branch Chiefs.

The Statistical Methods Division was largely responsible for weighting sample data and producing variance estimates. This work was supervised by Charlas D. Jonas, Chief; Susan M. Miskura and Robart T. O'Raagan, Assistant Chiefs. Important contributions were made by David H. Diskin, Milton C. Fan, Thomas W. Harahush, Robert S. Jawatt, J. Kim, Terasa A. Passalacqua, John H. Thompson, and Hanry F. Woltman.

The system design, technical specifications, assembly, and installation of the FOSDIC and Automated Camera Technology System were the responsibility of the Technical Services Division, C. Thomas DiNanna, Acting Chief, and Robert J. Varson, Branch Chief.

Many other persons participated in the various activities of the 1980 census. For a list of key personnel, refer to the *History of the 1980 Census of Population and Housing*, (PHC80-R2).

Library of Congress Cataloging in Publication Data

1980 census of population and housing. Census tracts.

PHC80-2

Issued May 1983-

1. United States—Census, 20th 1980. 2. United States—Population—Statistics. 3. United States—Housing—Statistics. 4. Census districts—United States. 1. United States. Bureau of the Census. 11. Title: Census tracts.

HA201 198h 312'.9'0973 81-60*7*944

For sale by Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402, or any U.S. Department of Commerce district office. Postage stamps not acceptable; currency submitted at sender's risk. Remittances from foreign countries must be by international money order or by draft on a U.S. bank.

Contents

TEXT		Page	TABL	ES	Page
	PHC80-2, Census Tracts, Reports	V VIII	P-9.	Social Characteristics of Persons: 1980 Census Tracts	P17
Compa Appen	dix A.—Area Classifications dix B.—Definitions and Explanations of	IX A-1	P-10.	Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1980	P22
Appen	dix C.—General Enumeration and Processing	B-1	P-11.	Income and Poverty Status in 1979: 1980 Census Tracts	P27
Appen Appen and C Appen	dix D.—Accuracy of the Data	C-1 D-1 E-1	P-12.	Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1980	P-32
	am	F-1	P-13.	Occupation, Income in 1979, and Poverty Status in 1979 of White Persons: 1980	P33
POPU	LATION CHARACTERISTICS			Census Tracts [400 or More White Persons and 400 or More of a Specified Racial	
P-1.	General Characteristics of Persons: 1980 Census Tracts	P1	P-14.	Group] Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black	
P-2.	General Characteristics of White Persons: 1980. Census Tracts [400 or More White Persons	P-6		Persons: 1980	P-34
	and 400 or More of a Specified Racial Group)		P-15.	Occupation, Income in 1979, and Poverty Status in 1979 of Black Persons: 1980 Census Tracts [400 or More Black Persons]	P35
P-3.	General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1980. Census Tracts [400 or More Black Persons]	P -7	P-16.	Social and Labor Force Characteristics of American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut Persons:	
P-4.	General Characteristics of American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut Persons: 1980	P8		1980	P-36
P-5.	Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut Persons General Characteristics of Asian and Pacific		P-17.	Occupation, Income in 1979, and Poverty Status in 1979 of American Indian, Eskimo,	
	Islander Persons: 1980	P-9		and Aleut Persons: 1980	P-37
P-6.	General Characteristics of Spanish Origin Persons: 1980 Census Tracts [400 or More Spanish Origin Persons]	P-10	P-18.	Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Asian and Pacific Islander Persons: 1980 Census Tracts [400 or More Asian and Pacific Islander Persons]	P38
P-7.	Race and Spanish Origin: 1980	P-11	P-19.	Occupation, Income in 1979, and Poverty Status in 1979 of Asian and Pacific Islander Persons: 1980	P-39
P-8.	Ancestry of Persons: 1980	P-14		Census Tracts [400 or More Asian and Pacific Islander Persons]	

TABL	ES	Page	TABL	.ES	Page
P-20.	Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Spanish Origin Persons: 1980	P-40	H -9.	Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980	H-21
P-21.	Occupation, Income in 1979, and Poverty Status in 1979 of Spanish Origin Persons:	P-41		Group]	
	Census Tracts [400 or More Spanish Origin Persons]		H-10.	Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980	H-22
HOUS	ING CHARACTERISTICS			and 400 or More of a Specified Racial Group]	
H-1.	Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980 Census Tracts	H—1	H-11.	Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980	H-23
H-2.	Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980	H-6	H-12.	Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980 Census Tracts [400 or More Black Persons]	H-24
	and 400 or More of a Specified Racial Group]		H-13.	Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980.	H-25
H-3.	Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980	H-7		Census Tracts [400 or More American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut Persons]	
H-4.	Census Tracts [400 or More Black Persons] Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980.	H-8	H-14.	Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980	H-26
	Census Tracts [400 or More American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut Persons]		H-15.	Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian	
H-5.	Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980	H-9		or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980 Census Tracts [400 or More Asian and Pacific Islander Persons]	H-27
	Census Tracts [400 or More Asian and Pacific Islander Persons]		H-16.	Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander House-	H-28
H-6.	Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980	H-10		holder: 1980 Census Tracts [400 or More Asian and Pacific Islander Persons]	H-20
	Census Tracts [400 or More Spanish Origin Persons]		H-17.	Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units With a Householder of Spanish Origin: 1980	H-29
H-7.	Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980 Census Tracts	H-11		Census Tracts [400 or More Spanish Origin Persons]	. 20
μ.Ω	Financial Characteristics of Housing Units:		H-18.	Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Householder of Spanish Origin: 1980	H-30
11.0.	1980	H-16		Census Tracts [400 or More Spanish Origin Persons]	

List of PHC80-2 Census Tracts Reports

Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area
		1		77	***	444	Olastana Namb
1	U.S. Summary	41	Rhode Island	.77	Atlanta, Ga.	114	Charleston-North
2	Alabama	42	South Carolina	78	Atlantic City, N.J.	445	Charleston, S.C.
3	Alaska	.43	South Dakota	79	Augusta, GaS.C.	115	Charleston, W. Va.
4	Arizona	1 44	Tennessee	80	Austin, Tex.		
5	Arkansas	45	Texas	81	Bakersfield, Calif.	116	Charlotte-Gastonia, N.C.
				82	Baltimore, Md.	117	Charlottesville, Va.
6	California	46	Not assigned	83	Bangor, Maine	118	Chattanooga, TennGa.
7	Colorado	47	Vermont	84	Baton Rouge, La.	119	Chicago, III.
8	Connecticut	48	Virginia	85	Battle Creek, Mich.		
9	Delaware	49	Washington	00	Dattie Cleek, Wilch.	120	Chico, Calif.
10	Not assigned	50	West Virginia	86	Bay City, Mich.	121	Cincinnati, Ohio-KyInd.
	E			87	Beaumont-Port Arthur-	122	Clarksville-Hopkinsville,
11	Florida	51	Wisconsin		Orange, Tex.		TennKy.
12	Georgia	52	Wyoming	88	Bellingham, Wash.	123	Cleveland, Ohio
13	Hawaii	53	Puerto Rico	89	Benton Harbor, Mich.	124	Colorado Springs, Colo.
14	Idaho	54	Not assigned	90	Billings, Mont.	125	Columbia, Mo.
15	Illinois	55	Not assigned		34		
40	1.44			91	Biloxi-Gulfport, Miss.	126	Columbia, S.C.
16	Indiana	56	N ot assigned	92	Binghamton, N.YPa.	127	Columbus, GaAla.
17	lowa	57	Not assigned	93	Birmingham, Ala.	128	Columbus, Ohio
18	Kansas	58	Abilene, Tex.	94	Bismarck, N. Dak.	129	Corpus Christi, Tex.
19	Kentucky	59	Akron, Ohio	95	Bloomington, Ind.	130	Cumberland, MdW. Va.
20	Louisiana	60	Albany, Ga.				•
21	Maine			96	Bloomington-Normal, III.	131	Dallas-Fort Worth, Tex.
22	Maryland	61	Albany-Schenectady-	97	Boise City, I daho	132	Danbury, Conn.
23	Massachusetts		Troy, N.Y.	98	Boston, Mass.	133	Danville, Va.
24	Michigan	62	Albuquerque, N. Mex.	99	Bradenton, Fla.	134	Davenport-Rock Island-
25	Minnesota	63	Alexandria, La.	100	Bremerton, Wash.	154	Moline, Iowa-III.
23	WINITESOLO	64	Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton,			135	Dayton, Ohio
26	Mississippi		PaN.J.	101	Bridgeport, Conn.	133	Dayton, Omo
27	Missouri	65	Altoona, Pa.	102	Bristol, Conn.	100	D D
28	Montana			103	Brockton, Mass.	136	Daytona Beach, Fla.
29	Nebraska	66	Amarillo, Tex.	104	Brownsville-Harlingen-	137	Decatur, III.
30	Nevada	67	Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden		San Benito, Tex.	138	Denver-Boulder, Colo.
			Grove, Calif.	105	Bryan-College Station, Tex.	139	Des Moines, I owa
31	New Hampshire	68	Anchorage, Alaska			140	Detroit, Mich.
32	New Jersey	69	Anderson, Ind.	106	Buffalo, N.Y.		
33	New Mexico	70	Anderson, S.C.	107	Burlington, N.C.	141	Dubuque, I owa
34	New York		·	108	Burlington, Vt.	142	Duluth-Superior, Minn
35	North Carolina	71	Ann Arbor, Mich.	109	Caguas, P.R.		Wis.
		72	Anniston, Ala.	110	Canton, Ohio	143	Eau Claire, Wis.
36	Not assigned	73	Appleton-Oshkosh, Wis.		·	144	El Paso, Tex.
37	Ohio	74	Arecibo, P.R.	111	Casper, Wyo.	145	Elkhart, Ind.
38	Dklahoma	75	Asheville, N.C.	112	Cedar Rapids, Iowa		
39	Oregon	. 3		113	Champaign-Urbana-	146	Elmira, N.Y.
40	Pennsylvania	76	Athens, Ga.		Rantoul, III.	147	Enid, Okla.
							,

CENSUS TRACTS

Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area
148	Erie, Pa.	187	Indianapolis, Ind.	227	Louisville, KyInd.	265	Norfolk-Virginia Beach-
149	Eugene-Springfield, Oreg.	188	Iowa City, Iowa	228	Lowell, MassN.H.	_00	Portsmouth, VaN.C.
150	Evansville, IndKy.	189	Jackson, Mich.	229	Lubbock, Tex.		
	and the state of t	190	Jackson, Miss.	230	Lynchburg, Va.	266	Northeast Pennsylvania
151	Fall River, MassR.I.				- / ·····	267	Norwalk, Conn.
152	Fargo-Moorhead, N. Dak	191	Jacksonville, Fla.	231	Macon, Ga.	268	Ocala, Fla.
102	Minn,		Jacksonville, N.C.	232	Madison, Wis.	269	O dessa, Tex.
153	Fayetteville, N.C.	193	Janesville-Beloit, Wis.	233	Manchester, N.H.	270	Oklahoma City, Okla.
154	Fayetteville-Springdale,	194	Jersey City, N.J.	234	Mansfield, Ohio	2.0	o kidiroma o ity, o kid.
104	Ark.	195	Johnson City-Kingsport-	235	Mayaguez, P.R.	271	Olympia, Wash.
155	Fitchburg-Leominster, Mass.	100	Bristol, TennVa.			272	Omaha, NebrLowa
	Tronburg Essentiation, mass.		D110001, 1 01111. V 4.	236	McAllen-Pharr-Edinburg,	273	Orlando, Fla.
156	Flint, Mich.	400	Laboratorius Da		Tex.	274	Owensboro, Ky.
157	Florence, Ala.	196	Johnstown, Pa.	237	Medford, Oreg.	275	Oxnard-Simi Valley-
158	Florence, S.C.	197	Joplin, Mo.	238	Melbourne-Titusville-	213	Ventura, Calif.
159	Fort Collins, Colo.	198	Kalamazoo-Portage, Mich.		Cocoa, Fla.		ventura, cam.
160		199	Kankakee, III.				
100	Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood, Fla.	200	Kansas City, MoKans.	220	Manushia Tana Auk	276	Panama City, Fla.
	Fid.			239	Memphis, TennArk	277	Parkersburg-Marietta,
101	Fort Muses Cons Const. Flo	201	Kenosha, Wis.	240	Miss.		W. VaOhio
161	Fort Myers-Cape Coral, Fla.	202	Killeen-Temple, Tex.	240	Meriden, Conn.	278	Pascagoula-Moss Point,
162	Fort Smith, ArkOkla.	203	Knoxville, Tenn.	0.4.4			Miss.
163	Fort Walton Beach, Fla.	204	Kokomo, Ind.	241	Miami, Fla.	279	Paterson-Clifton-Passaic, N.J.
164	Fort Wayne, Ind.	205	La Crosse, Wis.	242	Midland, Tex.	280	Pensacola, Fla.
165	Fresno, Calif.			243	Milwaukee, Wis.		
		206	Lafayette, La.	244	Minneapolis-St. Paul,	281	Peoria, III.
166	Gadsden, Ala.	207	Lafayette-West Lafayette,	245	MinnWis.	282	Petersburg-Colonial
167	Gainesville, Fla.		Ind.	245	Mobile, Ala.		Heights-Hopewell, Va.
168	Galveston-Texas City, Tex.		Lake Charles, La.			283	Philadelphia, PaN.J.
169	Gary-Hammond-East	209	Lakeland-Winter Haven,	246	Modesto, Calif.	284	Phoenix, Ariz.
	Chicago, Ind.		Fla.	247	Monroe, La.	285	Pine Bluff, Ark.
170	Glens Falls, N.Y.	210	Lancaster, Pa.	248	Montgomery, Ala.		
				249	Muncie, Ind.	286	Pittsburgh, Pa.
171	Grand Forks, N.Dak	211	Lansing-East Lansing,	250	Muskegon-Norton Shores-	287	Pittsfield, Mass.
	Minn.		Mich.		Muskegon Heights, Mich.	288	Ponce, P.R.
172	Grand Rapids, Mich.	212	Laredo, Tex.	054		289	Portland, Maine
173	Great Falls, Mont.		Las Cruces, N. Mex.	251	Nashua, N.H.	290	Portland, OregWash.
174	Greeley, Colo.		Las Vegas, Nev.	252	Nashville-Davidson, Tenn.		_
175	Green Bay, Wis.	215	Lawrence, Kans.	253	Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.	291	Portsmouth-Dover-
		240	Laurence Hauselill	254	New Bedford, Mass.		Rochester, N.HMaine
176	Greensboro-Winston-Salem-	216	Lawrence-Haverhill, MassN.H.	255	New Britain, Conn.	292	Poughkeepsie, N.Y.
	High Point, N.C.	217		25.0		293	Providence-Warwick-
177	Greenville-Spartanburg, S.C.		Lawton, Okla.	256	New Brunswick-Perth	004	Pawtucket, R.IMass.
178	Hagerstown, Md.		Lewiston-Auburn, Maine		Amboy-Sayreville, N.J.	294	Provo-Orem, Utah
179	Hamilton-Middletown,		Lexington-Fayette, Ky.	257	New Haven-West Haven,	295	Pueblo, Colo.
	Ohio	220	Lima, Ohio	050	Conn.		
180	Harrisburg, Pa.	221	Linealn Mahr	258	New London-Norwich,	296	Racine, Wis.
			Lincoln, Nebr.	250	ConnR.I.	297	Raleigh-Durham, N.C.
101	Hartford Conn	222	Little Rock-North Little	259	New Orleans, La.	298	Reading, Pa.
181 182	Hartford, Conn.	222	Rock, Ark.	260	New York, N.YN.J.	299	Redding, Calif.
183	Hickory, N.C.	223	Long Branch-Asbury			300	Reno, Nev.
184	Honolulu, Hawaii Houston, Tex.	224	Park, N.J.		Newark, N.J.		
185	Huntington-Ashland,		Longview-Marshall, Tex.		Newark, Ohio	301	Richland-Kennewick-
100	W. VaKyOhio	225	Lorain-Elyria, Ohio	263	Newburgh-Middletown,		Pasco, Wash.
	W. Varity. Unio	000	1 . 4		N.Y.		Richmond, Va.
4.00	11 4 111 41	226	Los Angeles-Long Beach,	264	Newport News-Hampton,	303	Riverside-San Bernardino-
186	Huntsville, Ala.		Calif.		Va.		Ontario, Calif.

Report		Report		Report		Report	
No.	Area	No.	Area	No.	Area	No.	Area
304	Roanoke, Va.	323	San Juan, P.R.	343	State College, Pa.	362	Vineland-Millville-
305	Rochester, Minn.	324	Santa Barbara-Santa	344	Steubenville-Weirton,		Bridgeton, N.J.
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Maria-Lompoc, Calif.		Ohio-W. Va.	363	Visalia-Tulare-Porterville,
306	Rochester, N.Y.	325	Santa Cruz, Calif.	345	Stockton, Calif.		Calif.
307	Rockford, III.					364	Waco, Tex.
308	Rock Hill, S.C.	326	Santa Rosa, Calif.	346	Syracuse, N.Y.	365	Washington, D.CMdVa.
309	Sacramento, Calif.	327	Sarasota, Fla.	347	Tacoma, Wash.		
310	Saginaw, Mich.	328	Savannah, Ga.	348	Tallahassee, Fla.	366	Waterbury, Conn.
	-	329	Seattle-Everett, Wash.	349	Tampa-St. Petersburg, Fla.	367	Waterloo-Cedar Falls,
311	St. Cloud, Minn.	330	Sharon, Pa.	350	Terre Haute, Ind.		lowa
312	St. Joseph, Mo.	000	o. a. o., . a.	330	refre fraute, fild.	368	Wausau, Wis.
313	St. Louis, MoIII.	221	Chaharran Mia	05.4		369	West Palm Beach-Boca
314	Salem, O reg.	331	Sheboygan, Wis.	351	Texarkana, Tex		Raton, Fla.
315	Salinas-Seaside-Monterey,	332	Sherman-Denison, Tex.	050	Texarkana, Ark.	370	Wheeling, W. VaOhio
313		333	Shreveport, La.	352	Toledo, Ohio-Mich.		
	Calif.	334	Sioux City, Iowa-Nebr.	353	Topeka, Kans.	371	Wichita, Kans.
		335	Sioux Falls, S. Dak.	354	Trenton, N.J.	372	Wichita Falls, Tex.
316	Salisbury-Concord, N.C.			355	Tucson, Ariz.	373	Williamsport, Pa.
317	Salt Lake City-Ogden,	336	South Bend, Ind.			374	Wilmington, DelN.JMd.
	Utah	337	Spokane, Wash.	356	Tulsa, Okla.	375	Wilmington, N.C.
318	San Angelo, Tex.	338	Springfield, III.	357	Tuscaloosa, Ala.		
319	San Antonio, Tex.	339	Springfield, Mo.	358	Tyler, Tex.	376	Worcester, Mass.
320	San Diego, Calif.	340	Springfield, Ohio	359	Utica-Rome, N.Y.	377	Yakima, Wash.
				360	Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa,	378	York, Pa.
321	San Francisco-Oakland,	341	Springfield-Chicopee-	000	Calif.	379	Youngstown-Warren,
	Calif.		Holyoke, MassConn.			0.0	Ohio
322	San Jose, Calif.	342	Stamford, Conn.	361	Victoria, Tex.	380	Yuba City, Calif.

CENSUS TRACTS VII

APPENDIXES

Α.	Area Classifications	A-
В.	Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics	В-
C.	General Enumeration and Processing Procedures	C-
D.	Accuracy of the Data	D-
E.	Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages	E-
F.	Publication and Computer Tape Program	F-

Introduction

GENERAL	VIII
CONTENTS OF THE REPORT	VIII
SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC	
ABBREVIATIONS	IX
SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR	
CONFIDENTIALITY	IX
1970-1980 CENSUS TRACT	
COMPARABILITY	IX

GENERAL

This report is part of the *Census Tracts* series and presents demographic, social, economic, and housing statistics for census tracts from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The Census Tracts series consists of an individual report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) and for each State in which census tracts have been delineated outside SMSA's. A listing of all the reports in this series appears on pages v-vii. The abbreviated identification for each report is PHC80-2 (i.e., Population and Housing Census, 1980, Series 2), followed by a number designating the SMSA or State which the report covers.

In the SMSA reports, the tract data are summarized to the following larger levels of geography: the SMSA, each State portion of multi-State SMSA's, counties or county equivalents (SMSA county portions in New England), incorporated places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and most census designated places (CDP's) of 10,000 or more inhabitants. In the State reports, summaries are shown for the tracted portion of the State

outside SMSA's, counties or county equivalents (nonSMSA county portions in New England), incorporated places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and most CDP's of 10,000 or more inhabitants. For an explanation of CDP's not shown in the SMSA or State reports, see appendix A.

For census tracts which are split by the boundary of a place of 10,000 or more, the appropriate portion is shown within the place or balance of county, with the symbol "p" following the tract number. Totals for these "split" tracts appear at the end of the portion of each table for the relevant county.

The 1980 census figures presented here may differ from those shown in the Advance Reports, PHC80-V, and in the Public Law 94-171 redistricting data products. The changes reflect corrections of errors found after the PHC80-V reports and P.L. 94-171 materials were prepared. The changes may affect any geographic area shown in this report.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between 1980 census data and 1970 census data for most characteristics. Further information on comparability for specific subjects appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

CONTENTS OF THE REPORT

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, and 39 detailed tables. Information on changes in the boundaries of census tracts between 1970 and 1980 for the area covered in this report is shown at the end of this introduction. The tract comparability table shows 1970 components of 1980 tracts and 1980 components of 1970 tracts, as relevant, for (1) 1970 tracts that were split into two or more 1980 tracts; (2) 1970 tracts that were combined into new 1980 tracts; (3) 1970 tracts in areas with new tract numbering systems for 1980; and (4) those tracts with boundary changes between 1970 and 1980 that affected 100 or more persons. A census tract will not appear in the comparability tables if no change occurred between 1970 and 1980 or boundary revisions affected fewer than 100 persons and that was the only change that occurred to that

Tables P-1 through P-7 present data on general population characteristics based on tabulations of 100-percent data; tables P-8 through P-21 present data on social and economic characteristics based on sample tabulations. Tables H-1 through H-6 show 100-percent housing data and Tables H-7 through H-18 show sample housing data.

Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., incorporated places, standard metropolitan statistical areas). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and describes the editing procedures. Appendix E contains

a facsimile of the respondent instruction guide and the 1980 census questionnaire. Appendix F summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

Maps which show the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the area covered by this report are available for purchase but are not included with the report. State, county, county subdivision, and place names and boundaries are also shown on these maps.

SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "-" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individuals or housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- A "p" next to a tract number indicates a tract split by the boundary of a place of 10,000 or more.
- A "(pt.)" next to a place name indicates a place that is split by a county boundary.
- CDP is census designated place.

SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Bureau of the Census takes precautions to make sure that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Census Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of complete count (100-percent) data are as follows: counts of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed; other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 15 or more persons in the geographic area; counts of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when there are five or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; charac-

teristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least five occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least five and the number of renters is also at least five. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for sample data are 30 or more persons or 10 or more housing units of the specified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of scrutiny. This level requires the 15 (30) person or 5 (10) housing unit criterion be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction.

1970-1980 CENSUS TRACT COMPARABILITY

Census tract comparability tables are not provided in this report because the area was tracted for the first time for 1980.

Any corrections made after this report is printed are available by writing to Data User Services Division, Customer Services (Corrections), Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

Table P-1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

		SI	hosto County					Redding o	ity, Shosto C	ounty			
Census Tracts	The SMSA	Total	Redding city	Remoinder	Troct 0101	Troct 0102	Troct 0103°	Troct 0104	Tract 0105	Troct 0106°	Troct 0107°	Troct 0108°	Troct 0109°
AGE													
Total persons Under 5 years	115 715 8 495 8 594 9 620 10 467 8 946 18 863 14 531 11 644 11 721 8 520 4 314	115 715 8 495 8 594 9 620 10 467 8 946 18 863 14 531 11 644 11 721 8 520 4 314	41 995 3 039 2 784 3 075 3 839 4 193 7 310 4 826 4 026 3 860 3 119 1 924	73 720 5 456 5 810 6 545 6 628 4 753 11 553 9 705 7 618 7 861 5 401 2 390	1 650 64 45 52 129 229 287 143 128 187 188	2 126 111 89 105 139 181 275 172 245 302 319 188	2 782 193 159 240 315 249 412 410 345 259 139 61	3 513 265 237 252 301 335 648 376 340 331 295 133	3 821 230 164 199 341 477 585 331 365 340 407 382	4 202 325 277 301 418 349 739 523 441 422 266 141	4 179 230 197 226 362 553 783 422 397 444 411 154	1 317 91 85 75 166 220 256 146 107 96 50 25	2 845 223 206 258 243 279 477 333 295 260 190 81
3 ond 4 years	3 234 86 857 82 476 76 713 18 403 16 104 31.2	3 234 86 857 82 476 76 713 18 403 16 104 31.2	1 102 32 402 30 885 28 396 6 847 6 129 30.2	2 132 54 455 51 591 48 317 11 556 9 975 31.7	23 1 478 1 445 1 318 487 444 36.0	36 1 800 1 762 1 645 656 592 44.1	58 2 146 1 994 1 816 319 270 30.7	102 2 703 2 578 2 392 591 531 30.3	73 3 179 3 051 2 800 950 890 33.2	116 3 215 3 041 2 797 580 508 31.0	87 3 467 3 348 3 052 777 688 30.8	37 1 041 1 003 846 124 111 25.5	90 2 111 2 006 1 855 388 338 29.1
Female Under 5 years 5 to 9 years 10 to 14 years 15 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 65 to 74 years 75 years ond over	58 863 4 062 4 228 4 747 5 186 4 688 9 593 7 265 6 022 6 049 4 453 2 570	58 863 4 062 4 228 4 747 5 186 4 688 9 593 7 265 6 022 6 049 4 453 2 570	21 726 1 427 1 345 1 502 1 999 2 232 3 614 2 439 2 126 2 057 1 759 1 226	37 137 2 635 2 883 3 245 3 187 2 456 5 979 4 826 3 896 3 992 2 694 1 344	782 28 22 25 61 103 116 55 59 98 98	1 172 48 48 40 63 96 132 98 142 169 211	1 402 86 75 113 178 125 200 210 184 133 67 31	1 785 127 110 127 148 173 316 179 188 176 166 75	2 095 112 84 97 199 255 275 177 184 195 245 272	2 168 162 133 149 219 190 379 254 238 208 159 77	2 219 107 95 124 200 313 385 217 212 248 219 99	653 48 35 35 99 105 122 63 56 51 23 16	1 468 101 101 130 117 157 243 170 159 127 105 58
3 ond 4 years 16 years ond over 18 years ond over 21 years ond over 60 years ond over 62 years ond over Medion	1 538 44 764 42 620 39 683 9 855 8 650 31.7	1 538 44 764 42 620 39 683 9 855 8 650 31.7	519 17 083 16 314 14 976 3 952 3 561 31.2	1 019 27 681 26 306 24 707 5 903 5 089 32.0	8 702 691 627 268 246 41.5	18 1 025 1 012 952 427 386 49.8	27 1 102 1 013 917 169 133 31.4	48 1 394 1 332 1 242 327 296 31.1	40 1 772 1 696 1 548 615 584 36.3	53 1 675 1 581 1 458 328 291 31.2	34 1 861 1 805 1 631 433 384 31.3	18 522 501 402 63 57 25.2	40 1 108 1 063 986 210 185 30.2
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP													
Total persons In householder	114 541 43 014 32 253 10 761 8 745 27 387 40 073 4 067 754 420 2.66 3.09	115 715 114 541 43 014 32 253 10 761 8 745 27 387 40 073 4 067 754 420 2.66 3.09	41 995 41 287 16 786 11 205 5 581 4 415 9 039 13 369 2 093 573 135 2.46 3.00	73 720 73 254 26 228 21 048 5 180 4 330 18 348 26 704 1 974 181 285 2,79 3,14	1 650 1 431 860 290 570 504 206 270 95 119 100 1.66 2.64	2 126 2 126 1 078 585 493 436 468 480 100 	2 782 2 763 1 008 776 232 164 666 953 136 19 -	3 513 3 454 1 406 978 428 344 784 1 105 159 33 26 2.46 2.93	3 821 3 613 1 687 920 767 625 692 989 245 201 7	4 202 4 199 1 639 1 176 463 370 986 1 411 163 3 - 2.56 3.04	4 179 4 172 1 979 1 114 865 674 893 1 030 270 5 2 2.11 2.73	1 317 1 311 570 325 245 162 250 371 120 6 - 2.30 2.91	2 845 2 845 1 076 807 269 197 638 998 133 — — 2.64 3.03
Persons 65 years and over In households	12 834 12 301 8 220 3 464 3 328 3 144 753 184 428 105	12 834 12 301 8 220 3 464 3 328 3 144 753 184 428 105	5 043 4 612 3 199 1 575 1 519 1 106 232 75 357 74	7 791 7 689 5 021 1 889 1 809 2 038 521 109 71 31	386 317 263 201 197 40 9 5 -	507 507 374 220 211 109 17 7	200 200 127 36 32 61 9 3	428 414 283 119 117 107 20 4 10	789 601 434 245 233 138 20 9 187	407 407 261 117 110 110 25 11 -	565 565 394 178 174 145 17 9	75 69 47 16 16 14 7	271 271 179 92 86 65 19 8 -
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN Families	32 253	32 253	11 205	21 048	290	585	776	978	920	1 176	1 114	325	807
With own children under 18 years Number of own children under 18 years	16 288 30 494	16 288 30 494	5 644 10 150	10 644 20 344	107 168	200 324	400 703	471 843	390 663	595 1 077	451 755	160 276	429 775
Married-couple families With own children under 18 years Number of own children under 18 years	27 387 12 942 24 783	27 387 12 942 24 783	9 039 4 129 7 625	18 348 8 813 17 158	206 59 92	468 127 205	666 322 576	784 337 627	6 92 250 456	986 464 861	893 304 523	250 108 194	638 292 536
Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 years Number of own children under 18 years	3 744 2 701 4 702	3 744 2 701 4 702	1 73 1 1 265 2 145	2 013 1 436 2 557	68 45 71	100 67 113	8 5 62 104	161 116 190	191 124 188	1 52 107 177	188 131 206	48 36 61	136 117 212
MARITAL STATUS				2 557								-	
Mole, 15 years and over Single	43 180 10 047 28 158 769 930 3 276	43 180 10 047 28 158 769 930 3 276	15 645 4 083 9 325 372 362 1 503	27 535 5 964 18 833 397 568 1 773	782 260 244 44 58 176	785 180 472 25 30 78	1 062 269 683 12 13 85	1 338 346 800 32 30 130	1 426 454 737 30 46 159	1 575 387 1 010 30 27 121	1 633 446 926 47 34 180	531 173 258 23 5 72	1 022 236 651 23 25 87
Female, 15 years and over Single Now morried, except separated Separated Widowed Oivorced	45 826 7 631 28 142 1 066 4 644 4 343	45 826 7 631 28 142 1 066 4 644 4 343	17 452 3 377 9 313 502 2 139 2 121	28 374 4 254 18 829 564 2 505 2 222	707 156 218 30 170 133	1 036 132 482 37 254 131	1 128 236 684 19 69 120	1 421 254 799 34 151 183	1 802 406 726 62 378 230	1 724 320 1 012 53 163 176	1 893 442 921 56 206 268	535 164 259 11 36 65	1 136 200 650 44 104 138

Table P-1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1980—Con.

[For meaning af symbols, see Intraduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Communa Transfer			Reddir	ng city, Shasta	County—Con					Remainder	of Shasta C	ounty	
Census Tracts	Tract 0110	Troct 0111p	Tract 0112°	Tract 0113°	Tract 0114 ^p	Tract 0116°	Tract 0117°	Tract 0123°	Tract 0103°	Tract 0106	Tract 0107°	Tract 0108p	Tract 0109°
AGE													
Total persons Under 5 years	3 122 237 250 235 268 241 540 408 320 283 220 120	1 393 97 83 114 125 104 233 171 187 178 73 28	251 259 262 318 355 526 367 288 250 158 236	372 372 372 424 426 397 831 569 381 333 305 140	2 620 294 299 282 219 178 622 376 135 120 71 24	605 56 62 50 69 46 96 79 52 55 27	-	-	21 - 2 2 2 2 - - 3 1 3 3 5	1 166 58 90 104 117 83 178 176 136 111 82 31	501 19 11 24 18 21 46 31 50 112 122 47	3 024 218 219 229 315 237 449 369 320 355 230 83	404 16 18 30 41 29 57 54 48 88 37 16
3 and 4 years	89 2 340 2 217 2 081 468 414 31.1	36 1 075 1 018 952 166 143 32.1	86 2 446 2 326 2 099 520 466 28.3	132 3 290 3 105 2 881 595 544 28.5	117 1 693 1 597 1 500 153 134 25.6	20 418 394 362 73 56 27.0	-	-	- 17 15 15 8 8 8	21 895 836 781 165 144 32.6	6 443 437 425 233 209 58.4	81 2 305 2 205 1 984 485 412 31.4	8 332 316 290 79 69 37.4
Femole Under 5 years 5 ta 9 years 10 ta 14 years 15 ta 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 ta 34 years 35 ta 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 ta 64 years 65 to 74 years 75 years ond aver	1 553 110 126 104 138 118 268 203 159 149 114 64	709 57 46 53 62 50 113 88 95 96 33	1 732 109 116 125 149 207 280 196 151 141 91	2 373 183 179 215 222 212 427 289 209 176 175 86	1 324 133 148 137 110 105 310 198 65 64 37	291 16 27 28 34 23 48 42 25 26 16		-	11 - 1 1 - - 2 - 1 3 2	574 34 49 48 54 45 88 86 60 58 41	286 13 6 15 14 15 18 17 28 67 71	- 1 542 117 108 110 164 123 222 188 166 187 111 46	202 8 12 13 16 11 29 29 26 33 18 7
3 and 4 years	42 1 183 1 121 1 050 245 215 31.5	18 542 513 481 81 68 32.3	39 1 356 1 305 1 189 326 298 30.5	70 1 753 1 651 1 528 338 314 29.1	59 881 831 781 83 73 25.8	5 207 199 184 39 31 27.9	-	- - - - -	9 8 8 5 5 5	12 435 408 382 73 66 31.7	3 250 245 234 133 119 58.3	43 1 182 1 127 1 011 247 213 31.4	4 165 157 150 40 36 39.6
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP	3 122	1 393	3 270	4 550	2 620	605			01	1 144	501	2 004	404
Total persons In hausehalds Hausehalder Family householder Nonfamily householder Living alane Spause Other relatives Nanrelatives Inmate af institution Other, in graup quarters	3 122 1 180 864 316 261 744 1 048 150	1 373 1 393 487 406 81 52 365 488 53	3 075 1 171 872 299 218 649 1 122 153 175	4 538 1 637 1 245 392 298 983 1 705 213	2 620 803 688 115 78 578 1 159 80	605 205 159 46 32 137 240 23		-	21 21 8 7 1 1 7 6 - -	1 166 1 166 415 337 78 66 298 424 29	501 501 248 173 75 72 157 90 6	3 024 2 915 1 065 858 207 168 768 990 92 —	404 404 160 123 37 28 110 118 16
Persons per hausehald Persons per family	2.65 3.07	2.86 3.10	2.64 3.03	2.77 3.16	3.26 3.52	2.95 3.37	Ξ	-	2.63 2.86	2.81 3.14	2.02 2.43	2.74 3.05	2.53 2.85
Persons 65 years and over In households	340 340 233 104 101 77 19 11 -	101 101 65 18 18 27 9 -	394 240 153 64 63 66 18 3 154	445 445 297 135 131 116 28 4 —	95 95 57 15 15 23 15 —	40 40 32 15 15 8 - -	-	-	8 8 1 1 1 1 4	113 113 67 17 17 31 13 2	169 169 105 40 39 56 7	313 313 203 65 62 82 21 7	53 53 34 6 6 17 -
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN													
Fomilies With awn children under 18 years Number af awn children under 18 years	864 444 822	406 191 347	872 502 8 7 5	1 245 711 1 350	688 497 976	159 96 196	=	-	7 3 6	337 162 300	1 73 32 62	858 391 742	123 49 81
Morried-couple families With awn children under 18 years Number af own children under 18 years	744 358 678	365 165 298	649 339 609	983 516 1 002	578 409 813	137 79 155	<u>-</u>	-	7 3 6	298 141 268	157 29 58	768 334 649	110 41 72
Femole householder, no husband present With awn children under 18 years Number af awn children under 18 years	92 68 110	27 16 35	176 134 219	206 158 289	86 71 137	15 13 33	=	-	= =	27 15 25	12 2 2	66 45 74	8 7 8
MARITAL STATUS													
Mole, 15 years ond over	1 187 276 759 29 24 99	546 126 373 9 9 29	1 116 301 681 25 24 85	1 586 398 1 002 29 30 127	839 176 590 10 4 59	217 55 139 4 3 16	- - - -		8 1 7 - -	471 114 309 9 10 29	195 17 159 4 6 9	1 151 265 784 18 14 70	171 49 111 3 1
Femole, 15 years and over Single Naw married, except separated Separated Widawed Oivorced	1 213 189 758 34 123 109	553 90 377 8 39 39	1 382 254 686 48 214 180	1 796 339 1 006 45 170 236	906 153 596 16 49 92	220 42 139 5 13 21	- - - - -	- - - - -	9 2 7 - 	443 76 309 6 30 22	252 25 160 4 42 21	1 207 232 784 14 99 78	169 25 111 5 12 16

Table P-1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1980—Con.

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Remainder af Shasta County—Con.											
Census Tracts	Tract 0110°	Tract 0111°	Tract 0112°	Tract 0113°	Tract 0114°	Tract 0115	Tract 0116°	Tract 0117º	Tract 0118	Tract 0119	Tract 0120	Tract 0121	Tract 0122
AGE .													
Total persons Under 5 years	2 374 201 230 213 193 118 472 351 233 204 123 36		32 1 3 2 1 7 5 6 2 2	13	1 812 114 174 216 227 77 291 334 218 101 46 14	4 952 320 335 457 473 336 688 695 565 562 386 135	2 501 168 166 196 181 174 390 313 266 283 244 120	6 130 472 481 463 501 524 1 027 677 565 641 520 259	5 458 358 415 498 476 325 864 803 642 612 337 128	3 804 223 341 427 141 506 713 447 339 169 71	4 184 483 404 359 397 444 716 402 319 292 229 139	4 480 337 298 388 399 341 569 505 411 547 458 227	4 152 285 312 380 408 229 585 559 474 463 306 151
3 and 4 years	73 1 693 1 598 1 512 241 198 30.4	- - - - -	1 24 23 23 3 3 3 3		59 1 256 1 158 1 068 103 86 30.2	126 3 742 3 533 3 287 800 691 32.9	68 1 928 1 856 1 758 504 433 33.9	176 4 608 4 390 4 138 1 100 975 30.4	152 4 092 3 870 3 647 760 616 32.8	86 2 709 2 523 2 353 381 318 32.6	179 2 859 2 696 2 450 494 436 25.1	116 3 377 3 206 2 998 967 851 33.1	116 3 083 2 905 2 713 685 593 33.1
Female Under 5 years 5 ta 9 years 10 to 14 years 15 ta 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 ta 34 years 35 ta 44 years 45 ta 54 years 55 to 64 years 65 ta 74 years 75 years and over	1 197 104 106 106 91 56 255 167 117 115 60 20	-	17 1 2 1 - 1 3 3 2 2 2 2		903 56 103 109 99 33 153 175 95 51 20	2 488 138 167 230 223 178 342 370 291 280 196 73	1 250 76 82 106 82 84 196 158 133 153 123 57	3 086 218 234 236 247 257 507 340 313 330 266 138	2 706 169 184 246 221 173 452 395 336 308 155 67	1 890 98 148 200 214 65 294 354 217 165 83 52	2 244 231 219 183 217 255 382 216 177 149 135 80	2 333 152 139 197 210 175 291 266 228 288 249 138	2 126 154 155 184 211 110 309 290 238 221 162 92
3 and 4 years 16 years and aver 18 years and aver 21 years and aver 60 years and aver 62 years and aver	35 865 818 784 126 101 30.4	- - - -	1 13 13 13 3 3 42.5		24 611 572 534 46 37 30.5	61 1 898 1 810 1 690 408 354 33.7	30 964 932 890 251 213 34.9	80 2 346 2 238 2 111 566 498 31.0	77 2 066 1 965 1 855 351 279 33.2	32 1 398 1 307 1 214 201 165 33.2	91 1 570 1 484 1 336 283 257 25.4	49 1 802 1 707 1 608 538 469 35.1	66 1 592 1 498 1 396 363 319 33.2
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP				•									
Total persons In hauseholds Householder Family hausehalder Nonfamily househalder Living alane Spause Other relatives Nanrelatives Inmate af institution Other, in group quarters Persans per hausehald Persons per family	2 374 2 374 808 682 126 105 605 911 50 —	-	32 32 12 9 3 2 8 10 2 - - 2.67 3.00	13	1 812 1 812 554 487 67 48 436 793 29 - 3.27 3.52	4 952 4 950 1 742 1 469 273 230 1 310 1 778 120 2 2.84 3.10	2 501 2 493 964 727 237 189 622 807 100 7 1 1 2.59 2.97	6 130 6 100 2 315 1 706 609 501 1 411 2 133 241 30 - 2.63 3.08	5 458 5 444 1 921 1 594 327 267 1 442 1 956 125 4 10 2.83 3.13	3 804 3 804 1 186 1 048 138 112 963 1 593 62 3.21 3.44	4 184 4 176 1 511 1 141 370 301 812 1 691 162 6 2 2.76 3.19	4 480 4 480 1 717 1 310 407 370 1 081 1 573 109 - - 2.61 3.03	4 152 4 133 1 472 1 172 300 258 1 014 1 529 118 15 4 2.81 3.17
Persons 65 years and aver In hauseholds	159 105 42 39 36	-	2 2 2 1 1 - -		60 60 36 9 8 18 6 - -	521 521 331 105 101 156 32 2 -	364 357 227 88 79 98 22 10 7	779 759 504 228 218 193 47 15 20	465 465 298 92 89 121 39 7	240 240 142 49 48 60 34 4 —	368 360 254 125 121 77 26 3 6	685 685 472 199 193 175 30 8	457 451 297 135 126 112 32 10 6
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN	682	_	9	4	487	1 469	727	1 706	1 594	1 048	1 141	1 310	1 172
With own children under 18 years Number af own children under 18 years Married-couple families	394 749 605	<u>-</u>	3 8 8	1 3	326 631 436	683 1 289 1 310	323 594 622	822 1 541 1 411	775 1 471 1 442	616 1 209 963	723 1 363 812	611 1 167 1 081	587 1 143 1 014
With own children under 18 years Number af awn children under 18 years Female householder, no husband present With awn children under 18 years	343 661 58 41	=	3 8 1		284 546 34 33	585 1 121 121 78	254 469 77 55	637 1 231 222 144	681 1 301 116 72	565 1 121 59 36	454 882 282 237	454 880 188 134	473 950 120 89
Number of own children under 18 years MARITAL STATUS	72	Ξ	=		70	140	101	245	132	62	425	252	155
Male, 15 years and over Single Now married, except separated Separated Widawed Divarced	849 166 613 9 10 51	-	12 4 8 - -		673 173 448 5 - 47	1 887 414 1 332 17 32 92	985 223 637 15 25 85	2 316 523 1 470 45 77 201	2 080 427 1 474 24 39 116	1 369 312 983 12 16 46	1 327 304 835 34 26 128	1 612 329 1 098 29 31 125	1 542 331 1 045 15 34 117
Female, 15 years and over Single	881 131 613 12 66 59	- - - - -	13 1 8 - 3 1		635 112 448 16 14 45	1 953 293 1 334 30 150 146	986 123 633 20 98 112	2 398 349 1 467 59 266 257	2 107 316 1 480 29 157 125	1 444 279 990 16 92 67	1 611 267 836 79 152 277	1 845 269 1 107 40 243 186	1 633 233 1 051 40 174 135

Table P-1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1980—Con.

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

		Remoinder o	f Shasto Coun	ty—Con.				Totols fo	or split trocts	in Shosto Co	unty		
Census Tracts	Troct 0123°	Troct 0124	Troct 0125	Trac† 01 26	Troct 0127	Tract 0103	Troct 0106	Troct 0107	Troct 0108	Troct 0109	Troct 0110	Troct 0111	Troct 0112
AGE													
Tatal persons Under 5 years 5 to 9 years 10 to 14 yeors 15 to 19 years 20 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 yeors 55 to 64 yeors 65 to 74 years 75 years ond over	9 295 705 815 916 818 506 1 523 1 250 956 955 597 254	3 101 207 227 270 293 195 572 416 304 291 216 110	81 94 122 114 87 271 167 179 284 202 68	6 784 494 516 597 543 330 1 106 887 727 840 534 210	7 863 695 658 651 683 552 1 233 995 749 806 556 285	2 803 193 161 242 317 249 412 413 346 262 142 66	5 368 383 367 405 535 432 917 699 577 533 348 172	249 208 250 380 574 829 453 447 556 533 201	4 341 309 304 304 481 457 705 515 427 451 280 108	3 249 239 224 288 284 308 534 387 343 318 227 97	5 496 438 480 448 461 359 1 012 759 553 487 343 156	1 393 97 83 114 125 104 233 171 187 178 73 28	3 302 252 262 265 320 356 533 372 294 252 160 236
3 and 4 yeors	300 6 648 6 300 5 944 1 308 1 120 31.1	75 2 338 2 210 2 065 468 406 31.2	43 1 348 1 296 1 235 405 351 38.6	180 5 048 4 814 4 562 1 138 974 33.3	265 5 699 5 393 5 059 1 226 1 079 30.7	58 2 163 2 009 1 831 327 278 30.8	137 4 110 3 877 3 578 745 652 31.3	93 3 910 3 785 3 477 1 010 897 32.6	118 3 346 3 208 2 830 609 523 28.8	98 2 443 2 322 2 145 467 407 30.1	162 4 033 3 815 3 593 709 612 30.8	36 1 075 1 018 952 166 143 32.1	87 2 470 2 349 2 122 523 469 28.4
Female	4 711 342 409 453 392 279 818 616 479 480 282 161	1 471 95 111 139 124 92 276 188 140 143 108 55	813 40 45 66 51 42 132 78 96 144 87	3 327 247 264 274 240 180 572 413 375 411 248 103	3 952 341 338 328 316 281 637 475 378 406 273 179	1 413 86 76 114 179 125 200 212 184 134 70 33	2 742 196 182 197 273 235 467 340 298 266 200 88	2 505 120 101 139 214 328 403 234 240 315 290 121	2 195 165 143 145 263 228 344 251 222 238 134 62	1 670 109 113 143 133 168 272 199 185 160 123 65	2 750 214 232 210 229 174 523 370 276 264 174 84	709 57 46 53 62 50 113 88 95 96 33	1 749 110 118 126 149 208 283 199 153 143 93 167
3 ond 4 years 16 years ond over 18 years ond over 21 years ond over 60 years ond over 62 years ond over Medion	153 3 404 3 240 3 064 672 577 31.0	28 1 103 1 042 984 229 198 31.6	21 652 627 598 181 149 37.9	87 2 483 2 376 2 265 540 457 33.1	121 2 867 2 726 2 574 646 573 30.9	27 1 111 1 021 925 174 138 31.5	65 2 110 1 989 1 840 401 357 31.3	37 2 111 2 050 1 865 566 503 33.1	61 1 704 1 628 1 413 310 270 28.4	1 273 1 220 1 136 250 221 31.1	77 2 048 1 939 1 834 371 316 30.9	18 542 513 481 81 68 32.3	1 369 1 318 1 202 329 301 30.6
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP	9 295	3 101	1 669	6 784	7 863	2 803	5 368	4 680	4 341	3 249	5 496	1 393	3 302
Total persons In households	9 252 3 127 2 651 476 395 2 323 3 600 202 34 9	3 009 1 118 837 281 235 742 1 C57 92 61 31 2.69 3.15	1 669 677 507 170 136 461 473 58 - - 2.47 2.84	6 759 2 440 1 982 458 394 1 798 2 351 170 24 1 2.77 3.09	7 747 2 762 2 224 538 450 1 977 2 818 190 - 116 2.80 3.16	2 784 1 016 783 233 165 673 959 136 19 - 2.74 3.08	5 365 2 054 1 513 541 436 1 284 1 835 192 3 - 2.61 3.06	4 673 2 227 1 287 940 746 1 050 1 120 276 5 2 2.10 2.69	4 226 1 635 1 183 452 330 1 018 1 361 212 6 109 2.58 3.01	3 249 1 236 930 306 225 748 1 116 149 - - 2.63 3.00	5 496 1 988 1 546 442 366 1 349 1 959 200 - - 2.76 3.14	1 393 487 406 81 52 365 488 53 — — 2.86 3.10	3 127 1 183 881 302 220 657 1 132 155 175 -
Persons 65 years and over In households	851 818 519 158 152 219 70 10 32	326 326 223 98 96 80 18 5	270 270 178 56 52 84 7 1	744 744 475 159 153 207 57 5	841 813 543 215 207 211 45 14	208 208 131 37 33 65 9 3 -	520 520 328 134 127 141 38 13	734 734 499 218 213 201 24 10	388 382 250 81- 78- 96- 28 -8-	324 324 213 98 92 82 19 10	499 499 338 146 140 113 34 14	101 101 65 18 18 27 9 -	396 242 155 65 64 66 18 3 154
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN	2 651	837	507	1 982	2 224	783	1 513	1 287	1 183	930	1 546	406	881
With own children under 18 yeors Number of own children under 18 yeors	1 436 2 781	412 802	183 318	941 1 792	2 293	403 709	757 1 377	483 817	551 1 018	478 856	838 1 571	191 347	505 883
Married-couple families With own children under 18 yeors Number of own children under 18 yeors	2 323 1 216 2 420	742 359 726	461 155 273	1 798 810 1 554	1 977 992 1 962	673 325 582	1 284 605 1 129	1 050 333 581	1 018 442 843	748 333 608	1 349 701 1 339	365 165 298	657 342 617
Female househalder, na husband present With own children under 18 yeors Number of own children under 18 yeors	230 163 274	62 32 49	26 18 30	117 94 173	186 140 266	85 62 104	179 122 202	200 133 208	114 81 135	144 124 220	150 109 182	27 16 35	177 134 219
MARITAL STATUS Male, 15 years and over Single Now morried, except separated Separated Widowed Divorced Female, 15 years and aver	3 352 648 2 375 51 56 222 3 507	1 271 332 789 23 34 93	710 147 476 14 15 58	2 635 554 1 837 39 68 137 2 542	2 914 630 2 040 31 73 140	1 070 270 690 12 13 85	2 046 501 1 319 39 37 150 2 167	1 828 463 1 085 51 40 189	1 682 438 1 042 41 19 142	1 193 285 762 26 26 94	2 036 442 1 372 38 34 150	546 126 373 9 9 29	1 128 305 689 25 24 85
Single Now morried, except seporated Separoted Widowed Divorced	506 2 374 65 307 255	181 764 12 96 73	81 473 10 51 47	347 1 847 40 173 135	405 2 030 67 280 163	238 691 19 69 120	396 1 321 59 193 198	467 1 081 60 248 289	396 1 043 25 135 143	225 761 49 116 154	320 1 371 46 189 168	90 377 8 39 39	255 694 48 217 181

Table P-1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1980—Con.

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

Control Toronto		Totals for split tro	octs in Shasto County—Con.		
Census Tracts	Tract 0113	Tract 0114	Troct 0116	Troct 0117	Troct 0123
AGE					
Total persons Under 5 years 5 to 9 years 10 to 14 years 15 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 65 to 74 years 75 years ond over	4 563 373 373 424 426 400 834 569 383 333 307 141	4 432 408 473 498 446 255 913 710 353 221 117 38	3 106 224 228 246 250 220 486 392 318 338 271	6 130 472 481 463 501 524 1 027 677 565 641 520 259	9 295 705 815 916 818 506 1 523 1 250 956 955 597 254
3 ond 4 years	133 3 301 3 116 2 891 598 547 28.5	176 2 949 2 755 2 568 256 220 26.9	88 2 346 2 250 2 120 577 489 32.7	176 4 608 4 390 4 138 1 100 975 30.4	300 6 648 6 300 5 944 1 308 1 120
Female Under 5 years 5 to 9 years 10 to 14 years 15 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 65 to 74 years 75 years ond over	2 381 184 180 215 222 213 430 289 210 176 176 86	2 227 189 251 246 209 138 463 373 160 115 57 26	1 541 92 109 134 116 107 244 200 158 179 139 63	3 086 218 234 236 247 257 507 340 313 330 266 138	4 711 342 409 453 392 279 818 616 479 480 282 161
3 ond 4 years 16 years and over 18 years ond over 21 years ond over 60 years ond over 62 years ond over Medion	71 1 759 1 657 1 534 339 315	83 1 492 1 403 1 315 129 110 27.0	35 1 171 1 131 1 074 290 244 33.3	80 2 346 2 238 2 111 566 498 31.0	153 3 404 3 240 3 064 672 577 31.0
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP	4.570	4.400	,		
Total persons In households	4 563 4 551 1 643 1 249 394 300 986 1 708 214	4 432 4 432 1 357 1 175 182 126 1 014 1 952 109	3 106 3 098 1 169 886 283 221 759 1 047 123 7	6 130 6 100 2 315 1 706 609 501 1 411 2 133 241 30	9 295 9 252 3 127 2 651 476 3955 2 323 3 600 202 34
Persons per household Persons per family	2.77 3.16	3.27 3.52	2.65 3.04	2.63 3.08	2.96 3.23
Persons 65 years and over	448 448 299 136 132 117 28 4	155 155 93 24 23 41 21 -	404 397 259 103 94 106 22 10 7	779 759 504 228 218 193 47 15 20	851 818 519 158 152 219 70 10 32
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN					
With own children under 18 years Number of own children under 18 years	1 249 712 1 352	1 175 823 1 607	886 419 790	1 706 822 1 541	2 651 1 436 2 781
Married-couple families With own children under 18 years Number of own children under 18 years	986 516 1 002	1 014 693 1 359	759 333 624	1 411 637 1 231	2 323 1 216 2 420
Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 years Number of own children under 18 years	207 159 291	120 104 207	92 68 134	222 144 245	230 163 274
MARITAL STATUS	271	207	134	243	2/4
Male, 15 years and over	1 591 399 1 005 29 31 127	1 512 349 1 038 15 4 106	1 202 278 776 19 28 101	2 316 523 1 470 45 77 201	3 352 648 2 375 51 56 222
Female, 15 years and over Single	1 802 340 1 009 45 170 238	1 541 265 1 044 32 63 137	1 206 165 772 25 111 133	2 398 349 1 467 59 266 257	3 507 506 2 374 65 307 255

Table P-2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Census Tracts [400 or More White Persons and	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	auction. For definitions of ferms, see C	Shasta County	
400 or More of a Specified Racial Group]	The SMSA	Total	Redding city	Remainder
AGE				
Total persons Under 5 years 5 ta 9 years 10 ta 14 years 15 to 19 years 20 ta 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 65 to 74 years 75 years and aver	110 697 7 953 8 103 9 058 9 880 8 452 17 978 13 977 11 297 11 426 8 351 4 222	110 697 7 953 8 103 9 058 9 880 8 452 17 978 13 977 11 297 11 426 8 351 4 222	40 229 2 844 2 641 2 901 3 630 3 976 6 999 4 637 3 906 3 739 3 066 1 890	70 468 5 109 5 462 6 157 6 250 4 476 10 979 9 340 7 391 7 687 5 285 2 332
3 and 4 years	3 027 83 549 79 418 73 987 18 014 15 774	3 027 83 549 79 418 73 987 18 014 15 774	1 027 31 184 29 757 27 396 6 704 6 007 30.6	2 000 52 365 49 661 46 591 11 310 9 767 32.2
Female	56 371 3 800 3 994 4 467 4 920 4 439 9 173 6 975 5 823 5 892 4 367 2 521	56 371 3 800 3 994 4 467 4 920 4 439 9 173 6 975 5 823 5 892 4 367 2 521	20 858 1 338 1 283 1 417 1 897 2 117 3 468 2 350 2 054 1 995 1 732 1 207	35 513 2 462 2 711 3 050 3 023 2 322 5 705 4 625 3 769 3 897 2 635 1 314
3 ond 4 years	1 437 43 099 41 073 38 291 9 646 8 476	1 437 43 099 41 073 38 291 9 646 8 476 32.1	488 16 472 15 747 14 473 3 878 3 499 31.5	949 26 627 25 326 23 818 5 768 4 977 32.4
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP	110 407	110 (07	40.000	70.440
Total persons In hauseholds Hauseholder Family hauseholder Nanfomily hauseholder Living alane Spause Other relatives Nonrelatives Inmate af institutian Other, in graup quorters Persons per hausehold Persans per family	110 697 109 665 41 577 31 152 10 425 8 492 26 506 37 801 3 781 691 341 2.65 3.07	110 697 109 665 41 577 31 152 10 425 8 492 26 506 37 801 3 781 691 341 2.65 3.07	40 229 39 563 16 194 10 793 5 401 4 285 8 766 12 639 1 964 535 131 2.44 2.98	70 468 70 102 25 383 20 359 5 024 4 207 17 740 25 162 1 817 156 210 2.77 3.12
Persons 65 years and over In hausehalds	12 573 12 048 8 056 3 392 3 261 3 096 721 175 420 105	12 573 12 048 8 056 3 392 3 261 3 096 721 175 420 105	4 956 4 528 3 140 1 545 1 491 1 093 224 71 355 74	7 617 7 520 4 916 1 847 1 770 2 003 497 104 66
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN				
Families	31 152 15 574 28 838	31 152 15 574 28 838	10 793 5 381 9 609	20 359 10 193 19 229
Married-couple families With awn children under 18 years Number af awn children under 18 years	26 569 12 427 23 592	26 569 12 427 23 592	8 750 3 956 7 285	17 819 8 471 16 307
Female householder, na husband present With awn children under 18 years Number af awn children under 18 years	3 534 2 550 4 321	3 534 2 550 4 321	1 629 1 189 1 963	1 905 1 361 2 358
MARITAL STATUS Male, 15 years and aver	41 473	41 473	15 023	26 450
Single	9 421 27 271 736 893 3 152	9 421 27 271 736 893 3 152	3 852 9 019 358 351 1 443	5 559 18 252 378 542 1 709
Female, 15 years and over Single	44 110 7 222 27 206 997 4 514 4 171	44 110 7 222 27 206 997 4 514 4 171	16 820 3 201 9 018 471 2 095 2 035	27 290 4 021 18 188 526 2 419 2 136

Table P-3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

Census Tracts		Shosto County					
[400 or More Black Persons]	The SMSA	Totol	Redding city	Remoinder			
AGE							
Tatal persons Under 5 years 5 to 9 years 10 to 14 years 15 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 65 to 74 years 675 years ond over	723 71 62 94 85 57 82 67 62 76 39 28	723 71 62 94 85 57 82 67 62 76 39 28	482 55 33 52 60 47 54 50 39 52 24	241 16 29 42 25 10 28 17 23 24 15			
3 ond 4 years	27 480 439 400 100 86 24.2	27 480 439 400 100 86 24.2	18 331 303 272 61 52 24.0	9 149 136 128 39 34			
Female	339 29 26 42 39 26 37 30 38 38 35 21	339 29 26 42 39 26 37 30 38 35 21	223 24 13 19 30 22 24 21 25 22 14	116 5 13 23 9 4 13 13 13 7			
3 ond 4 years 16 years ond over 18 years ond over 21 years ond over 60 years ond over 62 years ond over Medion	8 233 214 198 51 46 27.3	8 233 214 198 51 46 27.3	4 159 146 132 30 27 26.2	4 74 68 66 21 19 30.0			
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP		===					
Total persons In households	723 696 234 175 59 50 104 309 49 23	723 696 234 175 59 50 104 309 49 23 4	482 463 166 120 46 37 65 195 37 19 -	241 233 68 55 13 13 39 114 12 4			
Persons per fomily Persons 65 years and over In households	3.41 67 66 44 18 17 14 7	3.41 67 66 44 18 17 14 7 1	3.33 40 39 26 14 13 7 5 1	3.60 27 27 18 4 4 7			
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN							
Families	175 105 224	175 105 - 224	120 70 136	55 35 88			
Married-couple families With own children under 18 yeors Number of own children under 18 years	119 63 134	119 63 134	75 37 69	44 26 65			
Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 years Number of own children under 18 years	46 33 75	46 33 75	38 27 58	8 6 17			
MARITAL STATUS				.,			
Male, 15 years and over	. 254 89 132 8 5 20	254 89 132 8 5 20	175 64 83 7 5	79 25 49 1 -			
Female, 15 years and over Single Now morried, except separated Separated Widowed Divorced	242 62 107 19 25 29	242 62 107 19 25 29	167 47 67 14 16 23	75 15 40 5 9 6			

Table P-4. General Characteristics of American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut Persons: 1980

[For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Census Tracts			Shasta County	
[400 or More American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut Persons]	The SMSA	Total	Redding city	Remainder
AGE				
Total persons Under 5 years	2 630 262 282 316 325 248 420 290 184 147 105	2 630 262 282 316 325 248 420 290 184 147 105	718 69 68 71 85 97 125 80 43 42 24	1 912 193 214 245 240 151 295 210 141 105 81
3 and 4 years	93 1 701 1 566 1 387 221 188 22.4	93 1 701 1 566 1 387 221 188 22.4	31 494 458 406 58 51	62 1 207 1 108 981 163 137 21.8
Femole	1 356 117 136 155 157 137 211 163 111 87 54	1 356 117 136 155 157 137 211 163 111 87 54	367 25 27 35 43 57 61 41 29 28 11	989 92 109 120 114 80 150 122 82 59 43 18
3 and 4 years	43 917 846 758 123 100 23.8	43 917 846 758 123 100 23.8	12 272 252 224 33 27 24.7	31 645 594 534 90 73 23.0
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP				
Total persons In hauseholds	2 630 2 594 737 568 169 128 442 1 267 148 300 6	2 630 2 594 737 568 169 128 442 1 267 148 30 6	718 702 238 163 75 53 111 302 51 12 4 2.85 3.42	1 912 1 892 499 405 94 75 331 965 97 18 2 3.38 3.76
Persons 65 years ond over In households	156 151 96 43 40 31 18 6 5	156 151 96 43 40 31 18 6 5	- 38 37 27 13 12 6 1 3	118 114 69 30 28 25 17 3 4
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN				
Families	568 361 894 392 238	568 361 894 392 238	163 103 228 107 61	405 258 666 285 177
Number of own children under 18 years Femole householder, no husbond present With own children under 18 years Number of own children under 18 years		609 135 96 231	132 49 36 89	477 86 60 142
MARITAL STATUS				
Male, 15 years and over Single	15 24 72	822 301 410 15 24 72	230 85 108 3 5 29	592 216 302 12 19 43
Female, 15 years and aver Single Now married, except separated Separated Widawed Divarced	234	948 234 477 37 82 118	280 79 119 13 23 46	668 155 358 24 59 72

Table P-5. General Characteristics of Asian and Pacific Islander Persons: 1980

[Excludes "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups identified in sample tabulations. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

Census Tracts		Shosto County						
[400 or More Asian and Pacific Islander Persons]	The SMSA	Ŧotal	Redding city	Remoinder				
AGE								
Total persons Under 5 years 5 to 9 years 10 to 14 years 15 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 65 to 74 years 75 years ond over	516 53 36 42 53 57 122 63 51 25 8	516 53 36 42 53 57 77 122 63 51 25 8	240 22 11 23 28 30 52 29 28 11 4	276 31 25 19 25 27 70 00 34 23 14				
3 ond 4 years	23 375 349 319 25 19	23 375 349 319 25 19	10 179 163 149 12 10 25.7	13 196 186 170 13 9				
Female Under 5 years	275 26 16 19 29 28 69 937 33 12 4	275 26 16 19 29 28 69 37 33 12 4	121 10 5 11 17 13 30 14 14 5 2	154 16 11 8 12 15 39 23 19 7 7				
3 ond 4 years 16 years and over 18 years and over 21 years and over 60 years and over 62 years and over Median	15 207 195 176 13 10 28.3	15 207 195 176 13 10 28.3	6 91 83 73 6 5	9 116 112 103 7 5 29.0				
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP								
Total persons In households	516 509 140 99 41 26 139 198 32 2 4 3 3 3.07 3.07	516 509 140 99 41 26 139 198 32 4 3 3.07 3.66	240 237 76 52 24 17 50 95 16 3 -	276 272 64 47 17 9 89 103 16 1 1 3 3.20 3.62				
In households	14 13 9 4 4 4 - 1	14 13 9 4 4 - 4 - 1	5 3 2 2 - 2 - 1	2 - 2				
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN Families	99	99	52	47				
With own children under 18 years Number of own children under 18 years Married-couple families With awn children under 18 years Number of own children under 18 years	68 151 86 60 129	68 151 86 60 129	38 74 45 34 64	30 77 41 26 65				
Female householder, na husband present With own children under 18 years Number of own children under 18 years	7 5 18	7 5 18	4 3 8	3 2 10				
MARITAL STATUS								
Male, 15 years and over	171 60 96 4 2 9	171 60 96 4 2 9	89 30 51 2 1 5	82 30 45 2 1				
Female, 15 years and over	214 46 146 3 10 9	214 46 146 3 10 9	95 28 55 1 5	119 18 91 2 5				

Table P-6. General Characteristics of Spanish Origin Persons: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Census Tracts			Shasto County	
[400 or More Spanish Origin Persons]	The SMSA	Tatal	Redding city	Remainder
AGE				
Total persons Under 5 years 5 to 9 years 10 to 14 years 15 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 65 to 74 years	3 455 488 392 420 364 319 604 347 222 168	3 455 488 392 420 364 319 604 347 222 168	1 174 156 114 140 117 139 217 102 83 57 26	2 281 332 278 280 247 180 387 245 139 111 53
75 years and over	52 i 190	52 190	23 59	29
3 ond 4 years 16 years and aver 18 years and aver 21 years and over 60 years and aver 62 years and aver Median	2 081 1 927 1 730 203 183 21.0	2 081 1 927 1 730 203 183 21.0	746 696 617 76 73	131 1 335 1 231 1 113 127 110 20.1
Femole	1 680 241 190 220 171 148 288 180 101 77 36	1 680 241 190 220 171 148 288 180 101 77 36 28	575 73 55 65 63 66 110 54 36 27 13	1 105 168 135 155 108 82 178 126 65 50 23
3 and 4 years	99 998 919 835 103 94 20.8	99 998 919 835 103 94 20.8	31 373 344 306 44 42 22.6	68 625 575 529 59 52
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP				
Total persons In hausehalds	3 455 3 356 925 703 222 168 583 1 704 144 16 83 3.06 3.53 131 130 93 41 36 25 10 2	3 455 3 356 925 703 222 168 583 1 704 144 16 83 3.06 3.53 131 130 93 41 36 25 10 2	1 174 1 160 379 240 139 109 179 530 72 13 1 2.64 3.30 49 48 39 21 20 4 4 4 1	2 281 2 196 546 463 83 59 404 1 174 72 3 82 3.35 3.64 82 82 54 20 16 21 6
Fomilies With awn children under 18 years	703 456 :	703 456	240 145	463 311
Number of awn children under 18 years Married-couple fomilies With awn children under 18 years Number of own children under 18 years Female householder, no husband present With awn children under 18 years	1 363 555 359 1 080 110 77	1 363	427 174 104 305 53 36	936 381 255 775 57 41
Number of own children under 18 years	238	238	115	123
Mole, 15 years ond over Single Now married, except separated Separated Widawed Oivarced Femole, 15 years ond over	1 126 390 627 24 17 68	1 126 390 627 24 17 68	382 131 194 14 4 39	744 259 433 10 13 29
Single	253 594 32 54 96	253 594 32 54 96	112 179 12 27 52	141 415 20 27 44

Table P-7. Race and Spanish Origin: 1980

[Far meaning af symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		SH	asta County		Redding city, Shasta Caunty										
Census Tracts	The SMSA	Tatal	Redding city	Remainder	Tract 0101	Tract 0102	Tract 0103°	Tract 0104	Tract 0105	Tract 0106°	Tract 0107°	Tract 0108 ^p	Tract 0109 ^p		
RACE															
Total persons White	115 715 110 697 723 2 630 2 610 10 10 516 121	115 715 110 697 723 2 630 2 610 10 10 516 121	41 995 40 229 482 718 711 2 5 240 24	73 720 70 468 241 1 912 1 899 8 5 276 97	1 650 1 530 50 48 47 1	2 126 2 057 8 40 40 - - 9	2 782 2 684 20 36 35 - 1 17	3 513 3 407 8 52 52 -	3 821 3 634 57 72 72 - 34 2	4 202 3 931 138 66 66 	4 179 4 021 37 72 72 - - 17 2	1 317 1 258 12 32 32 - - 8	2 845 2 747 22 41 41 -		
Chinese Filipino Karean Asian Indian Vietnamese Hawaiian Guamanian Samoon	147 87 30 44 19 44 24	147 87 30 44 19 44 24	111 42 14 28 5 16	36 45 16 16 14 28 24	9 1 1 4 1 -	7 - 1 - - -	10 4 1 - - -	- 1 5 1 1 -	20 2 1 7 1 1	11 2 3 2 - - -	4 3 - 7 - 1 -	6 - - - - 2 -	4 - -		
OtherSPANISH ORIGIN ²	1 149	1 149	326	823	6	12	25	37	24	47	32	7	26		
Persons of Spanish origin Mexican Puerta Rican Cuban Other Spanish	3 455 2 074 69 33 1 279	3 455 2 074 69 33 1 279	1 174 675 26 6 467	2 281 1 399 43 27 812	51 22 - 2 27	56 26 - 1 29	88 48 3 - 37	113 64 - - 49	126 74 4 1 47	112 62 1 - 49	118 75 4 - 39	38 17 2 - 19	71 47 2 - 22		
Persons of Spanish origin	3 455 2 405 6 1 044	3 455 2 405 6 1 044	1 174 934 3 237	2 281 1 471 3 807	51 39 - 12	56 43 2 11	88 68 1 19	113 82 31	126 99 - 27	92 - 20	118 85 - 33	38 34 - 4	71 52 - 19		
		1 044 1 044 237 807 12 11 19 31								Remainder af Shasta County					
			Redd	ling city, Shast	□ County—Cor	1,				Remainde	r af Shasta C	ounty			
Census Tracts	Tract 0110°	Tract 0111p	Redd Tract 0112 ^p	Tract 0113P	County—Cor Tract 0114 ^p	Tract 0116°	Tract 0117°	Tract 0123°	Tract 0103°	Remainde Tract 0106P	r af Shasta C Tract 0107°	Tract 0108°	Tract 0109p		
Census Tracts RACE			Tract	Tract	Troct	Tract				Tract	Tract	Tract			
RACE Total persons White			3 270 3 170 23 33 33 32	Tract 0113P 4 550 4 280 71 104	Troct	Tract		0123°		Tract 0106°	Tract	Tract			
RACE Total persons White	3 122 3 001 33 54 53	1 393 1 378 - 5	Tract 0112 ^p 3 270 3 170 23 33	Tract 0113 ² 4 550 4 280 71 104	Tract 0114P 2 620 2 560 2 34	Tract 0116° 605 571 1 29	01179	0123P	0103°	Tract 0106°	Tract 0107° 501 483 3 5	Tract 0108° 3 024 2 889 66 38	0109p 404 395 1 6		
RACE Total persons White	3 122 3 001 33 54 53 1	1 393 1 378 - 5 5	3 270 3 170 3 170 23 33 32 - 1 22 3 12	Tract 0113 ^p 4 550 4 280 71 104 101 - 3 50 9 24	Troct 0114 ^p 2 620 2 560 2 34 34 13 1 3 4 2	Tract 0116° 605 571 1 29	01179		0103°	Tract 0106° 1 166 1 120	Tract 0107°	Tract 0108° 3 024 2 889 66 38 38 9	0109p 404 395 1 6		
RACE Total persons White	3 122 3 001 33 54 53 1 - 13 1 7 1 3 - - - 21	1 393 1 378 5 5 - 2 1 1 1	Tract 0112° 3 270 3 170 23 33 32 - 1 22 3 12 6 22	Tract 0113° 4 550 4 280 71 104 101 - 3 50 9 24 11 - 1 5 - 45	Tract 01149 2 620 2 560 2 34 34 13 1 3 4 2 2 11	Tract 0116° 605 571 1 29 29 - 1 - 1 1	01179	01239	0103°	Tract 0106°	501 483 3 5 5 - - 5 - - -	Tract 0108° 3 024 2 889 66 38 38 - 9 4 - 1 1 - 2 1 - 22	0109p 404 395 1 6		
RACE Total persons White	3 122 3 001 33 54 53 1 - 13 1 7 1 3	1 393 1 378 5 5 - 2 1 1 1 1 8	Tract 0112° 3 270 3 170 23 33 32 - 1 222 3 12 6	Tract 0113° 4 550 4 280 71 104 101 - 3 50 9 24 11 - 1 5	Tract 01149 2 620 2 560 2 34 34 13 1 3 4 2 2 1	Tract 0116° 605 571 1 29 29 - 1 - 1 1	01179	01239	0103°	Tract 0106°	501 483 3 5 5 - - 5 - - - - - -	Tract 0108° 3 024 2 889 66 38 38 - 9 4 - 1 1 - 2 1	0109p 404 395 1 6		

¹Excludes ''Other Asian and Pacific Islander'' graups identified in somple tabulations. ²Persons of Spanish arigin may be of any race.

Table P-7. Race and Spanish Origin: 1980—Con.

[For meaning of symbols, see Intraduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

						Remoinder of	Shasto Count	y—Con.					
Census Tracts	Tract 0110°	Tract 0111°	Tract 0112°	Tract 0113°	Troct 0114 ^p	Tract 0115	Tract 0116°	Tract 0117°	Tract 0118	Tract 0119	Tract 0120	Tract 0121	Tract 0122
	0110	0111	0112	0110	0114	0113		0117	0110		0120	0121	0122
RACE													
Total persons	2 374	-	32	13	1 812	4 952	2 501	6 130	5 458	3 804	4 184	4 480	4 152
WhiteBlack	2 279 13	Ξ	28	13	1 783 1	4 829 1	2 425 6	5 708 10	5 310 7	3 681 36	3 923 15	4 295 5	3 955 13
American Indian, Eskima, and Aleut	54	_	4	_	26 26	70 70	42 42	308 307	90 88	50 50	147 147	117 117	82 82
Eskima]	_	Ξ.	_	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	- ''-	-
AleutAsian and Pacific Islander'	8	_	=	_	_	14	16	26	15	4	_ 25	14	15
JapaneseChinese	6	_	_	_	Ξ	4 7	3 1	10 2	4 5	2 1	3 7	7	7
Filipina	i	-	-	_	-	1	4	2	4	-	5	2	-
KoreanAsian Indian	_	-	-	Ξ	Ξ	ī	6		i		4		ī
Vietnamese Hawaiian	_	_	_	Ξ	_	1	2	10 1	_	_	ī	4	-
Guamanian Samoan	_	_	_	Ξ	Ξ	_	_	_	Ξ	_	2	Ξ	6
Other	20	-	-	_	2	38	12	78	36	33	74	49	87
SPANISH ORIGIN ²													
Persons of Spanlsh origin	83 39	_	-	1	21 4	1 22 77	51 34	214 129	1 60 83	108 53	151 112	165 84	151 108
MexicanPuerta Rican	2	_	_		_	5	-	5	6	33 1	3	5	3
Cuban Other Spanish	42	_	_	Ξ	2 15	40	17	80	4 67	- 54	36	76	40
Persons of Sponish origin	83	-	-	į	21	122	51	214	160	108	151	165	151
White 8lack	67 -	_	_	1 -	18	92 -	43	134	124 1	79 -	72 -	110	70
Other races	16	-	-		3	30	8	80	35	29	79	55	81
		Remoinder of	f Shasta Caunt	y—Can.				Tatals fo	or split tracts	in Shasto Co	unty		
Census Tracts	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract
	0123°	0124	0125	0126	0127	0103	0106	0107	0108	0109	0110	0111	0112
RACE		`								•			
Total persons	9 295	3 101	1 669	6 784	7 863	2 803	5 368	4 680	4 341	3 249	5 496	1 393	3 302
White	8 866	2 973	1 619	6 453	7 420	2 705	5 051	4 504	4 147	3 142	5 280	1 378	3 198
Black American Indian, Eskima, and Aleut	26 267	84	7 21	11 220	13 258	20 36	138 89	40 77	78 70	23 47	46 108	5	23 37
American IndianEskimaEskima	264 3	81	21 _	220	256	35	89	77 -	70 ~	47	105 2	5	36
Aleut	_	3	_ 3	-	10	1 17	_	_	_ 17	_ 10	ī	_	1
Asian and Pacific Islander ¹	39 13	17 5	2	39 21	3	2	36 5	22 2	4	-	21 7	1	22
Chinese Filipino Fili	3	3	_	2 11	1 2	10 4	14 7	9 3	6 1	4	2 8	Ξ	12
Korean	i	4	1	i	-	1	5	7	i	-	1 3	-	1
Asian IndianVietnamese	-	2	=	ī	_	=	-	'	=	-	-	_	ī
HawaiianGuamanian	7 15	3	_	3	4 -	_	Ξ	1	4 1	5 -	Ξ	=	_
SamaanOther	- 97	_ 20	_ 19	61	162	_ 25	- 54	37	_ 29	_ 27	- 41	- 8	22
SPANISH ORIGIN ²		20	,,	0.	102	23	34	0,	2,	2,			
Persons of SpanIsh origin	331	73	39	207	312	88	132	126	95	78	178	8	83
Mexican	182	54 1	32	123	239	48 3	73	80	44	49 2	99 3	=	49
Puerta RicanCuban	13	_	-	2	6		_	-	_	-	-	-	-
		18	7	80	66	37	58	41	47	27	76	8	30
Other Spanish	130	10											
Persons of Spanlsh origin	331	73 49	39 24	207	312	88 68	132 105	126 90	95 81	78 56	1 78 149	8 7	83 81
		73	39 24 - 15			88 68 1	132 105 - 27	126 90 - 36		78 56 - 22		8 7 -	

 $^{^1\}text{Excludes}$ ''Other Asian and Pacific Islander'' graups identified in sample tabulations. $^2\text{Persans}$ af Spanish arigin may be af any race.

Table P-7. Race and Spanish Origin: 1980—Con.

[For meaning af symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Tatals far split tracts in Shasta Caunty—Can.											
Census Tracts	Tract 0113	Tract 0114	Tract 0116	Tract 0117	Tract 0123							
RACE												
Total persons White Black	4 563 4 293	4 432 4 343	3 106 2 996	6 130 5 708	9 295 8 866 26							
American Indian, Eskima, and Aleut American Indian Eskimo	104 101 -	60 60 -	71 71 -	308 307	267 264 3							
Aleut Asian and Pacific Islander' Japanese Chinese	50 9 24	13 1 3	17 3 1	26 10 2	39 13							
Filipino Karean Asian Indian Vietnamese	- - !	4 2 2	6	10	3 1 - -							
Hawaiian Gumanian Samoan Other	5 - - 45	- - 13	2 - - 15	78	7 15 - 97							
SPANISH ORIGIN ²												
Persons of Sponish origin	140 85	92 50	56 35	214 129	331 182							
Puerta Rican Cuban Other Spanish	2 1 52	3 3 36	21	5 - 80	6 13 130							
Persons of Spanish origin	1 40 105	9 2 82	56 45	214 134	331 225							
Black Other races	35	10	11	80	106							

^{&#}x27;Excludes ''Other Asian and Pacific Islander'' graups identified in sample tabulations.
'Persons of Spanish arigin may be of any race.

Table P-8. Ancestry of Persons: 1980

[Oata are estimates based an a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		SI	nasta Caunty			Redding city, Shasta Caunty							
Census Tracts	The SM5A	Tatal	Redding city	Remainder	Tract 0101	Tract 0102	Tract 0103°	Tract 0104	Tract 0105	Tract 0106°	Tract 0107°	Tract 0108°	Tract 0109°
Total persons 5ingle ancestry graup Outch English French German Greek Hungarian Irish Italian	115 715 58 531 1 568 16 146 2 080 12 065 153 110 8 218 2 433	115 715 58 531 1 568 16 146 2 080 12 065 153 110 8 218 2 433	41 995 20 654 510 5 808 744 4 240 91 72 2 460 1 001	73 720 37 877 1 058 10 338 1 336 7 825 62 38 5 758 1 432	1 635 795 62 146 145 157 26	2 141 914 46 326 6 145 6 8 160 27	2 782 1 048 18 264 55 230 5 106 69	3 513 1 446 33 366 20 407 5 - 153 81	3 821 1 915 33 541 57 318 - - 324 89	4 202 2 202 53 510 105 409 13 6 294 148	4 179 1 920 63 515 101 386 - 7 266 95	1 342 711 16 99 36 218 31 - 96 38	2 820 1 951 13 838 112 270 - 22 85 95
Narwegian Palish Partuguese Russian Scattish Swedish Ukrainian Other	1 155 682 882 274 1 508 1 694 23 9 540	1 155 682 882 274 1 508 1 694 23 9 540	424 117 243 66 484 669 - 3 725	731 565 639 208 1 024 1 025 23 5 815	18 13 4 25 21 - 178	27 12 10 6 13 42 - 80	23 6 13 6 30 38 - 185	27 6 23 35 290	44 8 24 - 33 45 - 399	13 6 6 23 53 50 - 513	24 34 31 - 21 55 - 322	7 15 7 - 8 22 - 118	52 9 17 7 30 103 -
Multiple ancestry graup Ancestry nat specified Nat reparted	40 546 16 638 7 703	40 546 16 638 7 703	15 574 5 767 2 870	24 972 10 871 4 833	680 160 147	860 367 317	1 196 538 208	1 499 568 241	1 337 569 449	1 499 501 117	1 813 446 156	491 140 96	561 308 174
Selected multiple ancestry graups: English and ather graup(s) French and ather graup(s) German and ather graup(s) Irish and ather graup(s) Italian and ather graup(s) Palish and ather graup(s)	16 333 5 808 16 007 18 469 2 228 771	16 333 5 808 16 007 18 469 2 228 771	6 327 1 992 6 239 6 693 874 278	10 006 3 816 9 768 11 776 1 354 493	242 61 232 391 6	385 90 309 431 48 22	473 218 440 469 59 28	548 213 653 630 121 7	532 106 457 600 61 63	566 224 619 726 139 25	644 269 645 854 85 46	237 62 199 191 83 37	307 56 228 231 78 18
Construction Transfer			Redd	ing city, Shas	ta Caunty—Can				Remainder af Shasta Caunty				
Census Tracts	Tract 0110°	Tract 0111º	Tract 0112°	Tract 0113°	Tract 0114 ^p	Tract 0116º	Tract 0117°	Tract 0123°	Tract 01 03°	Tract 0106°	Tract 0107p	Tract 0108°	Tract 0109p
Total persons Single ancestry graup Outch English French German Greek Hungarian Irish Italian	3 122 1 705 51 480 53 380 14 13 171	1 343 858 11 293 - 152 - 121 39	3 320 1 798 24 535 106 481 6 8 152	4 550 1 862 49 509 60 409 - 8 206 59	2 589 1 191 27 319 22 246 11 - 109 112	636 338 11 67 11 44 - - 60 33		-		1 183 696 6 180 27 160 5 - 111 47	487 285 7 77 22 18 6 2 29 27	3 042 1 526 28 430 61 435 6 - 130 14	425 407
Narwegian Palish Partuguese Russian Scattish Swedish Ukrainian Other	68 8 36 5 42 81 - 284	17 7 - 22 77 - 119	51 - 13 - 87 57 - 207	37 20 10 45 32 -	12 6 39 5 45 11 - 227	4 - 14 - 7 - 87	- - - - - -	-	- - - -	7 - 6 8 22 - 117	6 - - - 7 - 84	28 26 29 21 26 82 - 210	6 - - 30 15 - 34
Multiple ancestry graup Ancestry not specified Nat reported	1 019 398 98	356 129 42	1 121 401 228	2 118 570 399	808 590 132	216 82 66	- - -	-	=	389 98 47	185 17 -	999 517 125	- 18 18
Selected multiple ancestry graups: English and ather graup(s) French and ather graup(s) German and ather graup(s) Irish and ather graup(s) Italian and ather graup(s) Palish and ather graup(s)	491 145 434 328 29 17	128 30 139 178 - -	434 164 499 419 76	955 268 915 846 30 15	333 52 397 316 34	52 34 73 83 25	- - - - -	- - - - -	-	206 49 182 147 8	88 46 56 107 15	321 201 505 475 34 7	- - - - -

Table P-8. Ancestry of Persons: 1980—Con.

[Oota are estimates based an a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Remainder af Shasta Caunty—Con.												
Census Tracts	Tract 0110°	Tract 01119	Tract 0112°	Tract 0113°	Tract 0114°	Tract 0115	Tract 0116°	Tract 0117°	Tract 0118	Tract 0119	Tract 0120	Tract 0121	Tract 0122
Total persons	2 353 2 133 30 439 44 579 - 18	-	25	17 	1 831 832 26 216 - 271	4 937 2 775 92 595 96 504	2 528 1 348 23 473 15 281	6 102 3 169 55 1 073 75 416 10	5 458 2 301 60 582 75 469 - 7	3 804 1 701 29 347 56 454	4 181 1 924 55 573 74 363	4 473 3 066 97 1 008 218 450 5	4 162 3 012 125 834 147 768
Irish	386 148 32 41 26 - 50 29 - 311	-			189 1 - 27 - 13 12 - 77	465 158 74 75 31 20 154 98 23 390	243 42 6 	451 69 51 60 63 5 75 68 -	274 105 102 43 91 24 86 48 -	323 82 70 11 46 11 7 78 -	267 108 44 17 41 17 71 12 - 282	568 71 34 29 8 38 75 57 -	378 132 24 73 49 23 74 47 - 332
Multiple ancestry group Ancestry not specified Nat reported	138 82 82	- -	•••		703 296 292	1 921 241 70	924 256 256	2 068 865 306	2 337 820 343	1 539 564 197	1 724 533 352	962 445 104	895 255 154
Selected multiple ancestry graups: English and other group(s) French and ather group(s) German and ather group(s) Irish and ather group(s) Italian and other group(s) Polish and ather group(s)	56 11 18 85 6	-			397 151 392 217 12	887 317 472 1 027 98 70	334 94 393 466 105 20	702 252 848 1 018 162 24	824 260 928 1 006 121 85	711 237 585 728 130 5	648 296 672 606 183 29	341 263 423 455 45 14	261 171 249 382 58
		Remainder of	Shasta Caunt	ry—Can.		Tatals far split tracts in Shasta County							
Census Tracts	Tract 0123°	Tract 0124	Tract 0125	Tract 0126	Tract 0127	Tract 0103	Tract 0106	Tract 0107	Tract 0108	Tract 0109	Tract 0110	Tract 0111	Tract 0112
Total persons Single ancestry group Outch English French German Greek Hungarian Irish Italian Norwegian Polish	9 295 3 938 53 1 171 192 724 7 	3 135 1 295 35 420 47 232 - 179 32	1 635 573 104 15 143 - - 75 40	6 784 3 089 199 703 73 659 8 	7 863 3 790 138 895 99 850 15 - 732 52	2 782 1 048 18 264 555 230 5 - 106 69	5 385 2 898 59 690 132 569 18 6 405 195	4 666 2 205 70 592 123 404 6 9 295 122	4 384 2 237 44 529 97 653 37 - 226 52 35 41	3 245 2 358 13 1 045 112 319 - 22 123 123 58	5 475 3 838 81 919 97 959 14 31 557 167	1 343 858 11 293 - 152 - 121 39	3 345 1 804 24 535 106 481 6 8 155 71
Portuguese	59 8 121 62 - 787 3 773 1 584	7 6 12 101 - 186 1 228 612	11 - 11 47 - 93 723 339	35 7 61 138 - 540 2 036 1 659	79 5 142 48 - 597 2 428 1 645	13 6 30 38 - 185 1 196 538	6 29 61 72 - 630 1 888 599	31 - 21 62 - 406 1 998 463	36 21 34 104 - 328 1 490 657	17 7 60 118 - 332 561 326	62 5 92 110 - 595 1 157 480	22 77 - 119 356 129	13
Not reported Selected multiple ancestry groups: English and ather graup(s) French and ather group(s) German and other group(s) Irish and other group(s) Italion and other graup(s) Polish and ather group(s)	1 642 642 1 316 1 902 107 127	434 67 456 512 80 75	381 100 297 352 30 13	856 292 849 1 067 85 8	917 367 1 127 1 224 75 16	208 473 218 440 469 59 28	772 273 801 873 147 25	732 315 701 961 100 46	558 263 704 666 117 44	307 56 228 231 78 18	547 156 452 413 35 17	128 30 139 178 -	434 164 499 419 76

Table P-8. Ancestry of Persons: 1980—Con.

[Data are estimates bosed an a sample; see Introduction. Far meaning of symbals, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Tatals for split tro	acts in Shasta Caunty—Con.		
Census Tracts	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract
	0113	0114	0116	0117	0123
Total persons	4 567	4 420	3 164	6 102	9 295 3 938 53
Single oncestry group	1 873	2 023	1 686	3 169	
Dutch	49	53	34	55	
English	520	535	540	1 073	1 171
French	60	22	26	75	192
German	409	517	325	416	724
Greek Hungarian Irish Itolian	8 206 59	11 - 298 113	5 303 75	10 - 451 69	7 - 536 142
Norwegion Palish Partuguese	37 	12 6 66	10 - 51	51 60 63	31 45 59
Russian	10	5	17	5	8
Scottish	45	58	15	75	121
Swedish	32	23	54	68	62
Ukroinian Other	418	304	231	698	787
Multiple ancestry graup Ancestry nat specified Not reported	2 118	1 511	1 140	2 068	3 773
	576	886	338	865	1 584
	405	424	322	306	624
Selected multiple ancestry groups: English and other group(s) French and ather group(s) German and ather group(s)	955	730	386	702	1 642
	268	203	128	252	642
	915	789	466	848	1 316
Irish and other graup(s) Italian ond other graup(s) Polish and other graup(s)	846	533	549	1 018	1 902
	30	46	130	162	107
	15	–	20	24	127

Table P-9. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1980

[Oata are estimates based an a sample; see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		S	hosta County					Redding c	ity, Shasta C	aunty			
Census Tracts	The SMSA	Tatal	Redding city	Remainder	Troct 0101	Tract 0102	Tract 0103°	Tract 0104	Tract 0105	Tract 0106°	Tract 0107°	Tract 0108°	Tract 0109°
NATIVITY AND PLACE OF BIRTH													
Native	115 715 112 943 68 208 44 337 398 2 772	115 715 112 943 68 208 44 337 398 2 772	41 995 40 877 24 384 16 380 113 1 118	73 720 72 066 43 824 27 957 285 1 654	1 635 1 579 767 792 20 56	2 141 2 036 1 058 969 9	2 782 2 692 1 602 1 083 7 90	3 513 3 456 2 149 1 307 - 57	3 821 3 663 2 144 1 519 158	4 202 4 136 2 786 1 338 12 66	4 179 4 075 2 321 1 733 21 104	1 342 1 303 918 378 7 39	2 820 2 741 1 608 1 133 - 79
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH													
Persons 5 to 17 years Speak a language ather than English at hame Percent who speak English nat well ar nat at all	24 878 724 4.4	24 878 724 4.4	8 081 217 6.0	16 797 507 3.7	79 _ _	285 - -	605 5 -	654 - -	565 13 100.0	846 30	597 30	227 4 –	600 32 -
Persons 18 years and over Speak a language other than English at hame Percent who speak English nat well ar nat at all	82 291 3 592 8.4	82 291 3 592 8.4	30 875 1 155 6.8	51 416 2 437 9.2	1 488 93 25.8	1 749 47 10.6	1 984 60	2 594 51	3 026 97 34.0	3 031 176 –	3 352 139 -	1 012 27 -	2 009 70 -
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL													
Persons 3 years old and over enrolled in school	31 062 925 436 1 651 97 14 878 1 151 8 067 344 5 541	31 062 925 436 1 651 97 14 878 1 151 8 067 344 5 541	11 047 403 217 518 38 4 803 416 2 658 85 2 665	20 015 522 219 1 133 59 10 075 735 5 409 259 2 876	227 8 8 10 - 64 9 6 - 139	396 13 7 - - 183 53 80 - 120	813 30 24 37 - 308 18 271 5	928 42 10 43 - 441 8 186 17 216	873 51 29 15 8 318 92 227 8 262	1 182 48 31 71 8 482 46 283 10 298	1 010 35 8 63 - 308 18 212 5 392	349 - - - 129 - 75 - 145	736 19 6 14 - 383 26 215 9
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED													
Persons 25 years old and over Elementary: 0 to 4 years	69 567 829 2 162 3 992 9 985 27 844 16 125 8 630 75.6	69 567 829 2 162 3 992 9 985 27 844 16 125 8 630 75.6	25 065 243 651 1 176 3 020 9 439 6 418 4 118 79.7	44 502 586 1 511 2 816 6 965 18 405 9 707 4 512 73.3	1 170 34 58 117 159 370 281 151 68.5	1 462 	1 626 17 49 53 177 554 489 287 81.8	2 123 26 79 110 295 741 552 320 76.0	2 410 31 46 155 220 928 559 471 81.2	2 532 33 61 76 265 805 666 626 82.8	2 611 21 57 140 332 990 687 384 78.9	668 - 14 33 51 279 215 76 85.3	1 648 9 28 45 170 762 417 217 84.7
FERTILITY													
Children ever bom Per 1,000 wamen	7 244 18 987 2 621	7 244 18 987 2 621	2 439 6 312 2 588	4 805 12 675 2 638	29 68 2 345	124 296 2 387	210 630 3 000	179 507 2 832	177 474 2 678	254 587 2 311	217 514 2 369	72 125 1 736	161 386 2 398
RESIDENCE IN 1975													
Persons 5 years and over Same house in United States Central city of this SMSA Remainder of this SMSA Outside this SMSA Oifferent SMSA Nat in an SMSA Abroad	107 109 44 083 62 450 12 016 15 964 34 470 25 672 8 798 576	107 109 44 083 62 450 12 016 15 964 34 470 25 672 8 798 576	38 772 14 326 24 217 7 047 3 900 13 270 10 047 3 223 229	68 337 29 757 38 233 4 969 12 064 21 200 15 625 5 575 347	1 595 413 1 171 343 187 641 440 201	2 030 818 1 212 521 234 457 262 195	2 622 1 038 1 566 525 200 841 696 145 18	3 253 1 476 1 740 394 284 1 062 936 126 37	3 567 1 405 2 084 581 417 1 086 655 431 78	3 861 1 459 2 387 633 303 1 451 1 214 237 15	3 920 1 153 2 756 982 344 1 430 1 135 295	1 184 393 783 268 146 369 259 110 8	2 639 1 207 1 427 274 359 794 640 154
JOURNEY TO WORK													
Workers 16 years and over Private vehicle: Orive alone Carpool Public transportation 8us or streetcar Subway, elevated train, or railrood Wolked anly Other means Worked at home	40 424 30 759 5 585 84 58 - 1 575 1 511 910	40 424 30 759 5 585 84 58 	17 088 13 335 1 958 30 30 - 739 658 368	23 336 17 424 3 627 54 28 - 836 853 542	601 388 65 6 6 6 - 81 49	863 610 114 6 6 - 63 29 41	1 249 1 016 80 6 6 - 49 86 12	1 322 959 193 — — 91 39 40	1 635 1 199 216 - - - 144 41 35	1 883 1 416 257 - - - 117 79 14	1 798 1 547 133 7 7 7 - 36 24 51	646 548 67 - - 7 12 12	1 184 966 124 - - 13 45 36
Persons per private vehicle minutes_	1.09 15.3	1.09 15.3	1.08 12.5	1.10 17.3	1.10 9.3	1.09 11.7	1.04 10.8	1.11 11.6	1.10 10.6	1.09 12.5	1.04 11.6	1.06 12.2	1.06 12.5
Worked in SMSA of residence	35 308 22 301 2 264 10 743 1 563 1 64 338 1 061 2 933	35 308 22 301 2 264 10 743 1 563 164 338 1 061 2 933	15 329 13 009 414 1 906 447 30 35 382 1 241	19 979 9 292 1 850 8 837 1 116 134 303 679 1 692	502 422 29 51 - - - 23	816 687 11 118 31 8 23 - 45	1 143 945 57 141 23 - - 23 144	1 196 1 036 30 130 29 - - 29 126	1 439 1 268 13 158 29 - - 29 104	1 773 1 566 28 179 88 22 - 66 84	1 565 1 178 - 387 29 - - 29 144	538 410 16 112 30 - - 30 22	1 064 918 50 96 20 - - 20 121

Table P-9. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1980—Con.

[Oata are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

			Reddin	ng city, Shasta	Caunty—Can					Remainde	r af Shasta C	aunty	
Census Tracts	Tract 0110°	Troct 0111p	Tract 0112°	Tract 0113°	Tract 0114°	Tract 0116º	Tract 0117°	Tract 0123°	Tract 0103°	Tract 0106°	Tract 0107p	Tract 0108°	Tract 0109°
NATIVITY AND PLACE OF BIRTH Total persons Native Barn in State of residence Barn in different State	3 122 3 057 1 691 1 353	1 343 1 307 787 520	3 320 3 241 1 855 1 386	4 550 4 438 2 581 1 840	2 589 2 564 1 712 845	636 589 405 184	- - - -	- - -	<u>:</u> :	1 183 1 161 677 479	487 470 195 268	3 042 2 939 1 793 1 146	425 425 260 157
Barn abrood, at sea, etc	13 65	36	79	17 112	7 25	47	Ξ	Ξ	-	5 22	7 17	103	8 -
Persons 5 to 17 years Speak a language other than English at home Percent wha speak English not well or not at all	665 17	258 - -	713 32	1 0 80 25	700 12	207 17	-	-	=	288	80 30	579 - -	71
Persons 18 years and aver Speak a language other than English at hame Percent who speak English nat well ar nat at all	2 220 11 -	977 21	2 367 161	3 098 140 3.6	1 594 22 -	374 40 30.0	Ξ	=	=	846 38	407 13 53.8	2 217 90 –	333 7 -
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL Persons 3 years old ond over enrolled in school	797 23 18 52 6 396 - 181	395 23 9 158 15 86 128	950 24 8 60 - 455 41 219 11	1 328 43 36 90 11 634 67 327 20 234	824 39 23 51 5 423 23 227 - 84	239 5 - 12 - 121 - 63 - 38	-	-	-	376 - 39 - 167 16 91 - 79	87 	871 21 21 55 55 5 287 19 224 —	76 - - 7 - 57 13 12 - -
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED Persans 25 years old and over	1 891 33 63 162 253 680 420 280 73.0	858 7 3 27 77 270 293 181 86.7	1 837 35 52 321 681 402 346 77.8	2 559 20 32 58 292 1 143 637 377 84.3	1 382 6 73 33 142 564 381 183 81.6	288 6 11 - 51 144 57 19 76.4	-	-	- - - - - - -	703 12 32 19 79 197 188 176 79.8	400 7 5 49 72 140 90 37 66.8	1 840 25 114 101 249 820 395 136 73.4	313 - 8 13 39 106 79 68 80.8
### FERTILITY Women 35 to 44 years Children ever born Per 1,000 women	203 454 2 236	94 230 2 447	190 495 2 605	289 846 2 927	200 549 2 745	40 151 3 775	=	- - -	<u>-</u>	100 225 2 250	32 133 4 156	161 435 2 702	20 8 400
RESIDENCE IN 1975 Persons 5 years and over Same hause	2 854 1 144 1 684 428 320 936 557 379 26	1 241 437 804 85 144 575 416 159	3 029 872 2 157 655 335 1 167 804 363	4 180 1 662 2 518 955 369 1 194 934 260	2 237 706 1 531 327 221 983 852 131	560 143 397 76 37 284 247 37 20	-	-	- - - - - - -	1 159 540 598 81 105 412 372 40 21	489 218 271 35 95 141 108 33	2 783 1 044 1 701 465 603 633 454 179 38	404 249 155 15 95 45 24 21
JOURNEY TO WORK Workers 16 years and over Private vehicle: Orive alone	1 068 767 132 - - - 36 77 56	540 446 45 - - 4 12 33	1 316 1 072 135 - - - 41 62 6	1 786 1 450 241 - - - 28 53 14	972 771 131 - - 20 50	225 180 25 5 5 - 9 -	-	-	-	437 330 95 12	158 147 7 - - - 4 -	1 116 851 131 4 - 4 261 27	142 115 7 - - 12
Persans per private vehicle Mean travel time to wark minutes_	1.09 15.1	1.05 15.8	1.07	1.09	1.09	1.08 11.6	Ξ	-	-	1.15 19.7	1.03 11.7	1.08 15.7	1.04
Warked in SMSA of residence Redding city Anderson city Remainder of Shasta County Warked autside SMSA of residence Siskiyau County Tehama Caunty Warked elsewhere Place of wark nat reported	1 019 844 45 130 42 - 42 11	560 499 - 61 21 - 21 62	1 223 1 138 - 85 25 - - 25 33	1 359 1 203 39 117 50 - 12 38 200	980 762 96 122 30 - - 30 64	152 133 - 19 - - - 58	-	-	- - - - - - - - -	365 248 — 117 35 — — 35 64	105 52 - 53 19 - 19 - 9	949 644 - 305 84 15 - 69 -	93 40 14 39 12 - 12 - 30

Table P-9. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1980—Con.

[Oata are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Remainder af Shasta County—Con.														
Census Tracts	Tract 0110°	Tract 0111°	Tract 0112°	Tract 0113°	Tract 0114º	Tract 0115	Tract 0116º	Tract 0117°	Tract 0118	Tract 0119	Tract 0120	Tract 0121	Tract 0122		
NATIVITY AND PLACE OF BIRTH															
Total persons Native Born in State of residence Born in different State Born abroad, at sea, etc. Foreign born	2 353 2 316 1 616 694 6 37	=======================================	25 	17 	1 831 1 775 1 081 694 - 56	4 937 4 866 2 740 2 096 30 71	2 528 2 509 1 458 1 036 15	6 102 5 898 3 625 2 261 12 204	5 458 5 344 3 252 2 062 30 114	3 804 3 765 2 417 1 342 6 39	4 181 4 122 2 517 1 589 16 59	4 473 4 365 2 333 2 025 7 108	4 162 4 085 2 424 1 640 21 77		
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH															
Persons 5 to 17 years Speak a language ather than English at hame Percent wha speak English nat well ar nat at all	578 9 -	=	• • •	•••	551 39 -	1 09 6 16 -	522 5	1 252 32 -	1 247 34 -	1 064 42 -	932 19 -	880 38 -	1 030 35 -		
Persons 18 years and over Speok a longuage ather thon English at hame Percent wha speok English not well or not at all	1 579 70 –	Ξ	•••	•••	1 167 104 20.2	3 474 142 5.6	1 900 53	4 340 268 13.8	3 861 166 4.2	2 517 63 -	2 750 111 19.8	3 286 189 3.7	2 797 142 11.3		
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL															
Persons 3 years old and over enrolled in school Nursery school Private Cindergarten Private Bementary (1 to 8 years) Private High school (1 ta 4 years) Private College	706 36 17 28 - 342 46 194 7 106	-			617 16 16 41 - 317 118 161 - 82	1 415 22 13 73 6 697 133 363 – 260	600 - - 42 - 298 - 171 - 89	1 525 43 28 99 - 749 68 413 24 221	1 533 57 26 85 - 744 18 350 11 297	1 226 45 30 43 15 631 28 394 23	1 106 29 4 67 13 585 34 287 5	1 111 36 12 59 6 500 25 340 17	1 178 32 7 68 - 632 21 316 8 130		
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED															
Persons 25 years old and over	1 376 16 20 32 178 534 334 262 82.1	- - - - - - -			1 038 	2 960 21 98 132 342 1 093 935 339 80.0	1 684 58 75 160 224 658 254 255 69.3	3 664 58 174 299 786 1 488 656 203 64.1	3 380 70 86 199 536 1 547 760 182 73.6	2 245 35 129 357 688 632 404 76.8	2 112 9 91 153 348 966 419 126 71.5	2 789 62 141 205 421 1 251 548 161 70.3	2 438 26 65 225 481 1 040 453 148 67.3		
FERTILITY															
Women 35 to 44 years Children ever born Per 1,000 women	176 382 2 170	=	•••	•••	174 529 3 040	362 914 2 525	154 388 2 519	359 1 005 2 799	396 1 114 2 813	354 943 2 664	216 618 2 861	267 754 2 824	291 713 2 450		
RESIDENCE IN 1975															
Persons 5 years and over same house Different house in United States Central city of this SMSA Remainder of this SMSA Outside this SMSA Different SMSA Not in an SMSA	2 128 859 1 269 249 460 560 389 171	-			1 658 616 1 042 196 173 673 624 49	4 669 2 260 2 382 216 685 1 481 1 154 327 27	2 377 1 417 960 385 316 259 246 13	5 724 2 621 3 067 631 1 053 1 383 1 011 372 36	5 133 1 872 3 249 435 686 2 128 1 592 536 12	3 541 1 628 1 913 191 486 1 236 1 041 195	3 714 1 147 2 480 513 755 1 212 718 494 87	4 145 2 610 1 535 196 625 714 459 255	3 967 2 176 1 791 143 815 833 701 132		
OURNEY TO WORK															
Workers 16 years and over	1 023 705 158 7 7 7 - 22 69 62	-			596 466 88 10 10 - 10 10 10	1 691 1 385 170 - - - 17 98 21	825 633 142 - - - 13 8 29	1 923 1 500 295 - - - 51 40 37	1 735 1 386 246 - - - 17 34 52	1 419 1 011 270 9 - - 29 53 47	1 220 948 179 - - - 40 53	1 431 1 132 209 - - - 23 43 24	1 146 1 009 62 - - - 34 41 -		
Persons per private vehicle minutes	1,11 14.3	-			1.09 15.7	1.06 13.8	1.10 17.9	1.10 14.6	1.09 17.7	1.12 17.4	1.10 15.6	1.09 15.2	1.04 19.1		
Vorked in SMSA of residence	903 711 15 177 25 - - 25 32	- - - - - - - - -			377 225 2 150 45 24 21 148	1 590 938 247 405 57 23 34 38	604 375 - 229 - - - - - 65	1 736 962 39 735 40 - 12 28 168	1 436 953 29 454 49 - - 49 72	1 217 763 39 415 41 - 8 33 113	1 096 435 358 303 30 - 18 12 85	1 278 437 448 393 61 15 33 13 53	1 184 428 334 422 94 48 46 57		

Table P-9. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1980—Con.

[Oata are estimates based an o sample; see Intraductian. For meaning af symbols, see Intraductian. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Odia die esim	idles bused di	i o sample; se	e illiradociiai	i. For illediii	ining at symbols, see infradoction. For definitions of femis, see appendixes A and 6]								
A		Remainder of	f Shasta Caun	ty—Can.		Tatals far split tracts in Shasta County								
Census Tracts	Tract 0123°	Tract 0124	Tract 0125	Tract 0126	Tract 0127	Tract 0103	Tract 0106	Tract 0107	Tract 0108	Tract 0109	Tract 0110	Tract 0111	Trac 011:	
NATIVITY AND PLACE OF BIRTH Total persons	9 295	3 135	1 635	6 784	7 863	2 782	5 385	4 666	4 384	3 245	5 475	1 343	3 34	
Native Barn in State af residence Barn in different State Barn abraad, at sea, etc. Fareign barn	9 110 5 493 3 535 82 185	3 070 1 904 1 158 8 65	1 605 844 761 — 30	6 516 4 085 2 399 32 268	7 683 5 089 2 594 — 180	2 692 1 602 1 083 7 90	5 297 3 463 1 817 17 88	4 545 2 516 2 001 28 121	4 242 2 711 1 524 7 142	3 166 1 868 1 290 8 79	5 373 3 307 2 047 19 102	1 307 787 520 - 36	3 26 1 87 1 39 7	
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH													,	
Persons 5 to 17 years Speak a language other than English at home Percent wha speak English not well ar not at all	2 319 115 4.3	707 34 —	269 - -	1 486 40 10.0	1 837 19 52.6	605 5 –	1 134 30 -	677 60 –	806 4 -	671 32 -	1 243 26	258 - -	72 2 31	
Persons 18 years and over Speak a language ather than English at home Percent wha speak English nat well ar nat at all	6 267 413 11.4	2 185 58 -	1 321 25 -	4 824 318 14.8	5 312 167 3.0	1 984 60 -	3 877 214 -	3 759 152 4.6	3 229 117 -	2 342 77 –	3 799 81	977 21 -	2 38 3 161	
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL									,				i de la companya de l	
Persons 3 years old and over enrolled in school	2 567 68 32 131 4 1 387 6 746 53 235	859 - - 25 - 401 56 269 46 164	325 - - 10 - 187 - 66 - 62	1 732 36 - 113 - 928 107 400 56 255	2 096 81 13 145 10 1 091 27 601 9	813 30 24 37 - 308 18 271 5	1 558 48 31 110 8 649 62 374 10 377	1 097 35 8 63 - 377 18 223 5 399	1 220 21 21 55 5 416 19 299 -	812 19 6 21 - 440 39 227 9	1 503 59 35 80 6 738 46 375 7 251	395 23 9 - 158 15 86 - 128	959 24 8 63 461 41 219 11	
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED		,,,,		200			•.,	•	, <u>-</u> ,	100	25.	,20		
Persons 25 years ald and over Elementary: 0 ta 4 years	5 535 73 208 383 1 192 2 459 969 -251 66.5	1 890 - 5 104 239 738 469 335 81.6	1 190 16 67 11 134 412 377 173 80.8	4 307 39 116 247 536 1 870 939 560 78.2	4 611 94 171 304 668 2 050 853 471 73.2	1 626 17 49 53 177 554 489 287 81.8	3 235 45 93 95 344 1 002 854 802 82.2	3 011 28 62 189 404 1 130 777 421 77.3	2 508 25 128 134 300 1 099 610 212 76.6	1 961 9 36 58 209 868 496 285 84.1	3 267 49 83 194 431 1 214 754 542 76.8	858 7 3 27 77 270 293 181 86.7	1 853 - 35 52 321 684 409 352 78.0	
FERTILITY														
Women 35 to 44 yearsChildren ever barnPer 1,000 women	614 1 803 2 936	189 420 2 222	77 160 2 078	401 1 112 2 773	462 1 019 2 206	210 630 3 000	354 812 2 294	249 647 2 598	233 560 2 403	181 394 2 177	379 836 2 206	94 230 2 447	190 495 2 605	
RESIDENCE IN 1975														
Persons 5 yeors and over Same hause Oifferent hause in United States Central city of this SMSA Remainder af this SMSA Outside this SMSA Different SMSA Nat in an SMSA Abraad	8 538 3 473 5 037 511 1 695 2 831 1 899 932 28	2 843 996 1 847 340 312 1 195 907 288	1 651 1 065 586 41 121 424 282 142	6 285 2 006 4 216 189 1 724 2 303 1 800 503 63	7 087 2 949 4 103 137 1 254 2 712 1 819 893 35	2 622 1 038 1 566 525 200 841 696 145 18	5 020 1 999 2 985 714 408 1 863 1 586 277 36	4 409 1 371 3 027 1 017 439 1 571 1 243 328 11	3 967 1 437 2 484 733 749 1 002 713 289 46	3 043 1 456 1 582 289 454 839 664 175	4 982 2 003 2 953 677 780 1 496 946 550 26	1 241 437 804 85 144 575 416 159	3 054 872 2 182 655 335 1 192 829 363	
JOURNEY TO WORK														
Workers 16 years and over Private vehicle: Orive alane Carpaal Public transpartatian 8us ar streetcar Subway, elevated train, ar railraad Walked anly Other means Warked at hame	2 684 2 064 405 - - 50 80 85	1 135 873 189 - - 28 45	435 229 113 - - - 72 21	1 783 1 101 387 - - - 198 33 64	2 428 1 536 468 24 7 - 186 152 62	1 249 1 016 80 6 6 49 86 12	2 320 1 746 352 - - - 117 79 26	1 956 1 694 140 7 7 - 40 24 51	1 762 1 399 198 4 4 - 49 73 39	1 326 1 081 131 - - - 13 57 44	2 091 1 472 290 7 7 - 58 146 118	540 446 45 - - - 4 12 33	1 325 1 075 141 	
Persans per private vehicle Mean travel time ta wark minutes_	1.10 20.3	1.11 20.0	1.28 13.4	1.16 28.1	1.15 12.6	1.04 10.8	1.10 13.9	1.04 11.6	1.07 14.4	1.06 12.5	1.10 14.7	1.05 15.8	1.07 12.3	
Warked in SMSA af residence	2 336 985 316 1 035 144 85 59	860 447 - 413 11 - -	246 62 - 184 84 53 - 31	1 532 563 9 960 162 18 21 123	2 064 16 - 2 048 123 33 - 90	1 143 945 57 141 23 23	2 138 1 814 28 296 123 22 -	1 670 1 230 440 48 19 29	1 487 1 054 16 417 114 15 -	1 157 958 64 135 32 - 12 20	1 922 1 555 60 307 67 - - 67	560 499 - 61 21 - - 21	1 231 1 146 85 25	
Place af work not reparted	314	61	45	190	148	144	148	153	22	151	43	62	33	

Table P-9. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1980—Con.

[Ooto are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Totals for split tracts in Shosto County—Con.												
Census Tracts	Troct 0113	Troct 0114	Troct 0116	Troct 0117	Tract 0123								
NATIVITY AND PLACE OF BIRTH													
Total persons	4 567 4 455 2 587 1 851 17 112	4 420 4 339 2 793 1 539 7 81	3 164 3 098 1 863 1 220 15 66	6 102 5 898 3 625 2 261 12 204	9 295 9 110 5 493 3 535 82 185								
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH													
Persons 5 to 17 years Speak o longuage other than English ot home Percent who speak English not well or not ot all	1 080 25 -	1 251 51 -	729 22 —	1 252 32	2 319 115 4.3								
Persons 18 years and over Speak o longuoge other than English of home Percent who speak English not well or not of oil	3 115 140 3.6	2 761 126 16.7	2 274 93 12.9	4 340 268 13.8	6 267 413 11.4								
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL													
Persons 3 years old and over enrolled in school Viursery school Private Gindergorten Private Gementory (1 to 8 years) Private Private Open Company Private Open Company Open C	1 328 43 36 90 11 634 67 327 20 234	1 441 55 39 92 5 740 141 388 —	839 5 54 419 234 127	1 525 43 28 99 - 749 68 413 24 221	2 567 68 32 131 4 1 387 6 746 53 235								
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED													
Persons 25 years old and over	2 570 20 32 63 292 1 149 637 377 84.2	2 420 6 73 79 226 903 731 402 84.1	1 972 64 86 160 275 802 311 274 70.3	3 664 58 174 299 786 1 488 656 203 64.1	5 535 73 208 383 1 192 2 459 969 251 66.5								
ERTILITY													
Vomen 35 to 44 years Children ever barn Per 1,000 women	289 846 2 927	374 1 078 2 882	194 539 2 778	359 1 005 2 799	614 1 803 2 936								
LESIDENCE IN 1975													
Persons 5 years and over ame house	4 197 1 673 2 524 955 375 1 194 934 260	3 895 1 322 2 573 523 394 1 656 1 476 180	2 937 1 560 1 357 461 353 543 493 50 20	5 724 2 621 3 067 631 1 053 1 383 1 011 372 36	8 538 3 473 5 037 511 1 695 2 831 1 899 932 28								
OURNEY TO WORK					2 (22								
Workers 16 years and over	1 786 1 450 241 - - - 28	1 568 1 237 219 10 10 -	1 050 813 167 5 5 -	1 923 1 500 295 - - - - 51	2 684 2 064 405 - - - 50								
ther means	53 14	60 12	8 35	40 37	80 85								
ersons per private vehicle minutes_	1.09 15.4	1.09 14.7	1.10 16.4	1.10 14.6	1.10 20.3								
orked in SMSA of residence Redding city Anderson city Remainder of Shosto County rorked outside SMSA of residence Siskiyou County Tehamo County	1 359 1 203 39 117 50 —	1 357 987 98 272 75 -	756 50B 248 -	1 736 962 39 735 40	2 336 985 316 1 035 144 —								
Worked elsewhere	38 200	51 212	123	28 168	59 314								

Table P-10. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

	[Build die esi	imares basea o	ihasta County		on. Tur mean	ing at symbol			city, Shasta		perialized 71 of		
Census Tracts			Redding		Tract	Tract	Tract	Troct	Tract	Tract	Tract	Troct	Tract
	The SMSA	Tatal	city	Remainder	0101	0102	01039	0104	0105	010&	01079	0108°	01099
LABOR FORCE STATUS Persons 16 years and over	86 681	86 681	32 394	54 287	1 493	1 796	2 144	2 670	3 157	3 236	3 469	1 072	2 096
Percent af persans 16 years ond over	48 812 56.3	48 812 56.3	20 071 62.0	28 741 52.9	715 47.9	1 006 56.0	1 433 66.8	1 546 57.9	1 913 60.6	2 154 66.6	2 080 60.0	796 74.3	1 334 63.6
Civilian labar farce Emplayed Unemplayed	48 754 42 014 6 740	48 754 42 014 6 740	20 060 17 614 2 446	28 694 24 400 4 294	715 610 105	1 006 095 111	1 433 1 279 154	1 546 1 341 205	1 913 1 660 253	2 154 1 948 206	2 080 1 830 250	789 655 134	1 334 1 201 133
Percent af civilian lobor farce Female, 16 years and over	13.8 44 684	13.8 44 684	12.2 17 043	15.0 27 641	14.7 719	11.0 1 009	10.7 1 097	13.3 1 357	13.2 1 767	9.6 1 672	12.0 1 864	17.0 589	10.0 1 051
Labar force Percent af female, 16 years and over Civilian labar farce	19 820 44.4 19 820	19 820 44.4 19 820	8 736 51.3 8 736	11 084 40.1 11 084	333 46.3 333	491 48.7 491	582 53.1 582	622 45.8 622	884 50.0 884	880 52.6 880	1 011 54.2 1 011	411 69.8 411	533 50.7 533
Employed Unemplayed Percent af civilian labar force	17 746 2 074 10.5	17 746 2 074 10.5	7 871 865 9.9	9 875 1 209 10.9	272 61 18.3	457 34 6.9	538 44 7.6	571 51 8.2	809 75 8.5	801 79 9.0	908 103 10.2	349 62 15.1	496 37 6.9
With awn children under 6 years In labor force	7 229 2 715	7 229 2 715	2 539 1 130	4 690 1 585	50 21	76 43	158 84	221 109	199 84	312 107	208 85	45 15	162 88
Married, husbond present	27 762 11 614	27 762 11 614	9 078 4 334	18 684 7 280	216 98	472 254	669 349	876 392	659 293	1 004 495	894 416	235 146	656 300
Civilian persons 16 to 19 years Nat enralled in school Nat high school graduate	8 197 2 289 960	8 197 2 289 960	3 136 975 370	5 061 1 314 590	101 68 23	146 63 50	269 50 13	212 70 29	270 103 20	355 74 23 23	305 89 36	167 82 38 27	186 61 22
Emplayed Unemployed Not in labar force	322 199 439	322 199 439	145 67 158	177 132 281	7 _ 16	23 10 17	5 3 5	14 7 8	12 8	23	36 18 13	27 5 6	- 7 15
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES	-57	,	130	201	10	.,	j	J	J				
Employed persons 16 years and over Managerial and professional specialty occupations	42 014 9 211	42 014 9 211	17 614 4 391	24 400 4 820	610 191	895 232	1 279 309	1 341 268	1 660 351	1 948 681	1 830 495	655 123	1 201 315
Executive, odministrative, and managerial accupations Prafessional specialty occupations Technical, sales, and administrative support accupations	4 467 4 744 13 310	4 467 4 744 13 310	2 074 2 317 6 352	2 393 2 427 6 958	109 82 174	128 104 370	162 147 401	91 177 484	144 207 631	291 390 685	287 208 682	43 80 287	184 131 435 35
Technicians and related support accupations Sales accupations Administrative support accupations, including clerical	1 324 5 220 6 766	1 324 5 220 6 766	693 2 549 3 110	631 2 671 3 656	9 80 85	43 159 168	59 145 197	74 180 230	46 208 377	74 265 346	42 301 339	20 123 144	193 207
Service accupations Private hausehold occupations Pratective service occupations	6 643 200 589	6 643 200 589	2 823 87 257	3 820 113 332	79 - 8	120 	241 - 6	224 21 7	384 - 29	244 16 43	262 6 45	91 - 9	142
Service occupations, except protective and household Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	5 854 1 418	5 854 1 418	2 479 306	3 375 1 112	71 19	102 18	235 6	196 40	355 60	185 30	211 18	82 22 66	142
Precision praduction, craft, ond repair accupations Operators, fabricators, and laborers Machine aperators, assemblers, and inspectors	5 650 5 782 1 950	5 650 5 782 1 950	1 899 1 843 525	3 751 3 939 1 425	57 90 19	65 90 51	198 124 33	170 155 33	86 148 32	134 174 24	221 152 75	66 23 20	136 173 27
Transpartation and material moving occupations Handlers, equipment cleoners, helpers, and loborers	2 130 1 702	2 130 1 702	681 637	1 449 1 065	40 31	13 26	63 28	80 42	45 71	75 75	52 25	20 23	105 41
Monufacturing Wholesole and retail trade Professianal and related services	4 626 10 749 8 786	4 626 10 749 8 786	1 424 4 648 4 119	3 202 6 101 4 667	13 168 139	96 256 177	66 301 342	108 336 277	105 420 456	121 449 543	181 498 384	85 182 112	67 390 261
CLASS OF WORKER													
Private wage and salary workers Gavernment warkers Lacal government warkers	28 585 8 838 5 132	28 585 8 838 5 132	12 143 3 772 2 218	16 442 5 066 2 914	428 118 76	631 169 108	903 274 103	922 269 152	1 139 399 295	1 274 515 332	1 261 443 266	465 150 77	868 170 106
Self-employed workers LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979	4 383	4 383	1 661	2 722	60	95	102	135	122	159	120	40	163
Persons 16 years and over, in labor force in 1979	55 069 63.5	55 069	22 234	32 835	885 59.3	1 076 59.9	1 528 71.3	1 737	2 055	2 335 72.2	2 344 67.6	874 81.5	1 511 72.1
Percent of persons 16 years and over Warked in 1979 40 ar more weeks	53 958 35 420	63.5 53 958 35 420	68.6 21 828 14 937	60.5 32 130 20 483	866 547	1 036 747	1 520 1 097	65.1 1 722 1 006	65.1 2 011 1 358	2 265 1 614	2 310 1 623	860 579	1 490 1 126
Usually worked 35 ar more hours per week 50 to 52 weeks Usually worked 35 ar mare haurs per week	30 344 27 953 24 544	30 344 27 953 24 544	12 822 12 177 10 639	17 522 15 776 13 905	482 382 330	635 597 516	952 881 760	864 781 675	1 164 1 110 937	1 392 1 358 1 195	1 464 1 410 1 294	483 510 445	981 959 856
With unemployment in 1979 Percent of thase in labor force in 1979 Unemployed 15 ar mare weeks	13 608 24.7 6 781	13 608 24.7 6 781	5 180 23.3 2 498	8 428 25.7 4 283	312 35.3 127	257 23.9 97	305 20.0 115	529 30.5 262	526 25.6 295	492 21.1 187	457 19.5 213	239 27.3 157	311 20.6 151
Mean weeks af unemployment	18.2	18.2	17.9	18.4	16.7	16.9	16.0	20.1	19.5	14.8	17.1	19.4	16.9
DISABILITY STATUS OF NONINSTITUTIONAL PERSONS Male, 16 to 64 years	35 960	35 960	13 153	22 807	502	604	945	1 117	1 097	1 393	1 358	454	930
With a work disability	4 814 2 864 2 455	4 814 2 864 2 455	1 561 808 656	3 253 2 056 1 799	165 109 109	88 46 42	22 _ _	144 80 75	128 36 20	182 81 - 74	207 135 121	37 14 14	52 24 14
Female, 16 to 64 years	37 599 3 737	37 599 3 737	14 027 1 320	23 572 2 417	475 80	690 62	993 90	1 116 108	1 250 131	1 436 134	1 546 141	555 24	883 61
Not in labar force Prevented from working	2 988 2 426	2 988 2 426	950 735	2 038 1 691	59 49	35 28	70 49	76 56	46 35	91 70	128 122	16 8	40 18
Persons 16 to 64 years With a public transportation disability With a work disability	73 559 1 687 1 604	73 559 1 687 1 604	27 180 489 477	46 379 1 198 1 127	977 55 49	1 294 12 12	1 938 30 30	2 233 32 26	2 347 35 35	2 829 39 39	2 904 87 87	1 009 - -	1 813 30 30
Persons 65 years and over With a public transpartation disability	12 418 1 402	12 418 1 402	4 676 470	7 742 932	391 64	502 30	200	412 38	617 61	407 56	565 45	58 -	283 14
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1979	5 814	5 014	1 710	4 104	0/	1/0	00	177	140	100	245	45	04
Na workers Mean family incame 1 worker	\$10 042 11 860	5 814 \$10 042 11 860	1 710 \$10 099 3 896	\$10 017 7 964	\$8 666 96	160 \$11 480 146	98 \$9 919 232	\$10 160 343	\$12 136 344	\$10 071 427	\$8 292 332	\$6 718 133	\$12 942 280
Mean family income 2 warkers Mean family incame	\$17 752 12 232 \$24 335	\$17 752 12 232 \$24 335	\$17 674 4 608 \$25 201	\$17 790 7 624 \$23 811	\$13 833 117 \$24 012	\$21 848 229 \$23 414	\$15 767 319 \$30 417	\$15 491 372 \$22 023	\$18 341 361 \$28 285	\$23 516 466 \$32 790	\$15 300 508 \$25 579	\$14 921 158 \$21 790	\$20 537 333 \$29 761
3 or mare workers Mean family income	2 756 \$33 773	2 756 \$33 773	1 131 \$35 047	1 625 \$32 887	Ξ	\$34 996	127 \$38 541	62 \$31 015	78 \$32 143	160 \$41 627	66 \$43 252	15 \$20 921	\$36 263

Table P-10. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1980—Con.

[Data are estimates based an a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

			Redo	ling city, Shas	ta County—C	on.			Remainder af Shasta Caunty					
Census Tracts	Tract 0110°	Tract 0111º	Troct 0112 ^p	Tract 0113°	Tract 0114º	Tract 0116°	Tract 0117°	Tract 0123°	Tract 0103°	Tract 0106°	Tract 0107º	Tract 0108°	Tract 0109°	
LABOR FORCE STATUS														
Persons 16 years and over Labor farce Percent af persons 16 years and over Civilian labor force Emplayed Unemplayed Percent af civilian labor force Female, 16 years and over Lobor force	2 348 1 370 58.3 1 370 1 140 230 16.8 1 191 537	1 032 672 65.1 668 568 100 15.0 487 235	2 470 1 546 62.6 1 546 1 393 153 9.9 1 398 718	3 291 2 114 64.2 2 114 1 852 262 12.4 1 738 926	1 696 1 121 66.1 1 121 1 010 111 9.9 886 456	424 271 63.9 271 232 39 14.4 218	- - - - -	-	-	889 519 58.4 519 443 76 14.6 422 199	418 165 39.5 165 158 7 4.2 238 57	2 351 1 281 54.5 1 281 1 167 114 8.9 1 223 521	340 177 52.1 177 166 11 6.2 169 53	
Percent of female, 16 years and aver	45.1 537 470 67 12.5 221 65 741 314	48.3 235 222 13 5.5 72 31 328 151	51.4 718 636 82 11.4 175 97 645 309	53.3 926 824 102 11.0 380 166 984 477	51.5 456 405 51 11.2 216 112 564 266	53.7 117 113 4 3.4 44 23 135 74	- - - - - -	-	-	47.2 199 179 20 10.1 54 32 322 166	23.9 57 57 - - - 152 42	42.6 521 504 17 3.3 206 72 850 348	31.4 53 47 6 11.3 17 - 131 29	
Civilian persons 16 to 19 years Not enrolled in school Not high school graduate Employed Unemployed Not in labor force	216 82 34 14 - 20	85 26 9 - - 9	263 101 9 - 9	335 75 39 4 1 34	157 21 15 10 - 5	69 10 10 - - 10	-	-	-	92 42 13 - 5 8	11 - - - -	271 43 8 - - 8	21 9 9 9 - -	
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES Employed persons 16 years and over	1 140	568	1 393	1 852	1 010	232	_			443	158	1 167	166	
Manageriol and professional specialty occupations Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations Professional specialty occupations Professional specialty occupations Technicia, sales, and administrative support occupations Sales occupations Administrative support occupations, including clerical Service occupations Private household occupations Protective service occupations Service occupations, except protective and hausehold Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations Operators, fabricators, and laborers Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectars Transportation and material moving occupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	267 155 112 369 63 138 168 231 13 20 198 16 122 135 49 58	176 59 117 209 46 78 85 71 - 19 52 11 42 59 18 26	378 125 253 477 42 223 212 241 - 8 8 233 11 156 130 18 27 85	382 176 206 691 87 242 362 281 — 11 270 41 249 208 76 38	200 102 98 367 44 157 166 159 17 25 117 9 169 106 36 32 38	23 18 5 90 9 57 24 53 14 9 30 5 28 33 11 7		-		205 102 103 133 8 35 90 27 - - 27 10 37 31 9	17 17 13 4 71 7 41 23 27 - 4 23 - 18 25 8 10	191 108 83 411 16 152 243 173 - 5 158 33 218 41 41 42	166 40 - 40 63 17 29 17 25 6 - 19 - 14 24 8	
Manufocturing	144 256 272	59 130 144	84 404 414	166 479 406	93 295 154	36 84 38	- - -	- - -	=	57 93 141	13 67 24	131 329 205	23 46	
CLASS OF WORKER														
Private wage and salary workers Government warkers Local gavernment workers Self-employed warkers	768 260 170 112	327 110 60 131	1 002 287 198 96	1 275 395 172 182	678 194 84 133	202 19 19 11	-	-	- - -	263 114 66 66	126 19 11 13	850 159 69 158	94 50 14 22	
LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979														
Persons 16 years and over, in labor force in 1979 Percent of persons 16 years and over Warked in 1979 40 or more weeks Usually warked 35 or mare haurs per week 50 to 52 weeks Usually warked 35 or more hours per week With unemplayment in 1979 Percent of thase in labor farce in 1979 Unemployed 15 or more weeks Mean weeks of unemplayment	1 567 66.7 1 538 977 850 789 709 349 22.3 261 23.9	792 76.7 770 489 422 367 326 207 26.1 52 16.0	1 760 71.3 1 726 1 132 954 896 796 403 22.9 227 20.3	2 279 69.2 2 238 1 597 1 305 1 309 1 073 506 22.2 197	1 216 71.7 1 201 883 730 718 622 206 16.9 109 19.6	275 64.9 275 162 144 110 105 81 29.5 48 18.8	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	-		617 69.4 598 383 343 300 279 147 23.8 82 21.6	175 41.9 175 120 84 103 74 31 17.7 18 22.1	1 475 62.7 1 420 930 790 715 640 394 26.7 189 18.7	180 52.9 180 144 119 52 52 22 12.2 7 18.4	
DISABILITY STATUS OF NONINSTITUTIONAL PERSONS														
Male, 16 to 64 years With a work disability Nat in labor force Prevented from warking	995 162 99 54	509 45 10	920 77 36 28	1 369 141 82 60	760 90 50 45	200 21 6 -	-	- - -	=	409 70 41 33	111 28 14 14	959 136 85 76	112 7 	
Female, 16 to 64 years With a work disability Not in labor farce Prevented fram warking	1 013 134 110 63	456 69 61 46	1 122 53 45 45	1 467 140 104 90	819 77 64 51	206 16 5 5	- - -	-	=	364 31 25 25	128 22 16 16	1 084 71 58 46	140 12 12 7	
Persons 16 to 64 years With a public transportation disability With a work disability	2 008 47 47	965 6 6	2 042 14 14	2 836 50 50	1 579 42 42	406 10 10	-	-	=	773 13 13	239 _ _	2 043 29 29	252 - -	
Persons 65 years and over With a public tronsportation disability	340 53	67 12	254 33	445 58	117 6	18 -	-	-	Ξ	116 10	179 10	308 21	88 7	
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1979 No workers	172	11	125	136	76	12	_			50	62	158	37	
Mean family income 1 warker Mean family income 2 workers Mean fomily income 3 ar mare warkers Mean family income	\$9 017 307 \$16 201 331 \$19 941 79 \$36 631	\$13 217 135 \$19 825 174 \$25 296 65 \$34 361	\$9 478 311 \$16 439 350 \$21 694 128 \$35 338	\$11 862 507 \$15 719 527 \$21 800 107 \$29 038	\$9 953 218 \$18 916 331 \$22 752 72 \$23 564	\$4 663 85 \$15 863 32 \$18 993 28 \$31 351	-	-	-	\$9 873 106 \$33 410 144 \$37 181 56 \$39 052	\$31 167 44 \$21 122 39 \$19 803 9 \$24 721	\$11 919 311 \$19 223 328 \$20 817 70 \$32 762	\$25 066 44 \$41 475 56 \$34 094	

Table P-10. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1980—Con.

[Data are estimates based on a somple; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Remoinder of Shasto County—Con.												
Census Tracts	Tract 0110°	Troct 01119	Tract 0112°	Tract 0113°	Tract 0114°	Tract 0115	Troct 0116	Tract 0117°	Tract 0118	Tract 0119	Tract 0120	Troct 0121	Tract 0122
LABOR FORCE STATUS													
Persons 16 years and over	1 701	_	•••		1 269	3 651	2 023	4 533	4 095	2 691	2 902	3 424	3 003
Lobor farce Percent of persons 16 years and over	1 191 70.0	_	• • •	• • •	741 58.4	2 017 55.2	977 48.3	2 304 50.8	2 073 50.6	1 668 62.0	1 625 56.0	1 788 52.2	1 502 50.0
Civilian lobor farceEmployed	1 191 1 086	_	•••	• • •	741 650	2 017 1 762	977 849	2 304 1 954	2 073 1 825	1 668 1 505	1 625 1 295	1 788 1 518	1 495 1 202
UnemployedPercent af civilian labar farce	105 8.8	Ξ	• • • •	• • •	91 12.3	255 12.6	128 13.1	350 15.2	248 12.0	163 9.8	330 20.3	270 15.1	293 19.6
Female, 16 years and over	872 487	-	•••		604 199	1 902 788	971	2 331 938	2 080 864	1 396	1 577	1 823	1 546
Lobor farce Percent af femole, 16 years ond over	55.8	-	•••	•••	32.9	41.4	432 44.5	40.2	41.5	712 51.0	681 43.2	732 40.2	524 33.9
Civilian labor force	487 459 28	Ξ	•••	•••	199 190 9	788 708 80	432 382 50	938 842 96	864 799 65	712 634 78	681 557 124	732 668	524 454 70
Percent of civilian labor force With awn children under 6 years	5.7 182	=	•••	• • • •	4.5 90	10.2 332	11.6 99	10.2 371	7.5 290	11.0 214	18.2 396	64 8.7 267	13.4 282
In labor force Married, husband present	79 595	Ξ	•••	• • •	40 430	112 1 362	36 630	97 1 474	84 1 447	77 993	152 817	81 1 130	133 994
In labor force	297	=	•••	• • • •	126	508	269	555	592	516	300	443	347
Civilion persons 16 to 19 years Nat enrolled in school	184 35	-		• • •	176 41	334 93	168 33	335 74	371 127	332 71	347 138	289 82	346 81
Nat high school graduate Emplayed	17 5	_	• • •	• • •	28 _	22 12	27	35 5	48 19	_	54 16	. 33	25 9
UnemplayedNot in labor force	12	_	• • •	• • •	14 14	5 5	27	13 17	29	_	38	5 23	11 5
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES													
Employed persons 16 years and over Managerial and professional specialty occupations	1 086 264	=	•••	• • •	650 188	1 762 372	849 181	1 954 361	1 825 290	1 505 466	1 295 134	1 518 278	1 202 169
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations Prafessianal specialty occupations	134 130	=	•••	• • • •	96 92	191 181	47 134	221 140	213 77	208 258	54 80	142 136	90 79
Technical, sales, and administrative support occupations Technicians and related support occupations	382 12	_		•••	205 35	567 53	257 23	552 73	589 63	448 96	328 20	407 45	254
Sales occupations Administrative support occupations, including clericol	120 250	_	•••	•••	88 82	213 301	107 127	186 293	205 321	158 194	102 206	160 202	85 162
Service occupationsPrivate household occupations	173 11	_	•••	•••	93	264	196	392 9	320 8	184	220 10	266 14	213
Pratective service accupatians	34 128	^ <u>-</u>		•••	13 80	8 256	15 181	14 369	36 276	27 157	210	13 239	12 189
Farming, farestry, and fishing occupations Precision production, craft, and repoir accupations	12 164	_		•••	10 86	71 216	6 54	15 341	51 292	45 231	51 195	65 263	62 203
Operators, fabricators, and labarers	91 28	_	•••		68	272 89	155 48	293 101	283 73	131 39	367 179	239 94	301 124
Tronsportotian ond materiol moving occupations Handlers, equipment cleoners, helpers, and lobarers	19 44	Ξ	•••	•••	46 22	115 68	37 70	121 71	127 83	61 31	99 89	60 85	96 81
Manufacturing	100 228 233	<u>-</u> -			42 169 143	251 454 348	92 222 255	138 559 427	182 537 290	125 318 338	261 348 161	308 400 270	255 327 170
CLASS OF WORKER													
Private woge ond salary workers Government workers	702 234	_	•••	• • •	388 235	1 237 365	554 225	1 237 524	1 264 356	904 357	978 203	1 212 234	892 134
Local gavernment warkersSelf-emplayed warkers	151 114	-	•••	•••	98 25	211 160	159 70	264 167	221 194	246 233	89 114	117	96 176
LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979													
Persons 16 years and over, in labor force in 1979	1 267	-	•••		816	2 340	1 089	2 708	2 418	1 850	1 856	1 948	1 732
Percent of persons 16 years ond over Warked in 1979	74.5 1 255	Ξ	• • • •	•••	64.3 797	64.1 2 284	53.8 1 069	59.7 2 647	2 365	68.7 1 829	64.0 1 820	56.9 1 915	57.7 1 695
40 or more weeks Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	837 739	Ξ	•••	• • • •	528 477	1 584 1 395	705 581	1 675	1 230	1 243	1 096 949	1 213	1 156 997
50 to 52 weeks Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	719 644	Ξ	•••		494 453	1 254 1 119	533 459	1 187 1 043	989	1 029 928	761 670	981 899	915 801
With unemployment in 1979	225 17.8 119	=	•••		154 18.9	466 19.9	265 24.3	875 32.3	708 29.3	404 21.8	650 35.0	498 25.6	340 19.6 199
Unemployed 15 ar mare weeks Mean weeks of unemplayment	19.4	Ξ	•••	•••	96 19.6	159 15.7	131 18.8	488 20.0	334 17.0	161 13.9	281 15.2	254 18.3	19.5
DISABILITY STATUS OF HONINSTITUTIONAL PERSONS													
Male, 16 to 64 years With a work disability	781 84	_	• • •	• • • •	636 58	1 523 151	863 167	1 795 320	1 775 309	1 1 90 142	1 168 161	1 291 151	1 259 145
Not in labor force Prevented from warking	32 26	_	•••	• • •	36 23	87 74	148 133	235 217	217 190	58 58	73 68	72 72	79 68
Female, 16 to 64 years	796	-	•••		590	1 571	854	1 913	1 849	1 261	1 363	1 399	1 335
With o work disability Not in labor force Prevented fram warking	38 29 29	Ξ	•••	•••	78 78	92 80	121 89	302 241	183 144	94 76	124 85	184 164 153	161 143
Persons 16 to 64 years	1 577	_	•••	•••	65 1 226	54 3 094	76 1 717	195 3 708	112 3 624	57 2 451	76 2 531	2 690	133 2 594
With o public transportatian disability With o work disability	30 30	-	•••	•••	80 80	33 19	76 76	167 162	65 65	11	42 32	47 41	129 122
Persons 65 years and over With a public transportation disability	12 4 44	-	•••	•••	43	557 18	300 70	803 159	466 22	240 24	362 36	734 64	395 43
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1979													
Na warkers Mean fomity income	54 \$10 681	Ξ	•••	• • •	37 \$9 172	238 \$12 933	206 \$8 790	379 \$9 147	360 \$9 032	126 \$15 913	173 \$7 631	284 \$7 582	183 \$8 452
1 warker	225 \$20 873	=	•••	•••	251 \$21 539	479 \$18 482	229 \$20 311	556 \$13 906	515 \$19 741	307 \$23 791	576 \$13 146	501 \$15 624	490 \$15 464
2 workers	357 \$25 061	=	•••	•••	172 \$27 962	612 \$26 888	254 \$25 804	589 \$20 763	556 \$21 445	471 \$28 616	369 \$20 054	435 \$23 099	430 \$22 616
3 or more workers	51 \$26 576	Ξ	•••	•••	37 \$42 530	112 \$31 487	40 \$28 296	155 \$35 397	161 \$32 932	146 \$32 785	79 \$27 632	101 \$30 434	67 \$25 207
,					Ţ. <u>L</u> 300	70. 707	7-0 270	703 077	702 702	402 703	42. 302	700-104	+

Table P-10. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1980—Con.

[Oata are estimates based an a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions af terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Remainder af Shasta County—Can.				Tatals	far split trac	ts in Shasta	Caunty					
Census Tracts	Tract 0123°	Tract 0124	Tract 0125	Tract 0126	Tract 0127	Tract 0103	Tract 0106	Tract 0107	Tract 0108	Tract 0109	Tract 0110	Tract 0111	Tract 0112
LABOR FORCE STATUS													
Persons 16 years and over Labor force Percent af persons 16 years and over Civilian labor force Emplayed Unemployed	6 633 3 393 51.2 3 393 2 803 590	2 358 1 345 57.0 1 345 1 161 184	1 339 620 46.3 620 468 152	5 023 2 388 47.5 2 388 1 868 520	5 611 2 952 52.6 2 912 2 511 401	2 144 1 433 66.8 1 433 1 279 154	4 125 2 673 64.8 2 673 2 391 282	3 887 2 245 57.8 2 245 1 988 257	3 423 2 077 60.7 2 070 1 822 248	2 436 1 511 62.0 1 511 1 367 144	4 049 2 561 63.3 2 561 2 226 335	1 032 672 65.1 668 568 100	2 486 1 555 62.6 1 555 1 402 153
Percent of civilian labor force Female, 16 years and over Labor farce Percent af female, 16 years and aver Civilian labor farce Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor farce With awn children under 6 years In labor farce Married, husband present In lobor force Civilian persons 16 to 19 years Not enrolled in school Nat high school graduate Emplayed Unemplayed Nat in labor farce	17.4 3 375 1 279 37.9 1 289 1 99 1 5.6 711 197 2 371 917 595 148 117 51 20 46	13.7 1 143 562 49.2 562 49.5 67 11.9 148 60 788 429 267 52 27 9 — 18	24.5 629 246 39.1 246 191 55 22.4 47 16 383 113 68 7	21.8 2 480 719 29.0 719 606 113 15.7 407 70 1 822 512 398 124 72 30 29 13	13.8 2 844 1 088 38.3 1 088 1 020 68 6.3 574 244 1 981 768 456 114 55 7 30 18	10.7 1 097 582 53.1 582 538 44 7.6 158 84 669 349 269 13 50 13 55	10.5 2 094 1 079 51.5 1 079 980 99 9.2 366 139 1 326 661 447 116 36 23 5	11.4 2 102 1 068 50.8 1 068 965 103 9.6 208 85 1 046 458 316 89 36 18 13	12.0 1 812 932 51.4 932 853 79 8.5 251 87 1 085 494 438 125 46 27 5	9.5 1 220 586 48.0 586 543 43 7.3 179 88 787 329 207 70 311 9 7	13.1 2 063 1 024 49.6 1 024 929 95 9.3 403 144 1 336 611 400 117 51 19 - 32	15.0 487 235 48.3 235 222 13 5.5 72 31 328 151 85 26 9	9.8 1 408 721 51.2 721 639 82 11.4 178 100 651 312 263 101 9
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES													
Employed persons 16 years and over Monagerial and prafessional specialty occupations Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations Prafessianal specialty occupations Technical, sales, and administrative support occupations Technicans and related support occupations Sales occupations Administrative support occupations, including clerical Service accupations Private hausehald accupations Pratective service occupations, except pratective and household Terming, farestry, and fishing occupations Precisian production, craft, and repoir occupations Operators, fabricators, and laborers Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectars Transportation and material maving accupations Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	2 803 369 179 190 756 69 340 347 435 11 46 378 59 682 502 192 214 96	1 161 274 102 172 461 217 165 52 113 60 131 70 25 45	468 124 52 72 68 - 13 55 70 - 10 60 - 94 112 32 39 41	1 868 434 243 191 383 26 115 242 218 26 15 177 281 239 313 112 143 58	2 511 460 198 262 623 311 284 356 6 18 332 281 270 521 206	1 279 309 162 147 401 145 197 241 6 235 6 198 124 33 63 28	2 391 886 393 818 82 300 436 271 16 43 212 40 171 205 33 91 81	1 988 512 300 212 753 49 342 362 289 6 49 234 18 239 177 83 62 32	1 822 314 - 151 163 698 36 275 387 264 - 24 240 255 5284 207 81 61 61	1 367 355 184 171 498 52 222 224 167 6 - 161 - 150 197 35 121	2 226 531 289 242 751 75 258 418 404 24 54 326 28 286 226 77 77	568 176 59 117 209 46 78 85 71 19 52 11 42 59 18	1 402 381 125 256 477 42 223 212 244 - 8 236 11 159 130 18 27
Manufacturing Whalesale and retail trade Prafessianal and related services	416 739 501	64 291 233	35 103 72	288 333 365	444 561 442	66 301 342	178 542 684	194 565 408	216 511 317	67 413 307	244 484 505	59 130 144	84 404 417
CLASS OF WORKER													
Private wage and salary warkers Government workers Local gavernment workers Self-employed warkers	1 973 475 293 337	661 341 229 159	260 141 37 67	1 228 393 271 239	1 613 504 269 361	903 274 103 102	1 537 629 398 225	1 387 462 277 133	1 315 309 146 198	962 220 120 185	1 470 494 321 226	327 110 60 131	1 008 290 201 96
LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979													
Persons 16 years and over, in labor force in 1979 Percent of persons 16 years and over Warked in 1979 40 or more weeks Usually warked 35 ar more hours per week 50 ta 52 weeks Usually warked 35 ar mare haurs per week With unemplayment in 1979 Percent of thase in labor force in 1979 Unemployed 15 ar mare weeks Mean weeks af unemplayment	3 894 58.7 3 805 2 591 2 231 1 976 1 731 1 045 26.8 488 18.0	1 541 65.4 1 494 1 000 818 807 652 328 21.3 144	707 52.8 678 370 308 297 270 171 24.2 123 24.7	2 799 55.7 2 756 1 617 1 385 1 218 1 038 728 26.0 432 20.8	3 411 60.8 3 336 1 815 1 499 1 286 1 158 971 28.5 572 18.6	1 528 71.3 1 520 1 097 952 881 760 305 20.0 115 16.0	2 952 71.6 2 863 1 997 1 735 1 658 1 474 639 21.6 269 16.4	2 519 64.8 2 485 1 743 1 548 1 513 1 368 488 19.4 231 17.4	2 349 68.6 2 280 1 509 1 273 1 225 1 085 633 26.9 346 19.0	1 691 69.4 1 670 1 270 1 100 1 011 908 333 19.7 158 17.0	2 834 70.0 2 793 1 814 1 589 1 508 1 353 574 20.3 380 22.2	792 76.7 770 489 422 367 326 207 26.1 52 16.0	1 766 71.0 1 732 1 138 960 902 802 403 22.8 227 20.3
DISABILITY STATUS OF NONINSTITUTIONAL PERSONS													
Male, 16 to 64 years With a wark disability Nat in labor farce Prevented fram warking	2 851 481 347 310	1 029 166 108 99	517 129 96 83	2 147 338 206 157	2 379 210 122 98	945 22 — —	1 802 252 122 107	1 469 235 149 135	1 413 173 99 90	1 042 59 24 14	1 776 246 131 80	509 45 10 -	926 77 36 28
Female, 16 to 64 years With a wark disability Not in labor farce Prevented from warking	2 926 382 341 311	1 000 84 78 53	490 47 40 33	2 099 235 220 142	2 400 152 115 104	993 90 70 49	1 800 165 116 95	1 674 163 144 138	1 639 95 74 54	1 023 73 52 25	1 809 172 139 92	456 69 61 46	1 132 57 49 49
Persons 16 to 64 years With a public transportation disability With a wark disability	5 777 223 223	2 029 39 39	1 007 50 50	4 246 66 57	4 779 98 78	1 938 30 30	3 602 52 52	3 143 87 87	3 052 29 29	2 065 30 30	3 585 77 77	965 6 6	2 058 14 14
Persons 65 years and over With a public transportation disability	811 151	264 6	332 23	777 106	832 118	200	523 66	744 55	366 21	371 21	464 97	67 12	254 33
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1979	510	100	100	E00	101		170	507	00.5	100	051	, .	,,,,
No warkers	\$18 \$8 432 1 142 \$16 320 882 \$25 127 181 \$33 985	\$7 619 391 \$17 058 355 \$23 101 64 \$35 525	189 \$9 463 116 \$17 102 98 \$23 503 52 \$27 301	\$10 598 842 \$19 548 588 \$23 374 133 \$33 399	\$9 204 \$204 828 \$16 364 889 \$21 023 111 \$39 135	\$98 \$9 919 232 \$15 767 319 \$30 417 127 \$38 541	\$10 014 533 \$25 484 610 \$33 826 216 \$40 959	307 \$12 911 376 \$15 981 547 \$25 167 75 \$41 029	203 \$10 766 444 \$17 935 486 \$21 134 85 \$30 673	\$16 315 324 \$23 380 389 \$30 385 89 \$36 263	\$26 \$9 415 532 \$18 177 688 \$22 598 130 \$32 686	\$13 217 135 \$19 825 174 \$25 296 65 \$34 361	\$9 478 317 \$16 984 350 \$21 694 128 \$35 338

Table P-10. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1980—Con.

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Totals far split trocts in Shasta Caunty—Can.							
Census Tracts	Troct 0113	Troct 0114	Tract 0116	Tract 0117	Troct 0123		
LABOR FORCE STATUS							
Persons 16 years and over Lobar force Percent of persons 16 years and over Civilian labor force Emplayed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor farce	3 308 2 120 64.1 2 120 1 852 268 12.6	2 965 1 862 62.8 1 862 1 660 202 10.8	2 447 1 248 51.0 1 248 1 081 167 13.4	4 533 2 304 50.8 2 304 1 954 350 15.2	6 633 3 393 51.2 3 393 2 803 590 17.4		
Female, 16 years and over Labor force Percent of female, 16 years ond over Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor farce With awn children under 6 years In lobor force Morried, husbond present In labor force	1 744 926 53.1 926 824 102 11.0 380 166 990 477	1 490 655 44.0 655 595 60 9.2 306 152 994 392	1 189 549 46.2 549 495 54 9.8 143 59 765 343	2 331 938 40.2 938 842 96 10.2 371 97 1 474 555	3 375 1 279 37.9 1 279 1 080 199 15.6 711 197 2 371 917		
Civillan persons 16 to 19 years Not enrolled in school Not high school graduate Employed Unemployed Not in labor farce	335 75 39 4 1 34	333 62 43 10 14	237 43 37 - - 37	335 74 35 5 13 17	595 148 117 51 20 46		
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES Employed persons 16 years and over	1 852	1 660	1 081	1 954	9 003		
Managerial and professional specialty occupations Executive, administrative, and managerial accupations Professional specialty accupations Technical, sales, and administrative suppart occupations Technicions and related suppart accupations Soles occupations Administrative suppart occupations, including clerical Service occupations Private hausehold occupations Private hausehold occupations Service accupations, except protective and household Farming, forestry, and fishing accupations Precision praduction, craft, and repair accupations Operators, fabricators, and laborers Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transpartation and material moving occupations Hondlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and loborers	382 176 206 691 87 242 362 281 - 11 270 41 249 208 76 38	388 198 190 572 79 245 248 252 17 38 197 19 255 174 36 78	204 65 139 347 32 164 151 249 14 221 211 11 82 188 59 44	361 221 140 552 73 186 293 392 9 14 369 15 341 293 101	2 803 369 179 190 756 69 340 347 435 11 46 378 59 99 682 502 192 214		
Monufacturing Wholesale ond retail trode Prafessianal and related services	166 4 79 406	135 464 297	128 306 293	138 559 427	416 739 501		
CLASS OF WORKER							
Privote woge ond solary warkers Gavemment warkers Local gavemment workers Self-emplayed warkers	1 275 395 172 182	1 066 429 182 158	756 244 178 81	1 237 524 264 167	1 973 475 293 337		
LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979					-		
Persons 16 years and over, in labor force in 1979 Percent of persons 16 years and over Warked in 1979 40 ar mare weeks Usually worked 35 or more hours per week Usually worked 35 or more hours per week Usually worked 35 or more hours per week With unemplayment in 1979 Percent of those in lobor farce in 1979 Unemployed 15 or more weeks Mean weeks of unemployment	2 285 69.1 2 244 1 597 1 305 1 309 1 073 512 22.4 203 14.8	2 032 68.5 1 998 1 411 1 207 1 212 1 075 360 17.7 205	1 364 55.7 1 344 867 725 643 564 346 25.4 179 18.8	2 708 59.7 2 647 1 675 1 419 1 187 1 043 875 32.3 488 20.0	3 894 58.7 3 805 2 591 2 231 1 976 1 731 1 045 26.8 488 18.0		
DISABILITY STATUS OF NONINSTITUTIONAL PERSONS							
Male, 16 to 64 years With a wark disability Nat in labor farce Prevented from working	1 375 141 82 60	1 396 148 86 68	1 063 188 154 133	1 795 320 235 217	2 851 481 347 310		
Female, 16 to 64 years With a work disability Not in labor force Prevented from working	1 467 140 104 90	1 409 155 142 116	1 060 137 94 81	1 913 302 241 195	2 926 382 341 311		
Persons 16 to 64 years	2 842 50 50	2 805 122 122	2 123 86 86	3 708 167 162	5 777 223 223		
Persons 65 years and over With a public transportation disability	456 58	160 6	318 70	803 159	811 151		
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1979	10.	112	212	070			
No warkers Mean family income 1 worker Mean family income 2 workers Mean family incame 3 ar more warkers Mean family incame	\$11 862 512 \$15 653 527 \$21 800 107 \$29 038	\$9 697 469 \$20 320 503 \$24 534 109 \$30 002	218 \$8 563 314 \$19 107 286 \$25 042 68 \$29 554	379 \$9 147 556 \$13 906 589 \$20 763 155 \$35 397	\$18 \$8 432 1 1142 \$16 320 882 \$25 127 181 \$33 985		

Table P-11. Income and Poverty Status in 1979: 1980

[Oato are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		S	hosto County					Redding	city, Shosto	County			
Census Tracts	The SMSA	Total	Redding city	Remoinder	Troct 0101	Troct 0102	Troct 0103°	Troct 0104	Troct 0105	Tract 0106°	Troct 0107°	Troct 0108°	Troct 0109°
INCOME IN 1979 Households Less than \$5,000	43 357 5 905	43 357 5 905	16 841 2 301	26 516 3 604	882 228	1 0 53 241	1 000 72	1 380 177	1 682 272	1 638 181	2 004 354	599 102	1 058 90
\$5,000 to \$7,499 \$7,500 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Medion	4 449 4 141 7 602 5 997 5 026 5 889 2 808 1 540 \$14 699 \$18 071	4 449 4 141 7 602 5 997 5 026 5 889 2 808 1 540 \$14 699 \$18 071	1 590 1 620 3 048 2 276 1 839 2 389 1 146 632 \$14 770 \$18 433	2 859 2 521 4 554 3 721 3 187 3 500 1 662 908 \$14 644 \$17 842	102 177 133 63 52 92 35 - \$9 068 \$12 557	127 60 240 88 86 136 61 14 \$12 414 \$15 236	53 86 169 93 111 248 128 40 \$21 467 \$22 796	158 168 272 247 158 131 46 23 \$13 340 \$15 358	165 211 260 186 179 220 107 82 \$13 463 \$18 252	219 115 195 147 188 286 164 143 \$18 733 \$23 578	237 153 437 249 156 240 82 96 \$12 879 \$17 153	21 96 118 110 67 52 12 21 \$12 454 \$16 321	123 81 115 174 131 155 108 81 \$17 823 \$22 344
Owner-occupied households Median income Mean income Renter-occupied households Median income Mean income Families Median income	29 292 \$17 238 \$20 406 14 065 \$10 565 \$13 209 32 662 \$17 024	29 292 \$17 238 \$20 406 14 065 \$10 565 \$13 209 32 662 \$17 024	9 020 \$19 678 \$22 765 7 821 \$10 919 \$13 436 11 345 \$18 158	20 272 \$16 289 \$19 356 6 244 \$10 119 \$12 925 21 317 \$16 485	108 \$17 917 \$15 976 774 \$8 734 \$12 079 299 \$13 343	\$19 271 \$21 644 566 \$7 225 \$9 723 590 \$18 438	\$26 439 \$27 383 357 \$12 393 \$14 532 776 \$24 196	784 \$16 711 \$18 706 596 \$9 621 \$10 953 954 \$16 273	786 \$19 619 \$23 961 896 \$9 983 \$13 244 931 \$19 341	1 038 \$24 583 \$30 084 600 \$7 486 \$12 324 1 176 \$22 621	858 \$16 778 \$21 923 1 146 \$11 391 \$13 581 1 151 \$15 148	\$16 897 \$19 198 387 \$11 141 \$14 746 351 \$15 907	\$23 324 \$26 663 481 \$14 968 \$17 163 798 \$20 543
Mean income Unrelated individuals 15 years and over Medion income Mean income Per capita income INCOME TYPE IN 1979	\$20 196 14 367 \$6 134 \$8 734 \$6 791	\$20 196 14 367 \$6 134 \$8 734 \$6 791	\$21 322 7 402 \$6 927 \$9 328 \$7 444	\$19 598 6 965 \$5 353 \$8 103 \$6 418	\$16 330 803 \$5 481 \$8 306 \$7 603	\$20 870 526 \$5 833 \$7 077 \$7 443	\$24 778 \$24 778 345 \$8 750 \$10 340 \$8 209	\$18 058 540 \$5 421 \$7 422 \$6 193	\$22 367 953 \$7 567 \$10 119 \$8 039	\$28 249 592 \$6 056 \$9 181 \$9 188	\$19 948 1 091 \$7 589 \$10 470 \$8 199	\$17 218 398 \$7 400 \$9 420 \$7 315	\$25 226 355 \$8 262 \$10 175 \$8 398
With earnings Mean earnings With Social Security income Mean Social Security income With public assistance income Mean public assistance income	43 357 33 112 \$18 758 11 834 \$4 266 5 384 \$2 760	43 357 33 112 \$18 758 11 834 \$4 266 5 384 \$2 760	16 841 13 315 \$18 787 4 177 \$4 147 1 986 \$2 778	26 516 19 797 \$18 739 7 657 \$4 331 3 398 \$2 751	\$882 545 \$14 167 358 \$3 763 203 \$2 232	1 053 660 \$16 917 407 \$4 360 139 \$3 026	1 000 861 \$22 279 233 \$4 308 81 \$3 089	1 380 1 072 \$15 112 328 \$4 698 242 \$2 565	1 682 1 291 \$18 189 500 \$4 042 161 \$2 957	1 638 1 324 \$24 163 382 \$4 037 199 \$2 862	2 004 1 538 \$17 850 542 \$4 057 205 \$2 436	599 529 \$16 542 61 \$3 426 50 \$2 452	1 058 884 \$22 262 203 \$4 890 82 \$2 031
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY FAMILY TYPE Families With own children under 18 yeors Without own children under 18 yeors Without own children under 18 yeors With own children under 18 yeors Without own children under 18 yeors Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 yeors Without own children under 18 yeors	\$20 196 \$20 931 \$19 438 \$21 534 \$23 492 \$19 743 \$10 539 \$9 412 \$13 648	\$20 196 \$20 931 \$19 438 \$21 534 \$23 492 \$19 743 \$10 539 \$9 412 \$13 648	\$21 322 \$21 233 \$21 413 \$23 476 \$24 816 \$22 272 \$11 146 \$9 453 \$15 093	\$19 598 \$20 770 \$18 390 \$20 584 \$22 853 \$18 492 \$9 961 \$9 375 \$11 881	\$16 330 \$13 737 \$17 137 \$17 598 \$16 162 \$17 943 \$10 289 \$8 989 \$12 369	\$20 870 \$18 881 \$22 010 \$22 932 \$22 707 \$23 038 \$10 658 \$9 222 \$13 678	\$24 778 \$26 642 \$22 624 \$27 313 \$31 006 \$23 619 \$11 706 \$12 533 \$8 689	\$18 058 \$18 674 \$17 401 \$19 422 \$21 426 \$17 613 \$11 374 \$9 864 \$15 819	\$22 367 \$21 636 \$22 895 \$25 892 \$27 284 \$25 017 \$11 851 \$9 801 \$14 461	\$28 249 \$26 083 \$30 505 \$30 504 \$28 535 \$32 538 \$11 959 \$8 917 \$15 313	\$19 948 \$20 221 \$19 761 \$21 832 \$25 236 \$19 959 \$9 540 \$8 055 \$13 450	\$17. 218 \$16 833 \$17 605 \$20 473 \$22 538 \$19 063 \$9 030 \$7 621 \$12 100	\$25 226 \$23 946 \$26 685 \$27 558 \$28 537 \$26 683 \$12 194 \$9 550 \$26 735
ALL INCOME LEVELS IN 1979 Families Householder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 years Femole householder, no husband present Householder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years	32 662 24 664 17 216 3 600 2 603 2 844 1 083	32 662 24 664 17 216 3 600 2 603 2 844 1 083	11 345 8 944 6 045 1 756 1 300 1 338 497	21 317 15 720 11 171 1 844 1 303 1 506 586	299 202 71 39 26 24	590 374 245 90 51 61	776 630 441 107 76 84 23	954 725 504 142 109 106 47	931 734 423 225 175 143 41	1 176 954 636 143 101 95 54	1 151 823 483 178 98 145 35	351 279 187 89 68 67	798 677 431 104 74 88 16
Unrelated Individuals for whom poverty status is determined 65 years and over Persons for whom poverty status is determined	4 809 14 260 3 909 114 208	4 809 14 260 3 909	1 645 7 402 1 754	3 164 6 858 2 155	79 803 259 1 501	526 232 2 141	345 32 2 733	540 103 3 460	953 282 3 587	124 592 156 4 202	205 1 091 217 4 155	22 398 18	355 90 2 814
Under 18 years Related children under 18 years Related children 5 to 17 years 18 to 59 years 60 years ond over 65 years ond over	32 708 32 278 23 909 63 338 18 162 12 418	114 208 32 708 32 278 23 909 63 338 18 162 12 418	41 156 10 799 10 597 7 643 23 921 6 436 4 676	73 052 21 909 21 681 16 266 39 417 11 726 7 742	138 133 65 872 491 391	392 392 285 1 153 596 502	749 723 530 1 672 312 200	882 882 626 2 028 550 412	754 705 491 2 091 742 617	1 171 1 132 807 2 403 628 407	803 783 553 2 611 741 565	1 327 320 295 202 927 80 58	805 802 591 1 628 381 283
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL Families Percent below poverty level Householder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 years Femole householder, no husband present Householder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Householder 65 years and over	2 864 8.8 1 541 2 066 1 008 546 922 545 255	2 864 8.8 1 541 2 066 1 008 546 922 545 255	882 7.8 419 623 426 186 383 225 54	1 982 9.3 1 122 1 443 582 360 539 320 201	- - - - - - -	9.2 15 41 26 10 26 9	56 7.2 17 33 32 17 24 17	5.1 39 43 20 10 20	85 9.1 39 49 56 23 40 12	96 8.2 47 86 41 16 41 31	118 10.3 42 68 59 9 51 28	12.0 21 28 34 21 28 13	61 7.6 39 54 23 7 23 7
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined Percent below poverty level 65 years and over Persons for whom poverty status is determined Percent below poverty level Under 18 years Related children under 18 years Related children 5 to 17 years	3 284 23.0 722 12 459 10.9 4 584 4 285 2 905	3 284 23.0 722 12 459 10.9 4 584 4 285 2 905	1 509 20.4 294 4 156 10.1 1 371 1 236 753	1 775 25.9 428 8 303 11.4 3 213 3 049 2 152	177 22.0 42 177 11.8 -5	150 28.5 69 325 15.2 90 90 56	64 18.6 - 201 7.4 73 55 27	117 21.7 17 269 7.8 76 76 52	195 20.5 47 429 12.0 112 89 66	88 14.9 7 382 9.1 176 143 59	217 19.9 42 543 13.1 154 134 97	65 16.3 7 192 14.5 77 64 34	43 12.1 10 257 9.1 115 112 66
18 to 59 years 60 years and over 65 years ond over INCOME IN 1979 BELOW SPECIFIED POVERTY LEVEL Percent of persons for whom poverty status is determined:	6 110 1 765 1 159	6 110 1 765 1 159	2 187 598 386	3 923 1 167 773	123 49 42	134 101 80	97 31 13	176 17 17	234 83 56	176 30 30	313 76 57	108 7 7	125 17 10
Below 75 percent of poverty level Below 125 percent of poverty level Below 150 percent of poverty level Below 200 percent of poverty level	6.7 17.0 23.4 36.5	6.7 17.0 23.4 36.5	5.9 15.8 22.0 33.9	7.2 17.7 24.3 37.9	6.2 19.7 35.0 55.9	6.7 18.8 23.7 34.8	6.4 10.0 15.7 21.2	4.1 16.5 21.0 40.0	6.7 15.1 23.8 34.3	3.7 13.9 17.8 25.4	8.9 17.5 25.4 39.0	13.0 25.6 32.3 36.6	5.3 11.8 16.5 32.7

Table P-11. Income and Poverty Status in 1979: 1980—Con.

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

			Redd	ing city, Shos	to County—Co	n.				Remoind	er of Shosto	County	
Census Tracts	Troct 0110°	Troct 0111º	Troct 0112°	Troct 0113º	Troct 0114º	Troct 0116º	Troct 0117º	Troct 0123°	Troct 0103°	Troct 0106°	Troct 0107º	Troct 0108º	Troct 0109°
Households	1 199 147 147 127 233 201 97 165 61 21 \$13 690 \$16 511 840 \$16 165 \$18 410 \$713 \$12 069 889 \$9 713 \$12 069 889 \$5 773 \$8 223 \$6 318	493 29 20 23 109 54 83 99 48 820 575 \$22 421 377 \$21 658 \$23 187 \$116 \$14 741 \$19 934 385 \$22 614 \$24 563 166 \$10 538 \$9 791 \$8 181	1 198 156 98 117 221 199 96 153 109 49 \$15 155 \$18 388 \$40 \$23 750 \$25 079 \$12 897 914 \$16 903 \$20 146 431 \$7 019 \$8 608 \$6 836	1 652 163 76 139 338 293 258 249 114 22 \$17 292 \$18 184 1 065 \$18 208 \$19 241 477 \$16 267 1 277 \$18 258 \$18 934 \$18 155 \$9 131 \$11 155 \$6 596	818 65 24 62 165 167 143 109 71 12 \$17 687 \$19 580 \$17 581 \$20 354 \$17 755 \$17 527 697 \$17 847 \$20 241 167 \$6 775 \$11 171 \$6 137	\$185 24 20 5 43 5 34 54 \$15 250 \$17 681 \$111 \$20 764 \$19 334 \$11 310 \$15 201 \$157 \$20 302 \$18 407 \$22 37 381 \$7 579 \$5 128				413 41 31 16 72 44 27 52 67 63 \$20 521 \$29 711 \$358 \$24 167 \$32 656 \$10 540 356 \$10 540 356 \$25 000 \$32 517 92 \$4 345 \$7 597 \$10 034	240 44 37 27 34 16 29 11 14 5 \$11 429 \$18 741 200 \$11 071 \$18 938 40 \$16 250 \$17 758 154 \$16 765 \$25 042 90 \$4 769 \$7 156 \$9 246	1 066 143 51 133 230 159 92 145 89 24 \$14 496 \$17 517 \$15 632 \$18 413 \$8 818 \$11 542 867 \$16 343 \$19 588 \$334 \$4 085 \$5 979 \$6 284	162 9 8 - 22 - 20 31 35 37 \$29 559 \$35 348 106 \$42 806 \$44 349 \$41 464 \$18 311 137 \$29 044 \$34 026 32 \$26 212 \$36 415 \$13 795
With earnings	1 199 919 \$16 923 324 \$4 231 212 \$2 986	\$20 720 66 \$3 683 41 \$3 288	1 198 1 011 \$18 334 232 \$3 640 114 \$3 215	1 652 1 351 \$18 191 399 \$4 101 164 \$3 302	818 721 \$19 045 119 \$4 528 61 \$2 589	185 167 \$17 816 23 \$2 562 32 \$3 234	-	-	- - - - -	413 334 \$32 260 73 \$3 983 61 \$3 903	240 118 \$13 913 135 \$4 309 16 \$1 290	1 066 804 \$17 594 274 \$4 494 141 \$2 913	162 131 \$26 529 41 \$5 411
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY FAMILY TYPE Families	\$18 019 \$18 642 \$17 395 \$19 459 \$20 783 \$18 197 \$8 178 \$6 261 \$10 414	\$24 563 \$24 741 \$24 382 \$23 435 \$24 157 \$22 766 \$34 424 \$14 007 \$72 340	\$20 146 \$19 925 \$20 478 \$23 871 \$25 998 \$21 491 \$9 460 \$9 104 \$12 055	\$18 934 \$19 408 \$18 278 \$20 765 \$22 290 \$18 786 \$12 239 \$9 805 \$17 076	\$20 241 \$20 489 \$19 723 \$21 876 \$22 364 \$20 958 \$11 714 \$11 607 \$12 195	\$18 407 \$20 957 \$10 691 \$19 532 \$23 050 \$10 691 \$5 863 \$5 863	-	-	-	\$32 517 \$36 408 \$29 412 \$34 065 \$39 133 \$30 347 \$10 340 \$1 405 \$15 445	\$25 042 \$57 364 \$19 075 \$26 331 \$67 794 \$19 643	\$19 588 \$19 340 \$19 808 \$19 867 \$20 074 \$19 691 \$9 401 \$9 401	\$34 026 \$37 013 \$32 880 \$34 776 \$37 013 \$33 852
ALL INCOME LEVELS IN 1979 Families	889 663 477 91 47 53 33 150	385 365 205 20 20 20 20 20 21	914 762 561 199 181 181 67 106	1 277 1 025 773 221 180 173 66 170	697 590 490 93 79 83 37 54	157 141 118 15 15 15 11	-	-	- - - - - -	356 271 166 11 7 4 - 38	154 86 24 - - - - 63	867 619 407 28 28 28 13	137 90 38 - - - - 59
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined 65 years ond over	458 112 3 097 877 849 632 1 698 522 340	166 32 1 318 341 341 243 858 119 67	431 42 3 101 908 902 670 1 781 412 254	525 161 4 495 1 402 1 401 1 041 2 462 631 445	167 12 2 589 995 995 700 1 395 199 117	52 6 636 262 262 207 342 32 18	-	-	5	92 25 1 176 330 330 281 670 176 116	90 61 487 80 80 80 171 236 179	227 39 2 929 819 801 561 1 588 522 308	32 7 425 92 92 71 215 118 88
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL Families Percent below poverty level Householder worked in 1979 With reloted children under 18 years Femole householder, no husbond present Householder worked in 1979 With reloted children under 18 years With reloted children under 6 years Householder 65 years ond over	79 8.9 45 65 32 12 27 21	1.6 6 - - - - -	120 13.1 64 93 48 35 48 36 5	67 5.2 24 42 34 16 34 24	31 4.4 9 15 15 4 15	18 11.5 12 6 6 6 6	-	-	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	4 1.1 - 4 4 - 4 -	2.6 4 4 - - -	50 5.8 33 31 - - - -	-
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined Percent below poverty level 65 years ond over Persons for whom poverty status is determined Percent below poverty level Under 18 years Reloted children under 18 years Reloted children 5 to 17 years 18 to 59 years 60 years ond over 65 years ond over	116 25.3 8 398 12.9 163 144 123 206 29 18	28 16.9 - 39 3.0 - - - 33 6 -	82 19.0 8 419 13.5 161 161 62 194 64	114 21.7 37 337 7.5 118 117 78 167 52 37	53 31.7 - 137 5.3 33 33 21 82 22	- - 51 8.0 18 18 12 19 14	-	-	-	31 33.7 - 44 3.7 9 9 9 9 24 11	20 22.2 11 33 6.8 9 9 9 13 11	33.9 17 287 9.8 95 95 75 161 31	9 28.1 - 9 2.1 - - - 9
Percent of persons for whom poverty status is determined: Below 75 percent of poverty level Below 125 percent of poverty level Below 150 percent of poverty level Below 200 percent of poverty level	4.4 18.5 25.8 40.6	1.4 6.7 10.0 12.2	7.7 23.5 28.6 38.0	5.3 12.1 16.6 29.6	4.4 17.1 22.4 36.3	3.8 9.0 25.8 35.2	. <u>-</u> -	- - - -	=======================================	3.2 9.4 16.6 29.3	2.7 11.3 17.2 35.9	7.6 14.0 19.2 32.3	2.1 2.1 2.1 13.6

Table P-11. Income and Poverty Status in 1979: 1980—Con.

[Data are estimates bosed on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Remainder af Shasta County—Con.												
Census Tracts	Tract 0110°	Tract 0111°	Tract 0112°	Troct 0113°	Tract 0114º	Tract 0115	Troct 0116º	Tract 0117°	Tract 0118	Tract 0119	Tract 0120	Tract 0121	Tract 0122
INCOME IN 1979	000		,		557	1 700	000	0.000	1 011	1 100	3 557	1 70/	1 452
Households Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$7,499. \$7,500 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$19,999. \$20,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 to \$34,999. \$35,000 to \$49,999. \$50,000 or more. Median	830 69 47 28 153 178 113 147 60 35 \$18 214	-	6 	5	556 46 11 37 104 62 71 109 63 53 \$20 900	1 729 211 131 106 245 238 231 343 177 47 \$18 337	982 81 138 119 152 95 172 114 83 28 \$15 060	2 298 377 324 252 404 359 218 284 45 35 \$12 140	1 911 236 216 222 355 207 264 250 93 68 \$13 706	1 190 117 36 81 137 120 202 273 150 74 \$22 689	1 556 273 250 191 281 243 109 149 -26 34 \$11 000	1 756 305 172 209 325 208 243 182 93 19	1 453 214 184 106 246 205 198 186 96 18
Mean	\$20 751 654 \$19 696 \$22 188 176 \$15 116 \$15 410 687 \$19 848	-			\$23 954 512 \$21 450 \$24 843 44 \$7 885 \$13 610 497 \$21 442	\$20 406 1 522 \$19 527 \$21 122 207 \$15 134 \$15 139 1 441 \$20 772	\$18 186 821 \$16 250 \$18 194 161 \$14 150 \$18 144 729 \$18 250	\$14 952 1 539 \$14 265 \$16 617 759 \$8 646 \$11 578 1 679 \$14 681	\$17 812 1 640 \$14 939 \$18 895 271 \$8 983 \$11 260 1 592 \$15 180	\$24 502 1 084 \$23 514 \$25 660 106 \$10 104 \$12 663 1 050 \$23 738	\$13 703 747 \$15 683 \$17 740 809 \$7 832 \$9 976 1 197 \$12 439	\$15 491 1 263 \$14 211 \$17 016 493 \$10 469 \$11 584 1 321 \$15 261	\$16 662 1 109 \$16 086 \$17 623 344 \$11 373 \$13 564 1 170 \$15 930
Mean income	\$22 672 205 \$5 614 \$7 843 \$7 341	- - - -	•••	•••	\$24 404 110 \$7 583 \$10 932 \$7 263	\$22 146 351 \$6 415 \$9 816 \$7 139	\$19 408 378 \$6 758 \$9 980 \$7 084	\$17 221 782 \$4 949 \$6 979 \$5 585	\$19 249 454 \$5 803 \$7 489 \$6 230	\$26 260 197 \$5 107 \$8 187 \$7 665	\$15 435 481 \$4 765 \$5 897 \$5 056	\$17 489 502 \$5 750 \$8 193 \$6 087	\$17 554 369 \$4 868 \$10 234 \$5 807
Households With earnings Mean earnings With Social Security income Mean Social Security income With public assistance income Mean public assistance income	830 722 \$20 621 147 \$4 049 73 \$1 925	-	6	5 	\$56 508 \$23 152 77 \$5 880 3 \$5 822	1 729 1 367 \$21 364 461 \$4 203 139 \$2 350	982 644 \$20 245 387 \$4 473 186 \$2 688	2 298 1 609 \$15 965 780 \$4 051 424 \$2 651	1 911 1 382 \$19 528 599 \$4 538 216 \$2 824	1 190 1 006 \$24 761 241 \$3 882 90 \$2 099	1 556 1 235 \$13 770 318 \$4 169 329 \$2 890	1 756 1 208 \$16 938 669 \$4 135 305 \$2 702	1 453 1 110 \$17 504 394 \$4 716 185 \$2 411
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY FAMILY TYPE Families	\$22 672 \$22 832 \$22 402 \$23 679 \$23 757 \$23 560 \$14 635 \$16 914 \$1 190				\$24 404 \$26 370 \$20 376 \$24 845 \$27 843 \$19 027 \$15 227 \$15 227	\$22 146 \$23 180 \$21 180 \$22 966 \$24 881 \$21 257 \$13 070 \$6 820 \$19 719	\$19 408 \$21 605 \$17 726 \$20 567 \$24 852 \$17 762 \$12 156 \$12 014 \$12 623	\$17 221 \$16 271 \$18 134 \$17 426 \$18 050 \$16 890 \$9 883 \$7 778 \$14 029	\$19 249 \$23 132 \$15 462 \$20 026 \$25 144 \$15 647 \$12 577 \$13 646 \$8 594	\$26 260 \$28 464 \$23 205 \$27 077 \$29 375 \$23 976 \$9 328 \$13 070 \$2 778	\$15 435 \$13 906 \$18 046 \$17 993 \$17 254 \$18 867 \$8 542 \$8 177 \$10 427	\$17 489 \$17 172 \$17 772 \$18 609 \$19 965 \$17 691 \$10 866 \$9 245 \$19 645	\$17 554 \$16 853 \$18 293 \$18 471 \$18 556 \$18 399 \$9 377 \$9 377
ALL INCOME LEVELS IN 1979	687				407	1 441	700	1 679	1 500	1 050	1 197	1 201	1 170
Householder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 years Female hauseholder, na husband present Householder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Householder 65 years and aver	608 436 69 52 59 24 43	-			497 429 350 39 39 39 13 29	1 441 1 135 739 97 72 70 27 211	729 457 335 86 53 79 18 118	1 167 850 196 149 134 50 300	1 592 1 114 811 137 88 111 28 195	1 050 888 634 44 20 28 - 97	971 791 265 213 237 120 120	1 321 911 629 186 117 157 44 261	1 170 911 632 102 97 102 17 163
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	205 43	-	• • •	•••	110 1	351 132	378 82	782 265	454 139	197 60	481 128	502 228	369 120
Persons for whom poverty status is determined Under 18 years	2 353 774 765 569 1 386 193 124	-		•••	1 831 664 664 551 1 020 147 43	4 921 1 447 1 443 1 076 2 628 846 557	2 493 599 591 485 1 353 541 300	6 061 1 743 1 714 1 204 3 197 1 121 803	5 407 1 551 1 529 1 191 3 049 807 466	3 792 1 275 1 275 1 052 2 134 383 240	4 159 1 418 1 404 912 2 294 447 362	4 446 1 160 1 160 875 2 267 1 019 734	4 122 1 339 1 333 1 007 2 127 656 395
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL Families Percent below poverty level Hauseholder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 years Female householder, no husband present Hauseholder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 years With related children under 18 years Householder 65 years and over	42 6.1 37 32 17 12 7 3	-			23 4.6 11 23 - - -	121 8.4 57 69 25 15 25 -	53 7.3 16 45 23 10 23 5	165 9.8 63 143 67 53 67 40	166 10.4 78 107 39 10 34 13	68 6.5 31 36 18 9 9	177 14.8 120 149 79 56 79 54	9.0 48 89 53 28 53 37 24	103 8.8 81 80 40 35 40 12
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined Percent belaw poverty level Persons for whom poverty status is determined Percent belaw poverty level Under 18 years Related children under 18 years	82 40.0 28 202 8.6 47 44	=			47 42.7 - 132 7.2 35 35	38 10.8 15 434 8.8 154 150	46 12.2 20 227 9.1 116 108	215 27.5 52 828 13.7 337 314	95 20.9 30 582 10.8 209 191	38 19.3 6 297 7.8 120 120	119 24.7 12 630 15.1 240 240	91 18.1 21 449 10.1 168 168	99 26.8 42 490 11.9 224 224
Related children 5 to 17 years 18 to 59 years 60 years and over 65 years and over INCOME IN 1979 BELOW SPECIFIED POVERTY LEVEL	38 127 28 28	=======================================	•••		35 85 12 -	120 184 96 82	103 85 26 20	229 399 92 56	152 330 43 38	96 128 49 29	136 361 29 23	92 196 85 61	138 198 68 51
Percent of persons for whom poverty status is determined: Below 75 percent of poverty level Below 125 percent of poverty level Below 150 percent of poverty level Below 200 percent of poverty level	4.6 9.9 14.2 27.3	=		•••	6.7 9.9 16.1 20.5	4.0 15.5 18.6 25.9	4.8 15.1 22.2 36.9	9.0 21.8 30.8 47.9	6.7 15.7 22.7 35.5	7.2 9.3 13.2 20.3	8.2 29.0 36.1 55.7	6.7 18.8 25.6 41.4	6.6 22.4 33.1 44.9

Table P-11. Income and Poverty Status in 1979: 1980—Con.

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Remoinder o	of Shosto Cou	nty—Con.		Totals for split tracts in Shosto County							
Census Tracts	Troct 0123°	Troct 0124	Troct 0125	Troct 0126	Troct 0127	Troct 0103	Troct 0106	Troct 0107	Troct 0108	Troct 0109	Tract 0110	Troct 0111	Troct 0112
INCOME IN 1979 Households	3 215	1 133	712	2 503	2 800	1 000	2 051	2 244	1 665	1 220	2 029	493	1 204
Less thon \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$7,499. \$7,500 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$19,999. \$25,000 to \$24,999. \$35,000 to \$49,999. \$50,000 or more. Medion.	403 393 288 594 446 343 433 210 105 \$14 188 \$17 642	134 171 146 142 143 128 131 105 33 \$14 040 \$17 512	72 114 84 105 142 57 100 32 6 \$14 031 \$15 342	364 251 208 460 376 329 299 95 121 \$14 592 \$17 658	465 294 263 493 462 354 240 129 100 \$13 577 \$16 407	72 53 86 169 93 111 248 128 40 \$21 467 \$22 796	222 250 131 267 191 215 338 231 206 \$18 980 \$24 813	398 274 180 471 283 172 269 96 101 \$12 757 \$17 323	245 72 229 348 269 159 197 101 45 \$14 008 \$17 087	99 131 81 137 174 151 186 143 118 \$19 516 \$24 070	216 194 155 386 379 210 312 121 56 \$15 798 \$18 246	29 20 23 109 54 83 99 48 28 \$20 575 \$22 421	156 98 117 221 199 96 156 109 52 \$15 221 \$18 531
Owner-occupied households Medion income Meon income Renter-occupied households Medion income Mean income Families Medion income	2 360 \$15 706 \$19 277 855 \$10 377 \$13 129 2 723 \$15 466	\$16 786 \$18 944 287 \$10 099 \$13 293 932 \$16 250	560 \$13 438 \$15 392 152 \$14 318 \$15 157 455 \$15 459	1 985 \$15 534 \$18 433 518 \$10 357 \$14 685 2 065 \$16 026	2 028 \$14 503 \$17 308 772 \$10 485 \$14 041 2 254 \$15 060	\$26 439 \$27 383 357 \$12 393 \$14 532 776 \$24 196	1 396 \$24 484 \$30 743 655 \$7 399 \$12 174 1 532 \$23 084	1 058 \$15 313 \$21 359 1 186 \$11 440 \$13 722 1 305 \$15 444	1 139 \$15 943 \$18 559 526 \$10 427 \$13 899 1 218 \$16 154	\$25 043 \$29 407 537 \$14 835 \$17 282 935 \$21 837	1 494 \$17 783 \$20 064 535 \$11 454 \$13 168 1 576 \$17 395	377 \$21 658 \$23 187 116 \$14 741 \$19 934 385 \$22 614	\$24 038 \$25 320 658 \$11 639 \$12 897 \$20 \$17 015
Meon income Unrelated individuals 15 years and over Medion income Mean income Per capita income INCOME TYPE IN 1979	\$18 846 661 \$5 010 \$8 174 \$6 106	\$19 393 264 \$4 545 \$6 547 \$6 441	\$16 473 323 \$7 992 \$10 240 \$6 643	\$19 354 536 \$5 894 \$8 076 \$6 520	\$17 970 800 \$5 106 \$7 406 \$5 842	\$24 778 345 \$8 750 \$10 340 \$8 209	\$29 241 684 \$5 716 \$8 968 \$9 374	\$20 549 1 181 \$7 410 \$10 217 \$8 308	\$18 905 732 \$5 386 \$7 850 \$6 600	\$26 516 387 \$8 310 \$12 345 \$9 105	\$20 047 663 \$5 720 \$8 105 \$6 758	\$24 563 166 \$10 538 \$9 791 \$8 181	\$20 310 435 \$6 955 \$8 563 \$6 871
With eomings	3 215 2 395 \$18 727 974 \$4 167 460 \$3 022	1 133 900 \$16 431 319 \$4 627 198 \$2 599	712 404 \$18 678 270 \$4 538 23 \$2 429	2 503 1 791 \$19 024 728 \$4 527 245 \$2 630	2 800 2 118 \$17 012 762 \$4 281 301 \$3 129	1 000 861 \$22 279 233 \$4 308 81 \$3 089	2 051 1 658 \$25 794 455 \$4 028 260 \$3 106	2 244 1 656 \$17 569 677 \$4 107 221 \$2 353	1 665 1 333 \$17 176 335 \$4 299 191 \$2 792	1 220 1 015 \$22 813 244 \$4 978 82 \$2 031	2 029 1 641 \$18 550 471 \$4 174 285 \$2 714	\$20 720 66 \$3 683 41 \$3 288	1 204 1 017 \$18 491 235 \$3 632 117 \$3 149
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY FAMILY TYPE Families With own children under 18 years Without own children under 18 years Morried-couple families With own children under 18 years Without own children under 18 years Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 years With own children under 18 years Without own children under 18 years	\$18 846 \$20 662 \$16 407 \$20 074 \$22 494 \$16 918 \$8 092 \$7 386 \$9 430	\$19 393 \$21 244 \$17 751 \$20 545 \$23 347 \$18 304 \$11 210 \$11 790 \$10 497	\$16 473 \$18 142 \$15 594 \$16 677 \$21 134 \$14 991 \$9 258 \$9 258	\$19 354 \$21 280 \$17 857 \$19 734 \$22 426 \$17 679 \$6 732 \$6 494 \$8 995	\$17 970 \$19 672 \$16 196 \$18 951 \$21 550 \$16 464 \$7 157 \$6 470 \$9 490	\$24 778 \$26 642 \$22 624 \$27 313 \$31 006 \$23 619 \$11 706 \$12 533 \$8 689	\$29 241 \$28 235 \$30 225 \$31 344 \$30 703 \$31 956 \$11 843 \$8 537 \$15 325	\$20 549 \$22 036 \$19 652 \$22 431 \$27 647 \$19 905 \$9 540 \$8 055 \$13 450	\$18 905 \$18 583 \$19 201 \$20 003 \$20 576 \$19 539 \$9 119 \$8 181 \$12 100	\$26 516 \$25 018 \$27 985 \$28 722 \$29 439 \$28 152 \$12 194 \$9 550 \$26 735	\$20 047 \$20 703 \$19 226 \$21 300 \$22 239 \$20 202 \$10 962 \$12 080 \$8 640	\$24 563 \$24 741 \$24 382 \$23 435 \$24 157 \$22 766 \$34 424 \$14 007 \$72 340	\$20 310 \$19 980 \$20 802 \$24 059 \$26 032 \$21 853 \$9 460 \$9 104 \$12 055
ALL INCOME LEVELS IN 1979 Familles Householder worked in 1979 With reloted children under 18 years Female householder, no husbond present Householder worked in 1979 With reloted children under 18 years With reloted children under 6 years Householder 65 years ond over	2 723 1 967 1 587 246 166 181 102 350	932 677 445 78 43 50 7	455 253 178 30 30 30 -	2 065 1 455 925 63 24 57 36 374	2 254 1 705 1 191 167 105 140 87 321	776 630 441 107 76 84 23 88	1 532 1 225 802 154 108 99 54	1 305 909 507 178 98 145 35 268	1 218 898 594 117 96 95 26 174	935 767 469 104 74 88 16	1 576 1 271 913 160 99 112 57 193	385 365 205 20 20 20 20 20	920 768 564 199 181 181 67
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined 65 years ond over Persons for whom poverty status is determined Under 18 years Reloted children under 18 years Reloted children 5 to 17 years 18 to 59 years 60 years ond over 65 years ond over	661 217 9 218 2 996 2 942 2 233 4 904 1 318 811	264 73 3 054 934 903 666 1 721 399 264	323 74 1 624 303 303 258 885 436 332	536 180 6 701 1 877 1 861 1 406 3 713 1 111 777	800 281 7 811 2 499 2 482 1 779 4 077 1 235 832	345 32 2 733 749 723 530 1 672 312 200	684 181 5 378 1 501 1 462 1 088 3 073 804 523	1 181 278 4 642 883 863 633 2 782 977 744	625 57 4 256 1 139 1 096 763 2 515 602 366	387 97 3 239 897 894 662 1 843 499 371	663 155 5 450 1 651 1 614 1 201 3 084 715 464	166 32 1 318 341 341 243 858 119 67	435 42 3 126 917 911 679 1 793 416 254
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL Families Percent below poverty level Householder worked in 1979 With reloted children under 18 yeors Femole householder, no husbond present Householder worked in 1979 With reloted children under 18 years With reloted children under 6 yeors Householder 65 years ond over	251 9.2 170 205 70 38 64 58 22	85 9.1 48 72 17 17 11 8	33 7.3 6 21 6 6 6 6	228 11.0 143 151 33 24 33 25 49	290 12.9 176 182 91 47 84 73 40	56 7.2 17 33 32 17 24 17	100 6.5 47 90 45 16 45 31	122 9.3 46 72 59 9 51 28 7	92 7.6 54 59 34 21 28 13	61 6.5 39 54 23 7 23 7	121 7.7 82 97 49 24 34 24	1.6 6 - - - - -	120 13.0 64 93 48 35 48 36 5
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined Percent below poverty level 65 years ond over Persons for whom poverty status is determined Percent below poverty level Under 18 yeors Reloted children under 18 yeors Reloted children 5 to 17 years 18 to 59 yeors 60 yeors ond over 65 years ond over	179 27.1 54 933 10.1 403 349 199 397 133 82	102 38.6 - 417 13.7 195 164 124 196 26 19	58 18.0 - 139 8.6 20 20 13 92 27 -	150 28.0 50 929 13.9 394 378 322 354 181 125	275 34.4 70 1 237 15.8 438 431 262 584 215	64 18.6 - 201 7.4 73 55 27 97 31 13	119 17.4 7 426 7.9 185 152 68 200 41	237 20.1 53 576 12.4 163 143 106 326 87 68	142 22.7 24 479 11.3 172 159 109 269 38 24	52 13.4 10 266 8.2 115 112 66 134 17	29.9 36 600 11.0 210 188 161 333 57 46	28 16.9 - 39 3.0 - - 33 6 -	86 19.8 8 423 13.5 161 161 62 194 68 19
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW SPECIFIED POVERTY LEVEL Percent of persons for whom poverty status is determined: Below 75 percent of poverty level Below 125 percent of poverty level Below 150 percent of poverty level Below 200 percent of poverty level	6.1 18.1 24.8 39.0	6.9 19.3 23.9 40.7	8.6 11.5 15.6 31.1	9.8 18.6 25.2 41.0	10.0 20.2 28.4 41.6	6.4 10.0 15.7 21.2	3.6 12.9 17.6 26.3	8.2 16.8 24.6 38.7	9.3 17.6 23.3 33.6	4.9 10.5 14.6 30.2	4.5 14.8 20.8 34.9	1.4 6.7 10.0 12.2	7.7 23.4 28.5 37.8

Table P-11. Income and Poverty Status in 1979: 1980—Con.

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Tatals for split tracts in Shasta County—Can.									
Census Tracts	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract					
	0113	0114	0116	0117	0123					
INCOME IN 1979										
Hauseholds	1 657	1 374	1 167	2 298	3 215					
Less than \$5,000\$5,000 ta \$7,499	163	111	105	377	403					
	76	35	158	324	393					
\$7,500 ta \$9,999	144	99	124	252	288					
\$10,000 to \$14,999	338	269	195	404	594					
\$15,000 ta \$19,999	293	229	100	359	446					
\$20,000 ta \$24,999	258	214	206	218	343					
\$25,000 ta \$34,999	249	218	168	284	433					
\$35,000 to \$49,999	114	134	83	45	210					
\$50,000 ar moreMedian	22	65	28	35	105					
	\$17 240	\$18 654	\$15 080	\$12 140	\$14 188					
Mean	\$18 156	\$21 350	\$18 106	\$14 952	\$17 642					
Owner-occupied households	1 070	1 106	932	1 539	2 360					
	\$18 162	\$19 955	\$17 083	\$14 265	\$15 706					
Mean income	\$19 193	\$22 432	\$18 330	\$16 617	\$19 277					
	587	268	235	759	855					
Median income	\$14 477	\$15 000	\$13 150	\$8 646	\$10 377					
	\$16 267	\$16 884	\$17 217	\$11 578	\$13 129					
Families	1 282	1 194	886	1 679	2 723					
Median income	\$18 217	\$19 231	\$18 444	\$14 681	\$15 466					
	\$18 895	\$21 974	\$19 230	\$17 221	\$18 846					
Unrelated Individuals 15 years and over	525	- 277	430	782	661					
	\$9 131	\$7 139	\$7 000	\$4 949	\$5 010					
Mean income	\$11 155	\$11 076	\$9 690	\$6 979	\$8 174					
Per capita income	\$6 582	\$6 604	\$6 691	\$5 585	\$6 106					
INCOME TYPE IN 1979	1 657	1 374	1.10	2 298	2.035					
Households	1 356	1 229	1 167 811	1 609	3 215 2 395					
Mean earnings	\$18 130	\$20 743	\$19 745	\$15 965	\$18 727					
	404	196	410	780	974					
Mean Social Security income	\$4 117	\$5 059	\$4 365	\$4 051	\$4 167					
With public assistance income	164	64	218	424	460					
Mean public assistance income	\$3 302	\$2 741	\$2 768	\$2 651	\$3 022					
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY FAMILY TYPE	\$18 895	¢01 074	410.000	617.001	630.04/					
With awn children under 18 years	\$19 408	\$21 974 \$22 929	\$19 230 \$21 429	\$17 221 \$16 271	\$18 846 \$20 662					
Without own children under 18 years	\$18 192	\$19 997	\$17 119	\$18 134	\$16 407					
Married-couple families	\$20 707	\$23 185	\$20 377	\$17 426	\$20 074					
With awn children under 18 years	\$22 290	\$24 795	\$24 331	\$18 050	\$22 494					
Without awn children under 18 years	\$18 674	\$20 117	\$17 084	\$16 890	\$16 918					
Female householder, no husband present	\$12 239	\$12 752	\$11 221	\$9 8 83	\$8 092					
With awn children under 18 years	\$9 805	\$12 834	\$10 875	\$7 778	\$7 386					
Without own children under 18 years	\$17 076	\$12 195	\$12 623	\$14 029	\$9 430					
ALL INCOME LEVELS IN 1979 Families	1 000	1 104	001	1 (70	0.703					
Househalder warked in 1979	1 282 1 025	1 194 1 019	886 598	1 679 1 167	2 723 1 967					
With related children under 18 yearsFemale hauseholder, no husband present	773	840	453	850	1 587					
	221	132	101	196	246					
Hauseholder warked in 1979	180	118	68	149	166					
With related children under 18 years	173	122	94	134	181					
With related children under 6 years	66	50	29	50	102					
Householder 65 years and aver	175	83	124	300	350					
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is	cor	A77	400	700	"					
determined65 years and aver	525	277	430	782	661					
	161	13	88	265	217					
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	4 512	4 420	3 129	6 061	9 218					
	1 402	1 659	861	1 743	2 996					
Related children under 18 years	1 401	1 659	853	1 714	2 942					
Related children 5 ta 17 years	1 041	1 251	692	1 204	2 233					
18 to 59 years60 years and aver	2 468	2 415	1 695	3 197	4 904					
65 years and aver	642	346	573	1 121	1 318					
	456	160	318	803	811					
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL										
Families	67	54	71	165	251					
Percent belaw poverty level	5.2	4.5	8.0	9.8	9.2					
With related children under 18 years	24	20	28	63	170					
	42	38	51	143	205					
Female havseholder, na husband present Householder warked in 1979	34 16	15	29 16	67 53	70					
With related children under 18 years	34 24	15 11	29 11	67 40	38 64 58					
Househalder 65 years and over	-	12	-	-	22					
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	114	100	46	215	179					
Percent belaw paverty level65 years and aver	21.7 37	36.1	10.7 20	27.5 52	27.1 54					
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	337	269	278	828	933					
Under 18 years	7.5	6.1	8.9	13.7	10.1					
	118	68	134	337	403					
Related children under 18 years	117	68	126	314	349					
Related children 5 ta 17 years	78	56	115	229	199					
18 to 59 years60 years and aver	167	167	104	399	397					
	52	34	40	92	133					
65 years and aver	37	-	20	56	82					
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW SPECIFIED POVERTY LEVEL Percent of persons for whom poverty status is determined:										
8elaw 75 percent of poverty level	5.3	5.3	4.6	9.0	6.1					
8elaw 125 percent of poverty level	12.1	14.1	13.8	21.8	18.1					
	16.6	19.8	22.9	30.8	24.8					
8elaw 200 percent af poverty level	29.9	29.8	36.5	47.9	39.0					

Table P-12. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Census Tracts	[butture estimates bused (ii a sai	on a sample; see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see appearance. Shosta County					
[400 or More White Persons and 400 or More of a Specified Racial			5 U.S. 15				
Group]	The SMSA	Total	Redding city	Remainder			
NATIVITY Total persons	110 686	110 686	39 938	70 748			
Native	108 345	108 345	38 932	69 413			
Foreign born	2 341	2 341	1 006	1 335			
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH							
Speak a language other than English of home	23 480	23 480	7 564	15 916			
	563	563	193	370			
Percent wha speak English not well or not at all Persons 18 years and over Speak o language ather than English at home	2.7 79 238 2 990	2.7 79 238 2 990	29 540 979	4.1 49 698 2 011			
Percent wha speak English nat well or not at all	8.1	8.1	6.0	9.1			
Persons 3 years old and over enrolled in school	29 406 891	29 406 891	10 336 385	19 070			
Nursery schaal	1 591 1 4 035	1 591 1 4 035	494 4 488	506 1 097 9 547			
High schaal (1 ta 4 years)Callege	7 610	7 610	2 496	5 114			
	5 279	5 279	2 473	7 2 806			
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED Persons 25 years old and over	67 285	67 285	24 112	43 173			
Elementary: 0 to 4 years	710	710	196	514			
	1 983	1 983	588	1 395			
8 years	3 924	3 924	1 168	2 756			
High schaol: 1 to 3 years	9 597	9 597	2 867	6 730			
4 years College: 1 ta 3 years 4 or more years	26 951 15 703 8 417	26 951 15 703 8 417	9 110 6 156 4 027	17 841 9 547 4 390			
FERTILITY							
Women 35 to 44 years Children ever born	6 909	6 909	2 286	4 623			
	17 883	17 883	5 859	12 024			
	2 588	2 588	2 563	2 601			
Per 1,000 women							
Persons 5 years and ever	102 838	102 838	36 949	65 889			
	42 800	42 800	13 726	29 074			
Different hause in United States	59 611	59 611	23 042	36 569			
Central city af this SMSA	11 451	11 451	6 736	4 715			
Remainder af this SMSA	15 036	15 036	3 706	11 330			
Outside this SMSA	33 124	33 124	12 600	20 524			
Different SMSA	24 737	24 737	9 528	15 209			
JOURNEY TO WORK	427	427	181	246			
Workers 16 years and aver Private vehicle: Drive alane	38 949 29 741	38 949 29 741	16 319 12 800	22 630 16 941			
CarpoolPublic tronsportation	5 311	5 311	1 828	3 483			
	70	70	23	47			
Other means or worked ot home minutes_	3 827	3 827	1 668	2 159			
	15.2	15.2	12.5	17.1			
Worked in SMSA of residence	34 123	34 123	14 648	19 475			
	21 479	21 479	12 423	9 056			
Outside central city	12 644	12 644	2 225	10 419			
Worked outside SMSA of residence	1 467	1 467	403	1 064			
Ploce of wark not reported	2 816	2 816	1 205	1 611 1			
LABOR FORCE STATUS							
Labor force Percent of persons 16 years and over	83 360	83 360	30 950	52 410			
	46 862	46 862	19 089	27 773			
	56.2	56.2	61.7	53.0			
EmplayedUnemployed	40 539	40 539	16 832	23 707			
	6 305	6 305	2 246	4 059			
Percent of civilian labar farceFemale, 16 years and over	13.5	13.5	11.8	14.6			
	43 010	43 010	16 302	26 708			
Labor force Percent af female, 16 years and aver Emplayed	19 069	19 069	8 292	10 777			
	44.3	44.3	50.9	40.4			
	17 108	17 108	7 486	9 622			
Unemplayed	1 961	1 961	806	1 155			
Percent af civilian labor farce		10.3	9.7	10.7			
With awn children under 6 years	6 852	6 852	2 420	4 432			
In labor farce	2 590	2 590	1 081	1 509			
Married, husband present	11 275	26 846 11 275	8 768 4 166	18 078 7 109			
Civilian persons 16 to 19 years	7 700	7 700	2 903	. 1 241 535			
Nat enralled in schaal	2 131	2 131	890				
Nat high school graduate	845	845	310				
EmplayedUnemployed	285	285	117	168			
	169	169	60	109			
Not in labar force LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979	391	391	133	. 258			
Persons 16 years and over, in labor force in 1979 Percent of persons 16 years and over	52 819 63.4	52 819 63.4	21 207 68.5	31 612 60.3			
Warked in 1979 40 ar mare weeks	51 785	51 785	20 848	30 937			
	34 170	34 170	14 335	19 835			
Usually warked 35 ar more hours per week	29 263	29 263	12 305	16 958			
50 to 52 weeks	27 054	27 054	11 698	15 356			
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	23 749	23 749	10 233	13 516			
With unemployment in 1979	12 915	12 915	4 877	8 038			
Percent of thase in labor force in 1979	24.5	24.5	23.0	25.4			
Unemplayed 15 ar mare weeks	6 380	6 380	2 313	4 067			
Mean weeks af unemplayment	18.2	18.2	17.8	18.4			
DISABILITY STATUS OF NONINSTITUTIONAL PERSONS Persons 16 to 64 years	70 510	70 510	25 854	44 656			
With a work disobilityPrevented from working	8 146	8 146	2 681	5 465			
	4 651	4 651	1 309	3 342			
With a public transportation disability Persons 65 years and aver With a public transportation disability	1 592	1 592	463	1 129			
	12 169	12 169	4 564	7 605			
	1 338	1 338	450	888			
	1 336	1 330	430	000			

Table P-13. Occupation, Income in 1979, and Poverty Status in 1979 of White Persons: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

Census Tracts [400 or More White Persons and			Shasto County	
400 or More of a Specified Racial Group]	The SMSA	Total	Redding city	Remoinder
OCCUPATION Employed persons 16 years and over Monageriol and professional specialty occupations Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations Professional specialty occupations Technical, sales, and administrative support occupations Sales occupations Administrative support occupations, including clerical Service occupations Private household occupations Protective service occupations Service occupations Protective service occupations Service occupations Protective occupations Protective occupations Operators, fabricators, ond lobarers Mochine operators, ossemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving occupations Hondlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and lobarers	8 929 4 339 4 590 12 894 1 267 5 108 6 519 6 283 184 578 5 521 1 317 5 526 5 590 1 921 2 025	40 539 8 929 4 339 4 590 12 894 1 267 5 108 6 519 6 283 184 578 5 521 1 317 5 526 5 590 1 921 2 025 1 644	16 832 4 231 2 006 2 225 6 127 664 2 475 2 988 2 575 71 246 2 258 2 259 1 852 1 788 660 610	23 707 4 698 2 333 2 365 6 767 603 3 531 3 708 113 332 3 263 1 058 3 674 3 802 1 403 1 365 1 034
INCOME IN 1979	5 657 4 267 3 973 7 346 5 804 4 921 5 698 2 762 1 456 \$14 779 \$18 102 31 507 \$17 122 \$20 259 13 745 \$6 185 \$8 822 \$6 871 41 884 31 919 \$18 775	41 884 5 657 4 267 3 973 7 346 5 804 4 921 5 698 2 762 1 456 \$14 779 \$18 102 31 507 \$17 122 \$20 259 13 745 \$6 185 \$8 822 \$6 871 41 884 31 919 \$18 717	16 152 2 186 1 492 1 534 2 954 2 172 1 792 2 294 1 130 598 \$14 848 \$18 542 10 837 \$18 442 \$21 580 7 084 \$6 947 \$9 368 \$7 555 16 152 12 763 \$18 876	25 732 3 471 2 775 2 439 4 392 3 632 3 129 3 404 1 632 858 \$14 727 \$17 825 20 670 \$16 523 \$19 566 6 661 \$5 410 \$8 242 \$6 485 25 732 19 156 \$18 707
With Social Security income Mean Social Security incame With public ossistonce income Mean public ossistonce income	\$4 275	11 617 \$4 275 5 023 \$2 732	4 064 \$4 166 1 813 \$2 766	7 553 \$4 333 3 210 \$2 713
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY FAMILY TYPE Families With own children under 18 years With own children under 18 years Famale householder, no husband present With own children under 18 years	\$23 632 \$10 713	\$20 259 \$21 093 \$21 589 \$23 632 \$10 713 \$9 507	\$21 580 \$21 624 \$23 691 \$25 277 \$11 365 \$9 547	\$19 566 \$20 815 \$20 575 \$22 857 \$10 106 \$9 473
ALL INCOME LEVELS IN 1979 Families Householder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 years Femole householder, no husband present Householder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Householder 65 years ond over	31 507 23 741 16 396 3 375 2 460 2 645 967 4 711	31 507 23 741 16 396 3 375 2 460 2 645 967 4 711	10 837 8 551 5 656 1 625 1 212 1 220 438 1 605	20 670 15 190 10 740 1 750 1 248 1 425 529 3 106
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined 65 years and over	13 649 3 845 109 266 30 404 22 605 17 813 12 169	13 649 3 845 109 266 30 404 22 605 17 813 12 169	7 084 1 722 39 113 9 906 7 149 6 269 4 564	6 565 2 123 70 153 20 498 15 456 11 544 7 605
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL Families Percent below poverty level Householder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 years Female householder, no husband present Householder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Householder 65 years ond over	2 641 8.4 1 401 1 862 875 472 802 457 239	2 641 8.4 1 401 1 862 875 472 802 457 239	769 7.1 358 516 358 156 315 183 45	1 872 9.1 1 043 1 346 517 316 487 274
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined Percent below poverty level 65 years and over Persons for whom poverty status is determined Percent below poverty level Related children under 18 years Related children 5 to 17 years 60 years and over 65 years and over	3 082 22.6 710 11 423 10.5 3 809 2 610 1 703 1 121	3 082 22.6 710 11 423 10.5 3 809 2 610 1 703 1 121	1 430 20.2 294 3 701 9.5 1 038 625 576 377	1 652 25.2 416 7 722 11.0 2 771 1 985 1 127 744
Percent of persons for whom poverty status is determined: Below 75 percent of poverty level Below 125 percent of poverty level Below 200 percent of poverty level	6.4 16.5 35.6	6.4 16.5 35.6	5.5 15.0 32.8	6.9 17.3 37.1

Table P-14. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1980

[Ooto are estimates based an a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Census Tracts		Shasto County				
[400 or More Black Persons]	The SMSA	Total	Redding city	Remainder		
NATIVITY Total persons	732	732	557	175		
NativeForeign barn	725 7	725 7	557	168 7		
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH Persons 5 to 17 years	222	222	158	64		
Speak a language ather than English at home Percent who speak English not well ar nat at all Persons 18 years and over	- 458	- 458		- - 98		
Speak a language ather than English at hame Percent who speak English nat well or not at all SCHOOL ENROLLMENT	100.0	100.0	-	100.0		
Persons 3 years old and over enrolled in school Nursery school Kindergarten	282 - 17	282 - 17	218 - 5	64 - 12		
Elementory (1 to 8 years) High school (1 to 4 years) College	134 77 54	134 77 54	98 61 54	36 16		
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED Persons 25 years old and over Elementary: 0 ta 4 years	360 : 10	360 10	267	93		
5 ta 7 years 8 years High schaal: 1 ta 3 years	56 21 88	56 21 88	40 - 61	 21 27		
4 years College: 1 to 3 years 4 or more years	118 53 14	118 53 14	106 40 10	12 13 4		
FERTILITY Women 35 to 44 years Children ever barn	43 245	43 245	32 135	11 110		
Per 1,000 wamenRESIDENCE IN 1975	5 698	5 698	4 219	10 000		
Persons 5 years and over Same house Oifferent house in United States	645 231 414 167	645 231 414 167	426 161 265 143	219 70 149 24		
Central city of this SMSA	16/ 16 231 140	16/ 16 231 140	143 - 122 122	16 109 18		
Abroad JOURNEY TO WORK	~	-	-	-		
Private vehicle: Orive alane	228 157 37	228 157 37	209 138 37	19 19 -		
Public transportation Other means or worked at home Mean travel time ta wark minutes_	34 17.3	34 17.3	34 13.3	39.5		
Warked in SMSA af residence Central city Outside central city	231 181 50	231 181 50	194 171 23	37 10 27		
Worked autside SMSA of residencePlace af work not reparted	11	11	11	-		
LABOR FORCE STATUS Persons 16 years and over Lobar farce	501 289	501 289	387 258	114 31		
Percent af persans 16 years and aver Emplayed Unemplayed Percent af civilian labar farce	57.7 228 61 21.1	57.7 228 61 21.1	66.7 209 49 19.0	27.2 19 12 38.7		
Female, 16 years and over Labar force Percent of female, 16 years and over	259 126 48.6	259 126 48.6	198 126 63.6	61 -		
Emplayed	101 101 25 19.8	101 25 19.8	101 25 19.8	-		
With awn children under 6 years In labor farce Married, husband present	16 12 105	16 12 105	12 12 67	4 - 38		
In labar farce	39 102 16	39 102 16	39 86 16	- 16 -		
Nat high schaol graduate Employed Unemplayed	-	-	-	-		
Nat in labor farce LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979 Persons 16 years and over, In labor force in 1979	282	282	- 251	- ¦ 31		
Percent af persans 16 years and aver Warked in 1979 40 ar mare weeks	56.3 264 144	56.3 264 144	64.9 233 132	27.2 31 12		
Usually warked 35 ar mare haurs per week 50 ta 52 weeks Usually worked 35 ar mare haurs per week	117 115 96	117 115 96	105 103 84	12 12 12		
With unemplayment in 1979 Percent of those in labar force in 1979 Unemplayed 15 or more weeks Mean weeks af unemplayment	114 40.4 74 21.4	114 40.4 74 21.4	102 40.6 62 21.3	12 38.7 12 22.3		
DISABILITY STATUS OF NONINSTITUTIONAL PERSONS Persons 16 to 64 years	410	410	322	88		
With a work disability	79 52 8	79 52 8	44 17 -	35 35 8		
Persons 65 years and over With a public transpartation disability	91 25	91 25	65 20	26 5		

Table P-15. Occupation, Income in 1979, and Poverty Status in 1979 of Black Persons: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

Census Tracts			Shasta Caunty	
[400 or More Black Persons]	The SMSA	Total	Redding city	Remainder
OCCUPATION Employed persons 16 years and over Managerial and professional specialty occupations	228 25	228 25	209 25	19
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations Prafessional specialty occupations Technical, sales, and administrative suppart occupations Technicians and related suppart occupations	6 19 51	6 19 51	6 19 51	-
Sales occupations Administrative support occupations, including clerical Service occupations	26 25 106 16	26 25 106 16	26 25 106 16	-
Private household occupations Protective service occupations Service occupations, except protective and househald Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	6 84 7	6 84 7	6 84	- - 7
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	14 25 13 12	14 25 13 12	14 13 7 6	12 6 6
INCOME IN 1979 Households Less than \$5,000	228 49	228 49	186 49	42
\$5,000 ta \$7,499 \$7,500 ta \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 ta \$19,999	45 23 47 11	45 23 47 11	38 15 39 5	7 8 8 6
\$20,000 ta \$24,999 \$25,000 ta \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	9 26 10	9 26 10 8	9 13 10 8	13 -
Median	\$9 674 \$14 120 183	\$9 674 \$14 120 183	\$8 500 \$13 744 148	\$11 875 \$15 7 8 2
Median income Mean income Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	\$11 420 \$15 763 87	\$11 420 \$15 763 87	\$10 536 \$15 631 80	\$15 625 \$16 322
Median income	\$4 731 \$3 946 \$4 248	\$4 731 \$3 946 \$4 248	\$4 462 \$3 8 22 \$4 344	\$5 500 \$5 360 \$3 939
Households With earnings Mean earnings With Social Security income	228 167 \$14 258 81	228 167 \$14 25 8 81	186 141 \$14 079 58	42 26 \$15 232
Mean Social Security incame	\$3 542 108 \$3 669	\$3 542 108 \$3 669	\$3 514 86 \$2 978	23 \$3 614 22 \$6 374
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY FAMILY TYPE Families	\$15 763 \$15 697 \$19 334	\$15 763 \$15 697 \$19 334	\$15 631 \$15 903 \$20 348	\$16 322 \$14 904 \$15 766
With own children under 18 years Female householder, no husband present With awn children under 18 years	\$20 736 \$5 172 \$4 239	\$20 736 \$5 172 \$4 239	\$22 949 \$5 172 \$4 239	\$13 146 - -
ALL INCOME LEVELS IN 1979 Families Householder worked in 1979	1 83 123	183 123	148 104	35
With related children under 18 years Female househalder, na husband present Hauseholder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Householder 65 years and over	125 46 32 46 12 38	125 46 32 46 12 38	105 46 32 46 12 23	20 ; - - - - 15
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	87 20	87 20	80 20	7
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	732 26 8 216	732 26 8 216	557 191 152	175 77 64
60 years and over 65 years and aver INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	113 91	113 91	87 65	26 26
Families Percent below paverty level Househalder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 years	24.0 30 44	44 24.0 30 44	44 29.7 30 44	
Female householder, no husband present Hauseholder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Householder 65 years and over	38 24 38 12	38 24 38 12	3 8 24 38 12 9	
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	27 31.0	27 31.0	27 33. 8	-
65 years and over	171 23.4 90	- 171 23.4 90	- 171 30.7 90	- - -
Related children 5 to 17 years 60 years and aver 65 years and aver	90 69 9	90 69 9	90 69 9 9	-
Percent of persons for whom poverty status is determined: Below 75 percent af paverty level Below 125 percent af poverty level Below 200 percent af poverty level	12.8 35.7 68.7	12. 8 35.7 68.7	16.9 37.2 67.9	- 30.9 71.4

[Dota are estimates based on a sample; see Intraduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Intraduction. For definitions af terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Census Tracts			Shasta County	
[400 or More American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut Persons]	The SMSA	Total	Redding city	Remainder
NATIVITY Total persons	2 826	2 826	1 156	1 670
NativeForeign barn	2 812 14	2 812	1 152 4	1 660 10
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH Persens 5 to 17 years	855	855	302	553
Speak a language other than English at home	51	51	11	40
Percent wha speak English nat well or not at oll	7.8	7.8	-	10.0
Persons 18 years and over	1 687	1 687	751	936
Speak a language ather than English at home	106	106	52	54
Percent wha speak English nat well or nat at oll	6.6	6.6		13.0
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT Persons 3 years old and over enrolled in school	980	980 11	384	596
Kindergarten Elementary (1 to 8 years) High school (1 to 4 years) College	24 511 307 127	24 511 307 127	19 166 95 98	345 212 29
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED Persons 25 years old and over Elementary: 0 to 4 years	1 225 40	1 225 40	540 12	685
5 ta 7 years	84	84	23	61
	47	47	8	39
	213	213	92	121
4 years College: 1 to 3 years 4 ar more years	518	518	180	338
	261	261	196	65
	62	62	29	33
FERTILITY Women 35 to 44 years Children ever barn Per 1,000 wamen	188	188	101	87
	625	625	291	334
	3 324	3 324	2 881	3 839
RESIDENCE IN 1975 Persons 5 years and over Same house	2 624	2 624	1 116	1 508
	889	889	429	460
Different house in United States Central city of this SMSA Remainder of this SMSA	1 723	1 723	679	1 044
	258	258	149	109
	769	769	145	624
Outside this SMSA	696	696	385	311
Different SMSA	460	460	272	188
Abraad	12	12	8	4
JOURNEY TO WORK Workers 16 years and over	677	677	375	302
Private vehicle: Drive alane	475	475	277	198
Carpaal	116	116	39	77
Public transpartation	7	7	7	-
Other means ar warked at home minutes_	79	79	52	27
	18.4	18.4	12.1	25.3
Worked in SMSA of residence	560	560	303	257
Central city	391	391	288	103
Outside central city	169	169	15	154
Worked autside SMSA af residencePlace of work nat reparted	74	74	44	30
	42	42	9	33
LABOR FORCE STATUS Persons 16 years and over Labor force	1 877	1 877	827	1 050
	1 018	1 018	533	485
Percent af persons 16 years and aver	54.2	54.2	64.4	46.2
Employed	692	692	382	310
Unemployed	326	326	151	175
Percent af civilian labar farce Female, 16 years and over Labor force	32.0	32.0	28.3	36.1
	1 004	1 004	443	561
	418	418	242	176 :
Percent of female, 16 years and aver	41.6	41.6	54.6	31.4
Emplayed	339	339	208	131
Unemplayed	79	79	34	45
Percent of civilian labar farce	18.9	18.9	14.0	25.6
	233	233	90	143
	68	68	32	36
Married, husband present In labor farce Civilian persons 16 to 19 years	506 172	506 172 326	192 90	314 82
Nat enralled in schaal Nat high schaal graduate	326 115 100	115 100	126 61 52	200 54 48 5
Emplayed Unemplayed Nat in labar farce	33 30 37	33 30 37	28 7 17	23 20
LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979 Persons 16 years and over, in labor force in 1979 Percent af persons 16 years and over	1 230 65.5	1 230 65.5	564 68.2	666 63.4
Warked in 1979 40 or mare weeks 40 or mare weeks 45 ar more haurs per week 45 ar more haurs per week 46 47 ar more haurs per week 47 ar more haurs per week 47 ar more haurs per week 48 ar more haurs per week 48 ar more haurs per week 48 ar more haurs per week 49 ar more haurs per week 40 ar more haurs p	1 176	1 176	535	641
	600	600	302	298
	552	552	264	288
50 ta 52 weeks Usually warked 35 ar mare haurs per week	459 421 426	459 421 426	266 232	193 189 268
With unemplayment in 1979 Percent af thase in labar farce in 1979 Unemplayed 15 ar mare weeks Mean weeks af unemplayment	34.6 279 19.8	34.6 279 19.8	158 28.0 103 21.1	40.2 176 19.1
DISABILITY STATUS OF NONINSTITUTIONAL PERSONS Persons 16 to 64 years	1 720	1 720	786	934
With a work disability Prevented from working With a public transpartatian disability	273 162 80	273 162 80	141 65 26	132 97 54 99
Persons 65 years and overWith a public transpartation disability	140 27	140 27	41 _	99 27

Table P-17. Occupation, Income in 1979, and Poverty Status in 1979 of American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut Persons: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Census Tracts			Shasta Caunty	
[400 or More American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut Persons]	The SMSA	Tatal	Redding city	Remainder
OCCUPATION Employed persons 16 years and over Managerial and professional specialty occupations Executive, administrative, ond managerial occupations Professional specialty occupations Technical, sales, and administrative suppart occupations Technicians and related suppart occupations Sales occupations Administrative suppart occupations, including clerical Service occupations Private household occupations Service occupations Service occupations, except pratective and household Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations Precision production, craft, and repair occupations Operators, fabricators, and laborers Machine aperatars, assemblers, and inspectors Transpartation and material moving occupations Hondlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	692 118 65 53 204 36 34 134 162 - 5 157 69 68 71 10 48 13	692 118 65 53 204 36 34 134 162 - 5 157 69 68 71 10 48 13	382 86 40 46 108 21 20 67 95 - 5 90 47 47 33 13 - 6	310 32 25 7 96 15 14 67 67 67 22 22 35 58 10 042 6
INCOME IN 1979 Households Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$7,499 \$7,500 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 ta \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 ta \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Median Mean Families Median income Mean income Unrelated individuals 15 years and over Median income Per capita income Households With earnings Mean earnings With Social Security income Mean public assistance income	860 181 102 110 132 103 76 84 20 52 \$10 819 \$15 705 653 \$11 756 \$16 595 334 \$5 488 \$6 973 \$4 800 654 \$17 447 119 \$3 980 213 \$2 858	860 181 102 110 132 103 76 84 20 52 \$10 819 \$15 705 653 \$11 756 \$16 595 334 \$5 488 \$6 973 \$4 800 860 654 \$17 447 119 \$3 980 213 \$2 858	387 55 49 64 49 60 33 45 6 \$11 301 \$16 402 289 \$11 860 \$15 539 161 \$5 972 \$8 455 \$5 410 387 301 \$18 042 49 \$3 347 81 \$2 949	473 126 53 46 88 33 43 43 43 43 43 39 14 26 \$10 449 \$15 134 364 \$11 667 \$17 434 173 \$5 109 \$5 595 \$4 378 473 353 \$16 939 70 \$4 422 132 \$2 802
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY FAMILY TYPE Families With own children under 18 years Married-couple families With awn children under 18 years Femole bouseholder, no husband present With awn children under 18 years	\$16 595 \$16 228 \$19 623 \$19 570 \$8 205 \$8 010	\$16 595 \$16 228 \$19 623 \$19 570 \$8 205 \$8 010	\$15 539 \$13 992 \$17 771 \$15 541 \$10 181 \$10 225	\$17 434 \$17 895 \$21 012 \$22 576 \$6 106 \$6 273
ALL INCOME LEVELS IN 1979 Families Householder warked in 1979 With related children under 18 years Female householder, no husbond present Householder warked in 1979. With related children under 18 years With related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Householder 65 years and over	653 503 486 165 104 146 97 53	653 503 486 165 104 146 97 53	289 218 - 213 85 56 72 47 17	364 285 273 80 48 74 50
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined 65 years and over Persons for whom poverty status is determined Related children under 18 years Related children 5 to 17 years 60 years and over	329 33 2 767 1 072 796 194	329 33 2 767 1 072 796 194	161 6 1 148 386 291 68	168 27 1 619 686 505 126
65 years and aver INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL Formilles Percent below paverty level Householder warked in 1979 With related children under 18 years Female householder, no husband present Householder warked in 1979 With related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Householder 65 years and over	140 166 25.4 104 154 88 50 82 76	140 166 25.4 104 154 88 50 82 76	41 63 21.8 25 57 30 6 30 30	99 103 28.3 79 97 58 44 52 46
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined Percent below poverty level 65 years and over Persons for whom poverty status is determined Percent below poverty level Related children under 18 years Related children 5 to 17 years 60 years and over 65 years and over Percent of persons for whom poverty status is determined:	108 32.8 12 730 26.4 348 207 46 22	108 32.8 12 730 26.4 348 207 46 22	47 29.2 - 258 22.5 101 59 13	61 36.3 12 472 29.2 247 148 33 22
Below 75 percent of poverty level Below 125 percent of poverty level Below 200 percent of poverty level	17.9 33.7 58.6	17.9 33.7 58.6	13.2 33.7 56.1	21.2 33.7 60.3

Table P-18. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Asian and Pacific Islander Persons: 1980

[Doto ore estimotes bosed on o somple; see Introduction. For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

Census Tracts	[pote die esimioles posed dir e so	mple; see introduction. For meoning	Shosto County	definitions of ferms, see oppendixe
[400 or More Asian and Pacific Islander Persons]	The SMSA	Total	Redding city	Remoinder
NATIVITY		, , , ,	moderning only	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total personsNotive	588 348	588 348	162 87	426 261
Foreign born	240	240	75	165
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH				
Speok o longuage other than English of home	103 47	103 47	22 13	81 34
Percent who speok English not well or not ot oll Persons 18 years and over	27.7 369 219	27.7 369 219	100.0 117 50	252
Speak a languoge other thon English ot home Percent who speak English not well or not ot oll	9.1	9.1	40.0	169
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT Persons 3 years old and over enrolled in school	159	159	55	104
Nursery schoolKindergorten	10	10	5	5 6
Elementory (1 to 8 years)High school (1 to 4 years)	66 21 56	66 21 56	22 - 28	44 21 28
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED	36	36	29	26
Persons 25 years old and overElementary: 0 to 4 years	299 35	299 35	89 20	210 15
5 to 7 years 8 years	17	17	-	17
High school: 1 to 3 yeors 4 yeors	39 81 35	39 81	20 13	39 61 22
College: 1 to 3 years	92	35 92	36	56
FERTILITY Women 35 to 44 years	58	58	15	43
Children ever born Per 1,000 women	99 1 707	99 1 707	22 1 467	77 1 791
RESIDENCE IN 1975 Persons 5 years and over	422	422	118	304
Some house Different house in United States	90 230	90 230	78	90 152
Centrol city of this SMSARemainder of this SMSA	31 81	31 81	19 20	12 61
Outside this SMSA	118 92	118 92	39 39	79 53
JOURNEY TO WORK	102	102	40	62
Workers 16 years and over Privote vehicle: Orive alone	208 114	208 114	1 05 58	103 56
CorpoolPublic tronsportation	74	74	41	33
Other means or worked ot home minutes_	20 16.8	20 16.8	6 12.0	14 21.1
Worked in SMSA of residence	200 175	200 175	98 84	102 91
Outside centrol city Worked outside SMSA of residence	25 -	25	14	11 -
Place of work not reported LABOR FORCE STATUS	7	7	-	7
Persons 16 years and over	373 • 227	373 227	117 111	256 116
Percent of persons 16 years ond over Employed	60.9 220	60.9 220	94.9 111	45.3 109
Unemployed Percent of civilion lobor force	7 3.1	7 3.1	=	7 6.0
Femole, 16 years and over	202 91	202 91	52 46	150 45
Percent of femole, 16 years ond over Employed Unemployed	45.0 88 3	45.0 88	88.5 46	30.0 42 3
Percent of civilion lobor force With own children under 6 yeors	3.3 63	3 3.3 63		6.7 58
In lobor force	19 158	19 158	5 27	14 131
In lobor forceCivilian persons 16 to 19 years	63 18	63 18	27 7	36 11
Not enrolled in school Not high school groduote	7 3	7 3	_	7 3
EmployedUnemployed	- - 3	- - 3	-	-
Not in lobor force LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979	3	3	-	3
Persons 16 years and over, in labor force in 1979 Percent of persons 16 years ond over	262 70.2	262 70.2	105 89.7	157 61.3
Worked in 1979 40 or more weeks	262 215	262 215	105 105	157 110 90
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week 50 to 52 weeks Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	182 121 103	182 121 103	92 47 34	90 74 69
With unemployment in 1979 Percent of those in labor force in 1979	42 16.0	42 16.0	12 11,4	30 19.1
Unemployed 15 or more weeks Mean weeks of unemployment	4.3	4.3	2.5	5.1
DISABILITY STATUS OF NONINSTITUTIONAL PERSONS Persons 16 to 64 years	360	360	111	249
With o work disobilityPrevented from working	28 16	28 16	6	22 16
With a public transportation disability Persons 65 years and over	7 13	7 13	- 6	7 <u>7</u>
With o public tronsportation disability	7	7	-	7

[Oata are estimates based an a sample; see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Census Tracts			Shasta County	
[400 or More Asian and Pacific Islander Persons]	The SMSA	Tatal	Redding city	Remainder
OCCUPATION	220	220	111	100
Employed persons 16 years and over	220 71 22	220 71 22	111 36 22	, 109 35
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations Professional specialty occupations Technical, sales, and administrative support occupations	49 48	49 48	14 28	35 20
Technicians and related support occupations Sales occupations		- 16	- 16	20
Administrative support occupations, including clerical Service occupations	32 68	32 68	12 47	20 21
Private household occupations Protective service occupations		-	——————————————————————————————————————	-
Service occupations, except protective and hausehold Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	68 8	68 8	47	21 8
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations Operators, fabricotors, and laborers	6 19	6	_	6 19
Machine aperators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material maving occupations	6	6	- -	6
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and labarers INCOME IN 1979	9	9	-	9
Households Less than \$5,000	144 7	144	56	88 7
\$5,000 to \$7,499 \$7,500 to \$9,999	9 20	9 20	7	9 13
\$10,000 ta \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	20 31	20 31	6 31	14
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999		38	12	_ 26
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	6	6	Ξ	6 13
Median	\$17 353 \$23 917	\$17 353 \$23 917	\$17 206 \$19 026	\$25 357 \$27 030
Families	105 \$17 426	105 \$17 426	30 \$16 324	75 \$30 088
Mean income	\$26 579	\$26 579	\$16 746	\$30 513
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	63 \$10 250 \$10 836	\$10 250 \$10 836	35 \$13 758	\$2 833 1
Mean income Per capita income	\$5 913	\$5 913	\$16 550 \$7 142	\$3 693 \$5 446
Households	144 131	144 131	56 50	88 81
Mean earningsWith Social Security income	\$23 991 6	\$23 991 6	\$17 643 6	\$27 909 -
Mean Social Security income With public assistance income	\$4 045 15	\$4 045 15	\$4 045	_ 15
Mean public assistance income MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY FAMILY TYPE	\$4 292	\$4 292	-	\$4 292
Families With own children under 18 years	\$26 579 \$27 409	\$26 579 \$27 409	\$16 746 \$15 808	\$30 513 \$33 761
Married-couple families With own children under 18 years	\$28 841 \$27 409	\$28 841 \$27 409	\$15 808 \$15 808	\$33 249 \$33 761
Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 years	\$3 930	\$3 930	\$15 000 -	\$3 930
ALL INCOME LEVELS IN 1979				
Householder worked in 1979	105 98	105 98 72	30 30	75 68 42
With related children under 18 years Female hauseholder, na husband present Householder worked in 1979	72 7	7	30	7
With related children under 18 years	3	-	=	
Householder 65 years and over	7	7	-	7
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	57	57	35	22
65 years and over Persons for whom poverty status is determined	6 571	6 571	6 162	409
Related children under 18 yearsRelated children 5 to 17 years	208 92	208 92	45 22	163 70
60 years and over65 years and over	26 13	26 13	12	14 7
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	7	_	7
Percent belaw poverty level	6.7	6.7	-	9.3
With related children under 18 yearsFemale householder, no husband present	- 7	- 7	_	7
Householder warked in 1979 With related children under 18 years	-	Ξ	Ξ.	Ξ.
With related children under 6 years Householder 65 years and over	7	7	-	7
Unrelated Individuals for whom poverty status is determined	0		_	9
Percent below paverty level65 years and over	15.8	15.8	=	40.9
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	37	, 37	_	37
Related children under 18 years	6.5	6.5	=	9.0 12
Related children 5 to 17 years60 years and over	- 7 7	7 7	-	7 7
65 years and over Percent of persons for whom poverty status is determined:			-	
Below 75 percent of poverty level	3.7 13.5	3.7 13.5	4.3	5.1 17.1
Below 200 percent of poverty level	44.8	44.8	43.2	45.5

Table P-20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Spanish Origin Persons: 1980

[Oata are estimates based an a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Census Tracts			Shasto County	
[400 or More Spanish Origin Persons]	The SMSA	Total	Redding city	Remoinder
NATIVITY	3 482	3 482	1 050	0.420
Native	3 120 362	3 120 362	934 116	2 432 2 186 246
Foreign born LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK	302	302	110	240
ENGLISH Persons 5 ta 17 years	1 009	1 009	274	735
Speak a language ather than English at hame Percent wha speak English not well ar nat at all	193	193	12	181
Persons 18 years and over	2 004	2 004	670	1 334
Speak a language ather than English at hame	820	820	262	558
Percent who speak English nat well ar nat at all	13.5	13.5	9.9	15.2
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT Persons 3 years old and over enrolled in school Nursery school	1 192	1 192	380	812
	38	38	21	17
KindergartenElementary (1 ta 8 years)	53	53	14	39
	679	679	199	480
High school (1 to 4 years)	227	227	56	171
	195	195	90	105
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED Persons 25 years old and over	1 512	1 512	479	1 033
Elementary: 0 ta 4 yéors	112	112	33	79
	78	78	14	64
8 years	90	90	18	, 72
	171	171	26	145
4 years Callege: 1 to 3 years 4 or more years	571	571	191	380
	319	319	131	188
	171	171	66	105
FERTILITY				
Women 35 to 44 years	161	161	32	129
Children ever barn	497	497	88	409
Per 1,000 wamen	3 087	3 087	2 750	3 171
RESIDENCE IN 1975 Persons 5 years ond over	2 900	2 900	934	1 966
Same house	967	967	258	709
Different hause in United States	1 869	1 869	668	1 201
Central city of this SMSA	344	344	173	171
	427	427	103	324
Outside this SMSA Different SMSA Abroad		1 098 890 64	392 308	706 582 56
JOURNEY TO WORK	0.4	04		30
Workers 16 years and aver Private vehicle: Drive alone	1 040	1 040	357	683
	714	714	258	456
CarpaolPublic transpartation	188	188	75	113
	14	14	7	. 7
Other means ar warked at hame minutes_	124	124	17	107
	17.2	17,2	12,7	19.9
Warked in SMSA of residence	782	782	319	463
Central city	348	434	243	191
Outside central city		348	76	272
Warked autside SMSA af residence		49	12	37
Place af wark nat reparted	49 95	95	16	79
LABOR FORCE STATUS Persans 16 years and over	2 116	2 116	690	1 426
Labar farce	1 297	1 297	441	856
Percent af persons 16 years and over	61.3	61.3	63.9	60.0
EmplayedUnemplayed	1 036	1 036	357	679
	221	221	84	137
Percent af civilian labar farce Female, 16 years and aver	17.6	17.6	19.0	16.8
	982	982	315	667
Labar force	453	453	149	304
	46.1	46.1	47.3	45.6
Employed	364	364	110	¹ 254 50
Unemployed	89	89	39	
Percent of civilian labar farce	19.6	19.6	26.2	16.4
With one farce 6 years	238	238	63	175
In labar force	97	97	16	81
Married, husband present	616	616	175	441
In labar forceCivilian persons 16 to 19 years	250	250	60	190
	280	280	76	204
Nat enrolled in schaal		111	31	80
Nat high school graduate		40	21	19
Employed Unemployed	11	11	7	4
Not in labor force LABOR FORCE STATUS IN 1979	29	29	14	15
Persons 16 years and over, in labor force in 1979	1 480	1 480	496	984
Percent of persons 16 years and over	69.9	69.9	71.9	69.0
Worked in 1979	1 439	1 439	466	973
40 ar mare weeks	893	893	302	591
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	771	771	263	508
50 ta 52 weeks	671	671	274	397
Usually worked 35 ar mare haurs per week	622 364	· 622	246	376
With unemployment in 1979		364	133	231
Percent of thase in labar farce in 1979	24.6	24.6	26.8	23.5
Unemplayed 15 ar mare weeks	146	146	52	94
Mean weeks af unemplayment	17.0	17.0	17.2	16.8
DISABILITY STATUS OF NONINSTITUTIONAL PERSONS				
Persons 16 ta 64 years With a wark disability Prevented fram warking	1 952	1 952	619	1 333
	157	157	79	78
	50	50	13	37
With a public transportation disability	20	20 1 53	60	20 93
Persans 65 years and over With a public transportation disability	35	35	17	18

Table P-21. Occupation, Income in 1979, and Poverty Status in 1979 of Spanish Origin Persons: 1980

[Oata are estimates based an a sample; see Introduction. For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Census Tracts			Shasta Caunty	
[400 or More Spanish Origin Persons]	The SMSA	Tatal	Redding city	Remainder
OCCUPATION Employed persons 16 years and aver Managerial and professional specialty occupations Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations Professional specialty occupations Technicol, sales, and administrative support occupations Technicians and related support occupations Sales occupations Administrative suppart occupations, including clenical Service occupations Private househald occupations Protective service accupations	1 036 221 123 98 317 27 142 148 124	1 036 221 123 98 317 27 142 148 124 7	357 101 48 53 134 14 49 71 27 -7 7	679 120 75 45 183 13 93 77 97 -
Service occupations, except pratective and househald	117 83 148 143 19 39 85	117 83 148 143 19 39 85	20 16 36 43 - 22 21	97 67 112 100 19 17 64
INCOME IN 1979 Households Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$7,499 \$7,500 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 ar mare Median Mean	891 142 90 68 192 141 71 92 63 32 \$13 510 \$18 578	891 142 90 68 192 141 71 92 63 33 32 \$13 510 \$18 578	294 71 49 27 53 18 30 38 - 8 \$10 000 \$14 923	597 71 41 41 139 123 41 54 63 24 \$15 262 \$20 378
Median income Mean income Unrelated individuals 15 years and over Median income Mean income Per capita income Households With earnings Mean earnings With Social Security income Mean Social Security income With public assistance income Mean public assistance income	\$14 714 \$20 693 38 \$6 100 \$7 547 \$5 064 891 752 \$18 254 223 \$3 892 126 \$2 257	\$14 714 \$20 693 388 \$6 100 \$7 547 \$5 064 891 752 \$18 254 223 \$3 892 126 \$2 257	\$11 800 \$18 588 220 \$6 083 \$7 902 \$5 634 294 236 \$14 432 88 \$3 542 34	\$16 033 \$21 355 168 \$6 125 \$7 082 \$4 817 597 516 \$20 003 135 \$4 120 92 \$2 511
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1979 BY FAMILY TYPE Families With own children under 18 years Married-couple families With awn children under 18 years Female householder, no husband present With awn children under 18 years	\$20 693 \$21 401 \$20 181 \$23 568 \$12 442 \$11 341	\$20 693 \$21 401 \$20 181 \$23 482 \$11 341	\$18 588 \$27 025 \$20 295 \$28 970 \$12 835	\$21 355 \$20 099 \$20 148 \$22 203 \$12 382 \$11 341
ALL INCOME LEVELS IN 1979 Families Househalder warked in 1979 With related children under 18 years Female hausehalder, na husband present Hausehalder warked in 1979 With related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Househalder 65 years and aver	694 579 431 60 60 45 21 64	694 579 431 60 60 45 21 64	166 138 83 8 8 - - 29	528 441 348 52 52 52 45 21
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined 65 years and aver Persons for whom poverty status is determined Related children under 18 years Related children 5 ta 17 years 60 years and over 65 years ond aver	388 36 3 440 1 431 970 227 153	388 36 3 440 1 431 970 227 153	220 23 1 025 360 262 91 60	168 13 2 415 1 071 708 136 93
NCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL Families Percent belaw poverty level Hauseholder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 years Female hauseholder, no husband present Hauseholder worked in 1979 With related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Householder 65 years and aver	65 9.4 50 59 19 19 19 14 6	65 9.4 50 59 19 19 19	12 7.2 12 12 - - - -	53 10.0 38 47 19 19 19 14 6
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	95 24.5 –	95 24.5 —	28 12.7 —	67 39.9 -
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	479 13.9 221 135 17 17	479 13.9 221 135 17 17	140 13.7 61 41 —	339 14.0 160 94 17
Below 75 percent of poverty level Below 75 percent of poverty level Below 125 percent of poverty level Below 200 percent of poverty level	9.0 23.6 43.7	9.0 23.6 43.7	4.2 23.4 43.3	11.1 23.6 43.9



Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		S	hasta Caunty					Redding	city, Shasta	Caunty			
Census Tracts.	The SMSA	Total	Redding city	Remainder	Tract 0101	Tract 0102	Tract 0103°	Tract 0104	Tract 0105	Tract 0106°	Tract 0107¢	Tract 0108°	Tract 0109°
Total housing units Vacant seasonal and migratary	47 446 962	47 446 962	17 932 21	29 514 941	921	1 113	1 077	1 499	1 793	1 774	2 147	626	1 140
Year-raund hausing units	46 484	46 484	17 911	28 573	920	1 112	1 077	1 495	1 792	1 774	2 145	625	1 140
YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS Tenure by Race and Spanish Origin of Hausehalder													
Owner-occupied housing units Percent af occupied housing units	28 957 67.3	28 957 67.3	8 956 53.4	20 001 76.3	162 18.8	509 47.2	653 64.8	816 58.0	716 42.4	1 024 62.5	842 42.5	191 33.5	584 54.3
White	28 231 110 360	28 231 110 360	8 728 59 82	19 503 51 278	157	500	641 2 5	802 6	698 4 7	985 22 8	831 2 3	188	572 4 5
Asian and Pacific Islander ¹ Spanish origin ²	78 500	78 500	42 144	36 356	3	7		15	3 11	5 22	4		
Renter-occupied hausing units	14 057 13 346	14 057 13 346	7 830 7 466	6 227 5 880	698 665	569 549	355 341	590 571	971 917	615 561	1 137 1 097	379 363	492 469
White Block American Indian, Eskima, and Aleut	13 346 124 377	13 346 124 377	107 156	17	14 17	12	4 5	10	17 21	24 15	13 15	303 	3 12
Asian and Pacific Islander ¹ Spanish arigin ²	62 425	62 425	34 235	28 190	2 25	 19		23	8 30	4 20	3 30	9	18
Vacancy Status					_								
Vacant housing units For sale anly Vacant less than 6 manths	3 470 712 603	3 470 712 603	1 125 271 250	2 345 441 353	60 10	34 4 3	69 11 11	89 27 26	105 19 19	1 35 59 57	166 54 45	55 1	64 5 5
Median price osked For rent	\$73 700 1 122	\$73 700 1 122	\$80 900 570	\$66 900 552	\$28 800 31	\$57 500 20	\$79 000 36	\$79 200 51	\$53 300 58	\$85 600 57	\$95 000 77	\$52 500 43	\$82 500 43
Vacant less than 2 manths Medion rent osked Rented ar sald, awaiting occupancy	866 \$208 402	866 \$208 402	490 \$225 71	376 \$184 331	\$158	19 \$221	33 \$245 8	36 \$165 6	53 \$227 4	54 \$219 3	66 \$234 11	37 \$255	\$269 4
Held far occasional useOther vacant	536 698	536 698	48 165	488 533	7 11	3 4	4 10	5	3 21	6 10	8 16	- 8	6
8oorded up	33	33	7	26	-	_	-	-	-	1	_	_	3
Lacking Complete Plumbing for Exclusive Use Year-round housing units	618	618	131	487	71	2	3	8	1	4	11	3	_
Owner-occupied housing unitsRenter-occupied housing units	227 221	227 221	16 91	211 130	2 59	1	2	1	1	1	2	3	-
Vacant far rent ar far sale anly Rooms	60	60	16	44	10	-	'	ı	-	_	1	-	-
Year-round housing units	46 484 913	46 484 913	17 911 510	28 573 403	920 181	1 112 10	1 077 20	1 495 39	1 792 33	1 774 14	2 145 81	625 7	1 140
2 rooms 3 rooms	1 963 5 142 11 651	1 963 5 142 11 651	850 2 206 4 641	1 113 2 936 7 010	117 205 211	53 208 314	13 83 252	59 194	106 308 509	48 163 389	264 348 668	33 128	25 119
4 rooms	12 279 8 613	12 279 8 613	4 342 3 124	7 937 5 489	102 61	269 190	278 262	344 399 256	372 252	308 441	351 221	243 127 63	303 306 189
7 rooms8 or more rooms	3 842 2 081	3 842 2 081	1 477 761	2 365 1 320	28 15	44 24	122 47	149 55	110 102	244 167	144 68	20	116 79
Median, year-round hausing units Median, occupied hausing units Median, owner-occupied hausing units	4.8 4.8 5.3	4.8 4.8 5.3	4.7 4.7 5.5	4.9 4.9 5.1	3.3 3.3 5.0	4.4 4.4 5.3	5.1 5.2 5.7	4.8 4.8 5.4	4.4 4.4 5.6	5.4 5.4 6.1	4.1 4.1 5.1	4.1 4.1 5.2	4.9 5.0 5.8
Median, renter-occupied hausing units Persons in Unit	4.0	4.0	3.9	4.1	3.1	3.7	4.1	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.6	3.8	4.2
Occupied housing units	43 014 8 745	43 014 8 745	16 786 4 415	26 228 4 330	860 504	1 078 436	1 008 164	1 406 344	1 687 625	1 639 370	1 979 674	570 162	1 076
2 persons3 persons	15 386 7 556	15 386 7 556	5 897 2 860	9 489 4 696	231 73	385 147	365 194	535 224	599 230	567 312	792 256	223 100	409 212
4 persans 5 persans 6 persons	6 763 2 918 1 089	6 763 2 918 1 089	2 275 865 317	4 488 2 053 772	31 11 6	84 17	179 81 15	200 67 23	131 59 22	260 80 35	170 63 20	56 11 11	145 78 25
7 persons8 ar mare persons	389 168	389 168	113 44	276 124	2 2	í 1	6	10 3	19	13	3	3 4	7 3
Median, accupied hausing units Median, awner-occupied housing units Median, renter-occupied hausing units	2.33 2.42 2.10	2.33 2.42 2.10	2.17 2.34 1.94	2.43 2.45 2.31	1.35 1.75 1.30	1.77 2.03 1.44	2.43 2.49 2.31	2.17 2.29 1.93	1.86 2.09 1.64	2.29 2.51 1.89	1.90 2.14 1.70	2.05 2.34 1.92	2.33 2.35 2.31
Persons Per Room	2.10	2.10	1.74	2,31	1.30	1.44	2.31	1.73	1.04	1.07	1.70	1.72	2.51
Occupied housing units	43 014 41 148	43 014 41 148	16 786 16 269	26 228 24 879	860 843	1 078 1 062	1 008 976	1 406 1 360	1 687 1 651	1 639 1 607	1 979 1 916	570 557	1 076 1 042
1.01 to 1.50	1 329 537	1 329 537	364 153	965 384	10 7	11	20 12	28 18	30 6	28 4	29 34	7 6	31
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units	19 080	19 080	7 342	11 738	103	455	510	746	658	956	491	151	489
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 ta \$14,999 \$15,000 ta \$19,999	189 223 341	189 223 341	27 50 95	162 173 246	- 3 6	- 2 10	1 1 2	5 11 19	3 13 17	6 6 10	- 1 2	3	- ! 3
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$29,999	524	524 590	149 180	375 410	12	13	3 7	29 35	27 35	8 16	9 14	i 4	1 3
\$30,000 ta \$34,999 \$35,000 ta \$39,999 \$40,000 ta \$49,999	817 1 022	817 1 022 2 884	272 349 1 157	545 673	11 9	20 29 112	13 14 54	37 45	43 49 100	12 17 59	19 17 63	4 12 31	14 29
\$50,000 ta \$59,999 \$60,000 ta \$79,999	3 204 4 841	3 204 4 841	1 487 2 004	1 727 1 717 2 837	20 14 18	131 106	90 214	132 133 182	100 104 160	90 322	88 109	45 44	108 59 95
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	2 428 1 561	2 428 1 561	985 446	1 443 1 115	5	14	78 23	70 31	64 31	227 140	125 37	5 1	103 58
\$150,000 ta \$199,999 \$200,000 ar mare Median	295 161 \$59 000	295 161 \$59 000	85 56 \$59 200	210 105 \$58 800	3 \$44 800	\$52 000	6 4 \$64 600	7 10 \$53 800	6 \$53 300	25 18 \$76 700	3 4 \$65 600	\$53 000	\$68 000
CONTRACT RENT												·	
Specified renter-occupied housing units	13 408 \$204	13 408 \$204	7 746 \$216	5 662 \$178	696 \$151	561 \$198	348 \$249	579 \$182	964 \$181	607 \$206	1 132 \$220	379 \$243	484 \$256

¹Excludes 'Other Asian and Pacific Islander' groups identified in sample tabulations. ²Persans of Spanish origin may be of any race.

Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980—Con.

[Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

			Redd	ling city, Shas	sta County—C	an.				Remain	der af Shasta	County	
Census Tracts	Tract 0110 ^p	Tract 0111º	Tract 0112°	Tract 0113 ^p	Tract 0114 ^p	Tract 0116°	Tract 0117º	Tract 0123°	Tract 0103s		Tract 0107°	Tract 0108°	Tract 0109p
Total housing units Vacant seasonal and migratory	1 280	511	1 270	1 709	835	237	-	=	8	434	261	1 171	176
Year-raund housing units	1 278	511	1 268	1 702	835	237	_	Ξ	8		260	1 169	176
YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS Tenure by Race and Spanish Origin of Householder													
Owner-occupied hausing units Percent af accupied housing units	799 67.7	416 85.4	541 46.2	1 006 61.5	564 70.2	133 64,9	Ξ	_	7 87.5	352 84.8	221 89.1	879 82.5	117 73.1
WhiteBlackBlack	775	412	527 1	960 16	551	129	Ξ	Ξ	7	340	217	845 19	116
American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut Asian and Pacific Islander ¹		··· <u>·</u>	4 5	16	6	3	Ξ	_	-	7	•••	ii 	
Spanish origin ²		•••	6	17	10	•••	-	-	-	•••	•••	13	
Renter-occupied housing units White	361	71 71	630 609	631 595	239 231	72 66	Ξ	_	1	63 60	27 25	186 176	43 42
BlackAmerican Indian, Eskima, and Aleut	10		8 8 2	11 15 4		4	Ξ	_	_	2	•••	5	
Asian and Pacific Islander ¹ Spanish arigin ²	8		17	22	4		-	_	_	•••		2	
Vacancy Status													
Vacant housing units For sale only	16	24 11	97 7	65 28	32 14	32 5	Ξ	=	-	17	12 5	104 30	16
Vacant less than 6 months	\$67 500	\$83 000 5	\$55 000 33	\$63 500 26	\$85 000 7	\$73 800 19	_	=	=	\$112 500	\$26 300	\$82 500 40	\$23 800
Vacant less than 2 months	56	3 \$300	32 \$245	21 \$238	6 \$325	8 \$262	Ξ	=	=	3 2 \$55	\$175	40 40 \$160	1 \$279
Rented or sold, awaiting accupancyHeld for occasional use	1 -	3 2	12	5	5 2	2 3	Ξ	Ξ	_	4	2	12	Ţ.,
Other vacant Baarded up	17	3 1	42 -	5 1	4	3 1	Ξ	Ξ	_	6	4 -	15 3	5 -
Lacking Complete Plumbing for Exclusive Use													
Year-round housing units		1	4	4	2	4 2	_	=	-	5 2	3 2	11	-
Renter-occupied housing units Vacant for rent ar far sole only		_	2	4	Ξ	1	Ξ	_		2 1	1	5 2	_
Rooms													
Year-round housing units	1 278	511 2	1 268 2	1 702	835	237 4	_	Ξ	8	432 11	260	1 169	176
2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms	61 129 320	16 47	33 181 473	22 79 457	4 17 44	10 28 67	Ξ.	=	1	16 33 88	26 94	43 86 279	11 9 38
6 rooms	303	157 157	216 188	622 357	469 203	63 44	Ξ	Ξ	2	100 87	84 32	351 247	40 32 15
7 raams	83 31	83 47	132 43	124	64 34	14 7	Ξ	=	_	52 45	12 4	111 41	25
Median, year-raund hausing units Median, accupied hausing units	4.6 4.7	5.7 5.7	4.4 4.5	5.0 5.0	5.3 5.2	4.7 4.8	Ξ	_	4.5 4.5	5.2	4.5 4.6	5.0 5.0	5.1 5.3
Median, awner-occupied housing units Median, renter-occupied housing units	5.1 3.9	5.9 4.8	5.7 4.0	5.3 4.3	5.3 5.1	5.2 4.0	Ξ	Ξ	•••	5.5 4.0	4.6	5.2 4.0	5.8 3.9
Persons in Unit	1 180	407	1 171	1 637	803	205			8	415	240	1 065	160
Occupied housing units	261 393	487 52 188	218 413	298 549	78 182	205 32 66	Ξ	=	1	66 153	248 72 133	168 421	28 66
3 persans 4 persans	218	100 98	256 190	314 288	192 213	32 44	=	_	2	74 63	20 14	183 164	35 21
5 persans6 persans	77 30	32 12	57 24	115 49	96 31	21 7	_	_	1	40 15	7 2	86 33	5 5
7 persons	4	2 3	11 2	16 8	7 4	2 1	=	_	2.25	2 2 2.42	- 1.89	9 1 2.37	2.29
Median, accupied hausing units Median, awner-occupied housing units Median, renter-occupied hausing units	2.37	2.53 2.56 2.45	2.39 2.42 2.36	2.45 2.37 2.63	3.24 3.12 3.48	2.64 2.49 2.92	Ξ	Ξ	2.25	2.42 2.64 1.70	1.85 2.35	2.37 2.39 2.21	2.35 2.07
Persons Per Room	1.13	2.45	2.50	2.00	0.40	2.72					2.00	-,	
Occupied housing units	1 180 1 093	487 480	1 171 1 138	1 637 1 587	803 770	205 187	=	_	8 8	415 396	248 243	1 065 1 014	160 157
1.01 to 1.50	44 43	6	29 4	46 4	30 3	15 3	_	_	_	16 3	5	38 13	2
VALUE													
Specified owner-occupied housing units	586 3	385	406 3	774 3	534	98 3	Ξ	=	5	245 8	37	459	104
\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	5 21	5	2 5	3 7 13	3 3	3 3 2	Ξ	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =		7 3	-	5 11	11
\$25,000 ta \$29,999 \$30,000 ta \$34,999	13	5 12	12 8	17 32	7 14	2 4	Ξ	-	_	5 7	1	16 16	4
\$35,000 ta \$39,999 \$40,000 ta \$49,999	29 85	10 41	14 42	43 157	25 139	7 14	Ξ	-	_	6 25	2	20 49	3 10
\$50,000 ta \$59,999 \$60,000 ta \$79,999	156	49 140	77 159	251 207	211 67	22 25	Ξ	-	1	16 34	5 8	68 137	8 23 13
\$B0,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999	34	69 35 12	68 14 1	34 6	31 25 8	12 1 -	_	-	i	43 72 11	6	60 46 5	13 19 5
\$10,000 or more		\$69 000	\$64 600	\$54 000	1 \$52 700	\$54 200	-	-	2 \$112 500	6	\$54 400	\$63 200	\$75 000
CONTRACT RENT		, 300	,	Ţ 300	,52 700	Ţ _0 0			, 550	, 500	,	,	,
Specified renter-occupled housing units Median	369 \$190	66 \$241	627 \$241	626 \$256	236 \$320	72 \$210	=	_		57 \$135	24 \$178	1 80 \$192	40 \$160

¹Excludes ''Other Asian and Pacific Islander'' groups identified in sample tabulations. ²Persons of Spanish origin may be of any race,

Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980—Con.

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

		Remainder of Shosto County—Con.											
Census Tracts	Tract 0110°	Troct 0111p	Tract 0112	Troct 0113°	Troct 0114 ^p	Tract 0115	Tract 0116°	Troct 0117	Troct 0118	Troct 0119	Troct 0120	Troct 0121	Troct 0122
Total housing units	861	-	17	7	576	1 851	1 035	2 581	2 140	1 252	1 593	1 786	1 561
Vacant seasonal and migratory Year-round housing units	8 853	=	16	7	576	10 1 841	10 1 025	15 2 566	81 2 059	1 249	1 593	1 785	1 548
YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS Tenure by Race and Spanish Origin of Householder													
Owner-occupied housing units	669 82.8		10 83.3	50.0	497 89.7	1 507 86.5	756 78.4	1 527 66.0	1 648 85.8	1 061 89.5	708 46.9	1 189	1 156 78.5
White 8lack American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut	648	=	-	3	496 -	1 485 - 14	740 	1 477 33	1 620 	1 031 11 9	690 3 9	1 163	1 127
Asian ond Pacific Islander ¹ Spanish origin ²		-	-		- 6	18	14	2 34	31	21	2 17	23	23
Renter-occupied housing units White	139 131	_	2	3	57 54	235 224	208 203	788 725	273 261	125 116	803 757	528 510	316 299
8lock American Indion, Eskimo, ond Aleut Asion ond Pacific Islonder ¹		Ξ	-	Ī		5		49		- 4	3 25 4	13	
Spanish origin ²	6	-	-	-	2	13	2	25	3	4	25	18	13
Vacancy Status Vacant housing units	45	-	4	1	22	99	61	251	138	63	82	68	76
For sale only	12 9	_		= =	8 8 \$75 000	40 32	16 14	54 47	24 20	25 19	8 8	8 7	17 13
Medion price osked For rent Vocant less than 2 months	6 5	=	1	=	\$75 000 5 5	15	\$48 800 12 4	\$55 500 65 49	\$83 300 18 14	\$98 800 3 1	\$45 000 47 38	\$50 000 31 23	\$37 500 41 30
Median rent osked Rented or sold, awaiting occupancy Held for occasional use	\$312 15 9	=	\$125	Ξ	\$244	\$206 20 11	\$180 5 2	\$198 44 14	\$190 22 33	\$238 14 9	\$199 11	\$216 9 4	\$208 5
Other vacant Boarded up	3 1	=	3 -	1	9	13	26 1	74 5	41	12	14 1	16 3	8 3
Lacking Complete Plumbing for Exclusive Use													
Year-round housing units	10 4	_	-		1	13 3	14 7	22 11	22 13	5 5	6 1	7 2	2
Renter-occupied housing units Vacant for rent or for sole only	2 1	_		•••	_	3 -	5 1	7	3	_	2 -	5 -	-
Rooms Year-round housing units	853	_	16	7	576	1 841	1 025	2 566	2 059	1 249	1 593	1 785	1 548
1 room	14 26 60	_	1	1	2 6 30	21 49 121	12 40 141	30 130 335	32 87 202	12 25 35	13 70 269	13 18 196	14 56 147
4 rooms 5 rooms 5	94 231	=	7 2	3	92 172	414 469	303 264	751 795	519 511	136 292	494 509	506 597	402 439
6 rooms	269 110 49	=	1 2 1	1 -	148 87 39	405 237 125	130 77 58	376 111 38	439 179 90	354 230 165	171 45 22	318 91 46	324 113 53
Median, year-round housing units	5.5 5.5		4.2 4.3	4.0 3.8	5.4 5.4	5.2 5.2	4.6 4.6	4.5 4.6	4.9 4.9	5.9 5.8	4.4 4.4	4.8 4.8	4.9 4.9
Median, owner-occupied housing units Median, renter-occupied housing units	5.7 4.4	_			5.5 4.8	5.3 4.3	4.8 4.1	4.9 3.9	5.1 4.1	5.9 4.6	5.0 3.9	5.0 4.1	4.1
Persons in Unit Occupied housing units	808	_	12	6	554	1 742	964	2 315	1 921	1 186	1 511	1 717	1 472
1 person 2 persons 3 persons	105 259 157	Ξ	2 6	2 1 3	48 143 128	230 682 302	189 393 150	501 814 422	267 720 358	112 339 233	301 460 320	370 645 306	258 508 264
4 persons5 persons	196 66	Ξ	į	-	125 80	299 157	136 64	329 155	343 143	301 126	247 125	205 111	259 105
6 persons 7 persons 8 or more persons 8	13 9 3	=	- -	=	20 8 2	45 20 7	22 9 1	60 25 9	63 20 7	53 15 7	37 12 9	54 14 12	54 14 10
Median, occupied housing units Median, owner-occupied housing units	2.75 2.82	_	2.17	2.50	3.17 3.27	2.44 2.46	2.25 2.26	2.31 2.33	2.46 2.50	3.11 3.20 2.32	2.49 2.56 2.43	2.26 2.25 2.30	2.44 2.45 2.39
Median, renter-occupied housing units Persons Per Room	2.41	-	• • •	•••	2.41	2.28	2.18	2.25	2.25	2.32	2.43	2.30	2.37
Occupied housing units	808 786		12 11	6 6	554 521	1 742 1 677	964 933	2 315 2 179	1 921 1 811	1 186 1 143	1 511 1 416	1 717 1 649	1 472 1 418
1.01 to 1.50	13 9	Ξ	-	=	25 8	47 18	25 6	101 35	68 42	26 17	73 22	55 13	10
Specified owner-occupied housing units	518	-	9	•••	342	834	459	1 187	639	731	657	832	653
less thon \$10,000	2 3 -	=	Ξ	• • • •	1 2	2 7 9	15 16 24	37 36 44	3 7	. 3 1 3	3 15 20	7 12	5 18 13
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$34,999	7 5 8	_	2 1	• • •	1 20 3	13 15 20	18 20 23	78 76 110	12 19 15	1 3 17	42 35 48	33 37 57	27 26 46
\$35,000 to \$39,999	10 24	=	<u>1</u>	•••	19 23	25 98	23 70	118 264	21 28	14 23	83 213	87 210	42 97
50,000 to \$59,999 60,000 to \$79,999 80,000 to \$99,999	84 245 69	Ξ	1 1 2	•••	35 118 60	116 210 202	52 79 63	190 192 30	73 166 124	60 195 177	128 52 5	144 140 58	114 157 67
6100,000 to \$149,999	47 13	-	1 -	•••	51	107	39 9	12	138 27	167 43	7	38 7	34 7
Aedian	\$67 000	-	\$57 500	• • •	\$71 600	\$72 100	\$53 100	\$43 500	\$77 500	\$85 200	\$43 500	\$48 800	\$54 000
CONTRACT RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	128	-	• • •		53	215	204	772	252	97	788	512	290
Aedian	\$258	-		•••	\$234	\$190	\$165	\$180	\$193	\$223	\$202	\$196	\$174

'Excludes ''Other Asion and Pacific Islander'' groups identified in sample tobulations. ²Persons of Spanish origin may be of any roce.

Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980—Con.

[For meoning of symbols, see introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

		Remoinder	of Shosto Cou	nty—Con.				Totols	for split troct	s in Shosto C	ounty		
Census Tracts	Tract 0123°	Troct 0124	Tract 0125	Tract 0126	Troct 0127	Troct 0103	Troct 0106	Troct 0107	Troct 0108	Troct 0109	Troct 0110	Tract 0111	Troct 0112
Total housing units	3 333	1 271	952	3 398	3 250	1 085	2 208	2 408	1 797	1 316	2 141	511	1 287
Vocont seosonol ond migrotoryYeor-round housing units	31 3 302	40 1 231	86 866	475 2 923	162 3 088	1 085	2 206	2 405	3 1 79 4	1 316	10 2 131	511	1 284
YEAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS													
Tenure by Race and Spanish Origin of Householder Owner-occupied housing units	2 393	841	512	1 914	2 034	660	1 376	1 063	1 070	701	1 468	416	551
Percent of occupied housing units White	76.5 2 326	75.2 816	75.6 502	78.4 1 861	73.6 1 986	65.0 648	67.0 1 325	47.7 1 048	65.4 1 033	56.7 688	73.8	85.4 412	46.6 534
8lock American Indion, Eskimo, ond Aleut	3 36	15		5 33	32	2 5	22 15	2 4	20 12	5 5	9 24	-	1 7
Asion and Pocific Islonder ¹ Sponish origin ²	3 58	2 11	7	6 27	30	12	9 25	5 12	1 16	10	5 30	-	5
Renter-occupied housing units	734	277	165	526	728	356	678	1 164	565	535	520	71	632
White	692	266 - 5	159	490	684	342 4 5	621 24 17	1 122 14	539 4	511 3	492 4	71 -	611
Americon Indion, Eskimo, and Aleut Asion ond Pocific Islonder [†]	32 2	3		26 4	28		5	16 3	12 4	13	15 2		2
Sponish origin ²	24	5	6	17	24	8	21	30	11	18	14	•••	17
Vacancy Status Vocont housing units	175	113	189	483	326	69	152	178	159	80	143	24	101
Vocont less than 6 months	49 45	17 12	12 7	68 49	26	11	62	59 50	28	6	28 22	11	7 7
Medion price osked For rent Vocont less thon 2 months	\$68 100 43 32	\$62 500 16 10	\$67 500 32 8	\$52 100 58 25	\$72 500 108 80	\$79 000 36 33	\$86 500 60 56	\$94 800 78 67	\$82 100 83 77	\$67 500 50 43	\$65 800 70 61	\$83 000 5 3	\$55 000 34 32
Medion rent asked	\$177 35	\$175 25	\$154 9	\$129 60	\$181 41	\$245 8	\$216 7	\$232 11	\$222 15	\$270 4	\$184 16	\$300	\$244 12
Held for occosional useOther vocont	16 32	28 27	108 28	177 120	60 76	4 10	7 16	10 20	7 23	6 11	20	2 3	3 45
8oorded up	-	5	-	prosp	4	-	1	-	3	3	1	1	-
Lacking Complete Plumbing for Exclusive Use													
Year-round housing unitsOwner-occupied housing units	28 12	83 42	13 7	168 81	74 15	3 2	9 3	14	14	Ξ	23 8	1	4
Renter-occupied housing units Vocont for rent or for sole only	10 1	26 3	2	32 16	25 18	1	5 1	8 1	8 2	_	6 4	_	2
Rooms	0.000		044	0.000	0.000								
Year-round housing units 1 room 2 rooms	3 302 39 102	1 231 23 7 7	866 28 56	2 923 68 198	3 088 54 93	1 085 20 13	2 206 25 64	2 405 81 272	1 794 18	1 316 9 36	2 131 125 87	511 2 2	1 284 2 34
2 rooms	307 838	145 309	124 243	339 676	327 721	84 255	196 477	374 762	76 214 522	128 341	189 414	16 47	183 480
5 rooms6 rooms	967 658	296 206	188 136	769 507	858 646	280 264	408 528	435 253	478 310	346 221	534 509	157 157	218 189
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	276 115	105 70	56 35	213 153	243 146	122 47	296 212	156 72	131 45	131 104	193 80	83 47	134 44
Medion, yeor-round housing units Medion, occupied housing units		4.7 4.8	4.4 4.5	4.7 4.8	4.9 5.0	5.1 5.2	5.3 5.4	4.1 4.1	4.6 4.6	4.9 5.0	5.0 5.0	5.7 5.7	4.4
Medion, owner-occupied housing units Medion, renter-occupied housing units	5.2 4.1	5.0 4.2	4.8 3.9	5.0 4.2	5.2 4.2	5.7 4.1	6.0 3.9	4.9 3.6	5.2 3.8	5.8 4.2	5.4 4.0	5.9 4.8	5.7 4.0
Persons in Unit Occupied housing units	3 127	1 118	677	2 440	2 762	1 016	2 054	2 227	1 635	1 236	1 988	487	1 183
1 person2 persons	395 1 095	235 404	136 316	394 932	450 995	165 369	436° 720	746 925	330 644	225 475	366 652	52 188	220 419
3 persons 4 persons	579 618	177 170	86 89	417 408	479 500	196 179	386 323	276 184	283 220	247 166	375 382	100 98	257 191
5 persons6 persons		69 39	27 15	176 72	223 73	81 16	120 50	70 22	97 44	83 30	143 43	32 12	58 25
7 persons 8 or more persons 8 or more persons 8	34 24 2.63	19 5	5 3 2.14	29 12	32 10	6 4	15	3 1 1.90	12 5	7 3	20 7 2.46	2 3 2.53	11 2 2.39
Medion, occupied housing units Medion, owner-occupied housing units Medion, renter-occupied housing units	2.70 2.46	2.30 2.34 2.17	2.14 2.14 2.14	2.39 2.37 2.48	2.44 2.48 2.26	2.43 2.48 2.31	2.32 2.54 1.87	2.07 1.71	2.26 2.38 2.00	2.33 2.35 2.29	2.52 2.29	2.56 2.45	2.42
Persons Per Room	2.40	2.17	2.1.7	2.40	2.20	2.51	1.07	1.7.1	2.00	2.27	/	21-13	2.00
Occupied housing units	3 127 2 930	1 118 1 044	677 643	2 440 2 251	2 762 2 643	1 016 984	2 054 2 003	2 227 2 159	1 635 1 571	1 236 1 199	1 988 1 879	487 480	1 183 1 149
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	142 55	55 19	19 15	120 69	90 29	20 12	44 7	34 34	45 19	33 4	57 52	6 1	30 4
VALUE													
Specified owner-occupied housing units	1 242 15	366 9	283	742 22	1 391 16	515]	1 201	528	610	593 1	1 104	385	415
\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	10 23 20	8 7 15	3 10	9 18	24 41	2	8 17	1 2	12 6 12	2	4 5 28	5 2	2
\$25,000 to \$24,777 \$25,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$34,999	31	13 32	16 8 8	19 12 27	50 63 64	3 7 13	11 21 19	15 15 22	20 20	7 20	18 37	5 12	13
\$35,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	47 184	21 35	14 34	28 68	89 269	14 54	23 84	19 65	32 80	32 118	39 109	10 41	15 42
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	445	41 62	38 65	92 225	257 283	91 214	106 356	93 117	113 181	67 118	207 401	49 140	78 160
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	146 72	55 55	36 31	101 86	126 86	79 24	270 212	128 43	65 47	116 77	149 81	69 35	70 15
\$150,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 or more Medion	16 4 \$62 900	7 6 \$60 500	9 2 \$60 400	18 17 \$66 100	17 6 \$52 400	6 6 \$64 700	36 24 \$77 400	3 4 \$65 000	5 8 \$60 100	16 13 \$69 000	18 3 \$63 700	12 4 \$69 000	\$64 600
CONTRACT RENT	ψ02 700	400 J00	φυυ 4 00	φου 100	\$32 4 00	φυ4 700	φ// 400	\$65 000	φου 100	φυ, σου	ψ03 700	φο, σου	ψυ+ 000
Specified renter-occupied housing units	694 \$161	204 \$160	132 \$167	376 \$153	639 \$166	349 \$249	664 \$202	1 156 \$219	559 \$229	524 \$254	497 \$202	66 \$241	629 \$241
	\$101	φ100	φ10/	\$173	φ100	φ247	φευε	φ417	φ2.27	Ψ2.34	φευε	φε41	Ψ241

¹Excludes ''Other Asion and Pocific Islander'' groups identified in sample tobulations. ²Persons of Spanish origin may be of any roce.

Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980—Con.

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. F		ets in Shosto County—Con.		
Census Tracts	Tract 0113	Troct 0114	Tract 0116	Troct 0117	Troct 0123
Total housing units	1 716 7	1 411	1 272 10	2 581	3 333 31
ear-round housing units	1 709	1 411	1 262	2 566	3 302
EAR-ROUND HOUSING UNITS					
enure by Race and Spanish Origin of Householder wher-occupied housing units	1 009	1 061	889	1 527	2 393
Percent of occupied housing units White	61.4 963	78.2 1 047	76.0 869	66.0 1 477	76.5 2 326
8lock American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut	16 16		13	33	3 36
Asian and Pacific Islander	8	•••	• • •	2	3
Spanish origin ²	17 634	16 296	14 280	34	58
enter-occupied housing units White Block	598 11	285	269	788 725	734 692 3
American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut	15	7		49	32
Spanish origin?	4 22	6	4	4 25	2 24
acancy Status					
Vocant housing units	66 28	54 22	93 21	251 54	175 49
Vacont less thon 6 months Median price asked	27 \$63 500	20 \$81 700	19 \$55 000	47 \$55 500	45 \$68 100
wrent Vocant less than 2 months	26 21	12 11	31 12	65 49	43
Medion rent osked	\$238	\$287 5	\$254	\$198 44	\$177
eld for occasional use		2	, 5 29	14 74	35 16
ther vocont 8oorded up	î	-	2	5	32
scking Complete Plumbing for Exclusive Use					
Year-round housing units	4	3	18	22	28
vner-occupied housing units	_ 4	1 -	9	11 7	12
acant for rent or for sale only	-	-	1	i	1
oms	1 700	1 411	1 0/0	0.544	2 200
Year-round housing units	1 709 3	2	1 262 16	2 566 30	3 302 39
rooms	23 80	10 47	50 169	130 335	102 307
rooms	460 623	136 641	370 327	751 795	838 967
roomsrooms	358 124	351 151	174 91	376 111	658 276
for more rooms	38 5.0	73 5.3	65 4.6	38 4.5	115 4.9
edian, occupied housing units edian, owner-occupied housing units	5.0 5.3	5.3 5.4	4.6 4.8	4.6 4.9	4.9 5.2
edian, renter-occupied hausing units	4.3	5.0	4.1	3.9	4.1
rsons in Unit Cocupied housing units	1 643	1 357	1 169	2 315	3 127
person persons	300 550	126 325	221 459	501 814	395 1 095
bersonsbersons	317 288	320 338	182 180	422 329	579 618
bersons	115	176	85	155	287
persons	49 16	51 15	29 11	60 25	95 34
or more personsdian, occupied housing units	8 2.45	6 3.21	2.29	9 2.31	24 2.63
Idion, owner-occupied housing units idion, renter-occupied housing units	2.37 2.62	3.19 3.27	2.29 2.30	2.33 2.25	2.70 2.46
rsons Per Room					
Occupied housing units	1 643 1 593	1 357 1 291	1 169 1 120	2 315 2 179	3 127 2 930
01 to 1.50 §1 or more	46 4	55 11	40 9	101 35	142 55
LUE					
Specified owner-occupied housing unitss thon \$10,000	777 3	876	557 18	1 18 7 37	1 242 15
0,000 to \$14,999 5,000 to \$19,999	3 3	1	19 27	36 44	10 J
0.000 to \$24.999	13	5 4	20	78	23 20 31
5,000 to \$29,999 0,000 to \$34,999	17 32	27 17	22 27	76 110	35
5,000 to \$39,999 0,000 to \$49,999	43 158	44 162	30 84	118 264	47 184
0,000 to \$59,999 ,000 to \$79,999	251 207	246 185	74 104	190 192	194 445
0.000 to \$99,999	36 6	91 76	75 40	30 12	146 72
0,000 to \$199,999 0,000 or more	1 -	12 5	9 8	-	16
dion	\$54 000	\$56 100	\$53 400	\$43 500	\$62 900
NTRACT RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	628	289	276	772	694
dion	\$256	\$315	\$176	\$180	\$161

¹Excludes "Other Asian and Pocific Islander" groups identified in sample tabulations. ²Persons of Sponish origin may be of any roce.

[For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

			** · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Census Tracts [400 or More White Persons and			Shasto County	
400 or More of a Specified Racial				
Group]	The SMSA	Total	Redding city	Remoinder
Occupied housing units	41 577	41 577	16 194	25 383
LACKING COMPLETE PLUMBING FOR EXCLUSIVE USE Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	208 195	208 195	16 82	192 113
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	8 492 15 035 7 266 6 509 2 774 1 012 346 143 2.32 2.41 2.08	8 492 15 035 7 266 6 509 2 774 1 012 346 143 2.32 2.41 2.08	4 285 5 742 2 741 2 175 819 292 100 40 2.16 2.33 1.93	4 207 9 293 4 525 4 334 1 955 720 246 103 2.41 2.44 2.28
PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less	39 915 1 186 476	39 915 1 186 476	15 732 322 140	24 183 864 336
ROOMS Medion, occupied housing units Medion, owner-occupied housing units Medion, renter-occupied housing units	4.8 5.3 4.0	4.8 5.3 4.0	4.7 5.5 3.9	4.9 5.1 4.1
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units Less thon \$15,000 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$29,999 \$35,000 to \$34,999 \$36,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$149,999	18 596 386 326 509 572 790 996 2 797 3 110 4 749 2 386 1 533 288 154 \$59 200	18 596 386 326 509 572 790 996 2 797 3 110 4 749 2 386 1 533 288 154 \$59 200	7 146 71 90 147 169 262 343 1 124 1 440 1 955 972 439 82 52 \$59 400	11 450 315 236 362 403 528 653 1 673 1 670 2 794 1 414 1 094 206 102 \$59 100
Specified renter-occupied housing units Medion	12 727 \$204	12 727 \$204	7 385 \$217	5 342 \$178

Table H-3. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

Census Tracts		Shasto County					
[400 or More Black Persons]	The SMSA	Total	Redding city	Remoinder			
Occupied housing units	234	234	166	68			
LACKING COMPLETE PLUMBING FOR EXCLUSIVE USE Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	_ 3	- 3	- 3	-			
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	50 60 43 38 23 12 6 2 2.66 2.75	50 60 43 38 23 12 6 2 2.66 2.75	37 42 33 29 13 9 3 - 2.62 2.79 2.52	13 18 10 9 10 3 3 2 2.80 2.63 2.92			
PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less	208 208 24 2	208 24 24	150	58 8 8			
ROOMS Median, occupied housing units Median, owner-occupied housing units Median, renter-occupied housing units	4.6 5.2 4.0	4.6 5.2 4.0	4.5 5.2 4.0	5.1 5.3 4.0			
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$15,000 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$30,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$39,999 \$50,000 to \$39,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$100,000 to \$199,999 \$100,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 or more Medion	89 1 2 4 8 5 5 5 8 10 29 7 3 - 1 \$54 800	89 1 2 4 8 5 5 5 8 10 29 7 3 - 1 \$54 800	54 1 2 2 2 7 4 4 2 3 1 14 15 2 1 - 1 \$53 000	35 - 2 1 1 3 3 5 2 2 14 5 5 2 - - *****************************			
CONTRACT RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	122 \$210	122 \$210	105 \$210	17 \$213			

Table H-4. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

Census Tracts [400 or More American Indian,			Shasto County	
Eskimo, and Aleut Persons]	The SMSA	Total	Redding city	Remoinder
Occupled housing units	737	737	238	499
LACKING COMPLETE PLUMBING FOR EXCLUSIVE USE Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	15 18	15 18	-	15 14
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	128 176 147 133 72 72 44 227 15 2.94 3.01	128 176 147 133 72 44 22 15 2.94 3.01	53 63 49 40 15 13 4 1 2.56 2.71	75 113 98 93 57 31 18 14 3.13 3.12
PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less	615 84 38	615 84 38	215 16 7	400 68 31
ROOMS Medion, occupied housing units Median, owner-occupied housing units Median, renter-occupied housing units	4.5 5.0 4.0	· 4.5 5.0 4.0	4.3 5.3 3.9	4.6 4.9 4.1
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units Less thon \$15,000 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$100,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 or \$199,999 \$200,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 or \$199,999	214 22 111 9 7 12 13 40 40 40 20 6 6 1	214 22 111 9 7 12 13 40 40 32 20 6 6 1	69 5 3 - 2 6 6 4 15 17 11 5 1 1 - - - ************************	145 17 8 9 5 6 9 25 23 21 15 5 1
CONTRACT RENT Specified renter-occupled housing units Medion Medion	360 \$177	360 \$177	1 55 \$210	205 \$156

Table H-5. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980

[Excludes "Other Asion and Pacific Islander" groups identified in sample tobulations. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

ensus Tracts 400 or More Asian and Pacific			Shosto County	
Islander Persons]	The SMSA	To to l	Redding city	Remoinder .
Occupied housing units	140	140	76	64
ACKING COMPLETE PLUMBING FOR EXCLUSIVE USE wher-occupied housing units	-	Ξ.	 -	- -
ERSONS IN UNIT				
personpersonspersons	26 36 31	26 36 31	17 17 18	9 19 13
personspersonspersons	23 13 5	23 13 5	12 6 2	11 7 3
or more persons edian, occupied housing units edian, owner-occupied housing units edian, renter-occupied housing units	3 2.76 3.00 2.31	3 2.76 3.00 2.31	2.72 2.97 2.13	2 2.81 3.07 2.50
ERSONS PER ROOM 00 or less 01 to 1.50 51 or more	126 7 7	126 7 7	68 5 3	58 2 4
ooms edian, occupied housing units edian, owner-occupied housing units edian, renter-occupied housing units	4.8 5.6 3.6	4.8 5.6 3.6	4.8 5.8 3.3	4.8 5.4 3.9
Specified owner-occupied housing unitss than \$15,000	61 1	61 1	35	26 1
0,000 to \$24,999 5,000 to \$29,999 0,000 to \$34,999 5,000 to \$39,999	- 1		=	- 1
0,000 to \$49,999 0,000 to \$59,999 0,000 to \$79,999	15 14 11	15 14 11	11 7 10	4 7 1
0,000 to \$99,999	3 3	3 3 3	3 2 1 1	2 6 2 2
NTRACT RENT	\$59 600 58	\$59 600 58	\$59 200 34	\$60 000 24
Specified renter-occupied housing units	\$217	\$217	\$214	\$225

Table H-6. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Spanish Origin Householder: 1980

[For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

Census Tracts [400 or More Spanish Origin			Shosto County	
Persons]	The SMSA	Total	Redding city	Remoinder
Occupied housing units	925	925	379	546
LACKING COMPLETE PLUMBING FOR EXCLUSIVE USE Owner-occupied housing units Renter-occupied housing units	6 12	6 12	7	6 5
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	168 251 164 170 100 36 26 10 2.77 3.23 2.27	168 251 164 170 100 36 26 10 2.77 3.23 2.27	109 1111 57 48 33 9 9 3 2.23 2.23 1.86	59 140 107 122 67 27 17 7 3.19 3.31 2.92
PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less	834 62 29	834 62 29	355 18 6	479 44 23
ROOMS Median, occupied housing units Median, owner-occupied housing units Median, renter-occupied housing units	4.7 5.3 3.9	4.7 5.3 3.9	4.4 5.7 3.8	4.9 5.2 4.2
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$15,000 - \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$30,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$44,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 or more Median	369 5 6 10 8 18 19 57 62 97 44 31 5 7	369 5 6 10 8 18 19 57 62 97 44 31 5 7 \$59 900	122 1 3 2 2 2 2 6 17 17 17 41 21 7 - 3 \$65 800	247 4 3 8 6 16 13 40 45 56 23 24 5 4 \$56 800
CONTRACT RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Medion	407 \$203	407 \$203	234 \$212	173 \$188

Table H-7. Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates bosed on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Sł	iasta County					Redding ci	ty, Shasta Co	ounty			
Census Tracts	The SMSA	Total	Redding city	Remainder	Tract 0101	Tract 0102	Tract 0103°	Tract 0104	Tract 0105	Tract 0106°	Tract 0107°	Tract 0108°	Troct 0109°
Year-round housing units:	46 528	46 528	17 912	28 616	897	1 137	1 077	1 499	1 793	1 774	2 130	633	1 133
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete kitchen facilities	45 856 4 132 17 002 28 918 18 578 34 674 23 919	45 856 4 132 17 002 28 918 18 578 34 674 23 919	17 652 1 670 5 709 14 344 9 203 17 533 15 711	28 204 2 462 11 293 14 574 9 375 17 141 8 208	789 51 39 810 227 897 886	1 118 87 156 950 553 1 130 1 110	1 070 174 541 945 690 1 037 996	1 480 131 383 1 076 499 1 423 1 061	1 784 98 368 1 327 601 1 793 1 793	1 755 131 881 1 568 1 051 1 759 1 726	2 104 192 649 1 682 1 123 2 125 2 102	633 46 136 573 258 617 599	1 127 75 388 902 833 1 115 1 033
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 3 and 4 5 ta 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	29 325 900 1 967 1 946 2 653 793 8 944	29 325 900 1 967 1 946 2 653 793 8 944	10 968 448 1 183 1 177 2 100 757 1 279	18 357 452 784 769 553 36 7 665	212 74 84 100 176 154 97	677 16 11 131 128 145 29	811 32 119 15 54 - 46	1 196 74 44 114 66 - 5	1 202 69 112 160 241 9	1 272 38 82 136 147 99	709 20 196 111 555 152 387	193 116 118 131 35 40	683 54 105 81 140 - 70
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1979 to March 1980	3 695 9 660 6 775 19 605 7 987 4 351 3 455	3 695 9 660 6 775 10 605 7 987 4 351 3 455	1 111 3 443 2 454 4 059 3 523 1 840 1 482	2 584 6 217 4 321 6 546 4 464 2 511 1 973	26 20 102 202 81 110 356	7 176 172 110 483 148 41	66 260 105 473 118 34 21	87 43 36 176 532 415 210	42 87 118 300 328 473 445	170 387 227 349 288 142 211	181 725 449 361 286 115	231 185 33 64 101 19	47 185 149 337 376 28 11
HEATING EQUIPMENT Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace Bectric heat pump Other bult-in electric units Other means Nane	441 16 724 2 903 5 055 21 290 115	441 16 724 2 903 5 055 21 290 115	172 7 599 1 435 3 271 5 421 14	269 9 125 1 468 1 784 15 869 101	75 215 6 212 389	375 40 357 365	6 664 71 177 155 4	252 283 286 678	18 431 130 635 579	5 796 217 416 330 10	7 1 191 244 309 379	266 20 263 84	54 622 90 101 266 -
Occupied housing units SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	43 014	43 014	16 786	26 228	847	1 091	1 008	1 406	1 687	1 639	1 979	577	1 069
Units with roomers ar boarders No telephone Owner-occupied housing units 4 or more bedrooms 1 complete bothroom plus holf bath(s) 2 ar more complete bothrooms Rester-occupied housing units 2 or more bedrooms 1 complete bothroom plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms	841 2 558 28 957 2 665 2 850 14 321 14 057 9 608 948 1 863	841 2 558 28 957 2 665 2 850 14 321 14 057 9 608 9 48 1 863	340 976 8 956 1 056 994 4 550 7 830 5 117 572 890	501 1 582 20 001 1 609 1 856 9 771 6 227 4 491 376 973	5 100 130 - 7 19 717 277 44 20	12 61 541 60 64 150 550 282 23 6	33 49 653 81 101 462 355 315 59 60	24 95 816 107 83 327 590 313 29 34	12 169 716 109 78 283 971 513 20 61	26 70 1 024 168 79 760 615 406 42 67	43 117 842 83 76 466 1 137 652 116 127	14 37 188 18 33 105 389 207 5	28 59 587 69 41 265 482 435 15
HOUSE HEATING FUEL Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gas Bectricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Na fuel used	17 290 4 296 12 138 445 8 786 59	17 290 4 296 12 138 445 8 786 59	8 762 258 7 004 106 642 14	8 528 4 038 5 134 339 8 144 45	443 388 16 -	542 27 491 8 23	496 19 422 5 62 4	620 7 690 - 89	599 13 1 032 10 33	654 34 883 9 49	788 35 1 122 16 18	160 17 385 7 8	738 7 277 8 39
VEHICLES AVAILABLE None 1 2 3 or more	2 457 12 517 17 290 10 750	2 457 12 517 17 290 10 750	1 315 5 858 6 282 3 331	1 142 6 659 11 008 7 419	280 383 141 43	174 505 270 142	24 294 365 325	69 440 590 307	201 656 593 237	120 545 578 396	86 824 846 223	22 227 229 99	51 345 356 317
VEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT Owner-occupied housing units 1979 to March 1980 1975 ta 1978 1970 ta 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier Renter-occupied housing units 1979 ta March 1980 1975 ta 1978 1970 to 1974 1969 or earlier	28 957 5 603 9 684 5 329 4 916 3 425 14 057 7 945 4 475 840 797	28 957 5 603 9 684 5 329 4 916 3 425 14 057 7 945 4 475 840 797	8 956 1 472 2 727 1 569 1 726 1 462 7 830 4 628 2 509 406 287	20 001 4 131 6 957 3 760 3 190 1 963 6 227 3 317 1 966 434 510	130 16 27 15 43 29 717 338 288 67 24	541 65 86 69 60 261 550 251 258 23 18	653 151 174 134 156 38 355 246 90 7	816 119 201 115 168 213 590 358 144 49 39	716 69 131 119 135 262 971 491 387 29 64	1 024 161 340 135 194 194 615 348 196 34 37	842 221 266 131 173 51 1 137 761 288 76 12	188 29 47 33 38 41 389 357 32	587 56 182 110 142 97 482 268 144 34
CHARACTERISTICS OF HOUSING UNITS WITH HOUSEHOLDER OR SPOUSE 65 YEARS AND OVER Occupied housing units Owner-occupied housing units Lacking complete plumbing far exclusive use No vehicle available No telephone	8 892 6 864 56 1 556 330	8 892 6 864 56 1 556 330	3 543 2 410 5 829 104	5 349 4 454 51 727 226	305 63 5 185 32	434 244 _ 125 _	164 126 - 9	311 242 - 29	480 329 - 133 14	320 230 - 67 6	365 208 - 62 6	39 34 5	227 183 - 35 8
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL Owner-occupied housing units Percent below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use	111 16 -	2 115 7.3 2 099 111 16	440 4.9 440 19	1 675 8.4 1 659 92 16	15 11.5 15 - -	37 6.8 37 - -	7 1.1 7 - -	35 4.3 35 - -	29 4.1 29 - -	26 2.5 26 - -	66 7.8 66 8 -	5 2.7 5 -	14 2.4 14 - - -
Renter-occupied housing units Percent below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 731 19.4 2 652 306 79 15	2 731 19.4 2 652 306 79 15	1 344 17.2 1 334 114 10	1 387 22.3 1 318 192 69 15	11.0 69 - 10	162 29.5 162 14	67 18.9 67 - -	84 14.2 84 14 —	186 19.2 186 - - -	115 18.7 115 6 - -	188 16.5 188 34 -	75 19.3 75 - - -	14.3 69 7 -

Table H-7. Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980—Con.

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Redding city, Shosto County—Con.							Remoinder	of Shosto Co	ounty			
Census Tracts	Troct 0110°	Troct 0111P	Troct 0112°	Troct 0113°	Troct 0114°	Troct 0116	Troct 0117°	Troct 0123°	Troct 0103°	Troct 0106⁰	Troct 0107°	Troct 0108°	Troct 0109°
Year-round housing units	1 280	516	1 262	1 709	828	244	-	-	-	430	233	1 211	174
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete kitchen focilities	1 269 101 440 886 514 1 248 682	509 41 313 322 306 484 165	1 256 150 476 1 166 1 055 1 204 1 072	1 701 151 620 1 565 1 080 1 709 1 657	828 212 238 439 313 759 656	229 30 81 133 100 233 173	-	-	-	426 14 248 268 208 390 27	233 41 98 180 128 178 172	1 200 117 530 822 357 1 024 222	166 16 93 157 121 14 19
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched 2 3 ond 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc.	896 13 18 - 57 60 236	498 15 - 3 - -	597 21 113 66 228 103 134	1 086 6 144 125 163 -	810 8 5 5 - -	126 8 34 12 14 - 50	-	-	-	304 31 9 - 8 - 78	46 - - - - - 187	716 - - 19 26 - 450	155 - 5 14 - -
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1979 to Morch 1980	16 174 168 295 320 212	20 92 26 191 141 27 19	52 328 421 313 81 39 28	100 390 273 508 356 70 12	39 306 162 292 16 -	27 85 13 88 16 8 7	-	-	- -	47 69 92 133 12 37 40	8 56 72 89 6 2	186 294 200 242 172 88 29	6 7 8 16 71 42 24
HEATING EQUIPMENT Steom or hot woter system Centrol worm-air furnoce Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Other meons None	526 57 213 484	269 71 42 134	917 23 61 261	7 812 97 123 670	159 86 26 557	104 50 90	-	- - - -		138 27 14 247 4	163 5 20 45	9 409 127 94 572	101 30 - 43
Occupied housing units SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	1 180	493	1 165	1 637	795	213	-	-	-	421	226	1 089	158
Units with roomers or boorders No telephone Owner-occupled housing units 4 or more bedrooms 1 complete bothroom plus holf both(s) 2 or more complete bothrooms Renter-occupied housing units 2 or more bedrooms 1 complete bothroom plus holf both(s) 2 or more complete bothroom plus holf both(s) 2 or more complete bothrooms	41 108 799 53 71 362 381 252 25 72	24 15 405 70 41 258 88 76 -	37 37 552 127 33 387 613 513 103 76	28 27 1 006 77 129 470 631 582 22 126	13 6 570 34 136 197 225 225 69 28	26 127 	-	-	-	10 18 355 38 - 234 66 61 14 9	1 186 	6 48 918 55 97 459 171 130	8 - 117 36 16 93 41 21
HOUSE HEATING FUEL Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other No fuel used	749 53 316 5 57	261 8 164 - 60	807 29 269 14 46	1 184 - 357 8 88 -	648 	73 9 89 - 42 -	-	-	-	155 126 - 136 4	144 31 25 - 26	242 284 276 - 287	92 - 51 4 11
VEHICLES AVAILABLE None 1 2 3 or more	95 371 402 312	29 76 243 145	65 444 458 198	75 502 725 335	214 375 206	24 32 111 46	=======================================	-	=	12 82 181 146	8 100 77 41	29 205 529 326	33 55 70
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT Owner-occupled housing units 1979 to Morch 1980	799 154 275 156 156 58 381 233 112 27	405 43 160 66 69 67 88 43 36	552 84 202 186 65 15 613 387 207 8	1 006 159 348 190 203 106 631 367 203 36 25	570 121 234 93 98 24 225 126 92 7	127 24 54 17 26 6 86 54 32	-	-	-	355 82 126 84 37 26 66 26 27	186 26 71 61 28 - 40 16 12 2	918 282 310 157 113 56 171 73 82 4	117 6 31 8 - 72 41 27 5 4
CHARACTERISTICS OF HOUSING UNITS WITH HOUSEHOLDER OR SPOUSE 65 YEARS AND OVER Occupied housing units Owner-occupied housing units Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use No vehicle ovoiloble	247 183 - 37 28	59 50 - 29	180 153 - 41	339 292 - 71 5	61 61 -	12 12 - 6		-		61 49 - 3	116 96 - 8	199 178 4 14	54 50 -
No telephone	47 5.9 47 11 76 19.9 76 18	17 4.2 17 - - 9 10.2	51 9.2 51 - - 112 18.3 112 7	52 5.2 52 - - 91 14.4 91 14	31 5.4 31 - - 16 7.1 16 -	- 8 6.3 8 - - 15 17.4 15 - -	-			7 2.0 7 - - 18 27.3 18	9 4.8 9 	92 10.0 92 - - 29 17.0 29 14 -	- - - - - 9 22.0

Table H-7. Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980—Con.

[Doto ore estimates bosed on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

					F	Remoinder of	Shosto County	/—Con.					
Census Tracts	Tract 0110°	Tract 0111p	Troct 0112°	Troct 0113°	Troct 0114°	Tract 0115	Tract 0116°	Troct 0117º	Tract 0118	Tract 0119	Troct 0120	Tract 0121	Tract 0122
Year-round housing units	863		12	7	546	1 848	1 094	2 504	2 077	1 252	1 592	1 776	1 572
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete kitchen focilities	847 69	-	12	•••	546 52	1 843 200	1 083 66	2 469 145	2 072 114	1 245 142	1 569 202	1 773 177	1 572 176
2 or more complete bothrooms Air canditioning Central system	533 576 546	= =	3 3 3	•••	376 289 289	990 1 420 945	320 388 256	598 1 066 738	1 053 1 419 961	851 743 689	192 1 051 444	539 1 061 573	473 574 360
Source of woter, public system or private company Sewage disposol, public sewer UNITS IN STRUCTURE	771 450	Ξ	4	•••	95 25	412 56	1 020 58	2 470 2 402	1 777 86	588 12	1 507 1 498	925 1 157	564 137
1, detoched or ottoched 2 3 ond 4	674 3 17	=	12 - -	•••	469 - -	1 083 - 14	662	1 894 62 97	844 47 26	1 022 34 7	1 025 35 192	1 233 10 49	987 5 26
5 to 9	20 6 - 143	=	-	• • •	14 - - 63	27 - 724	9 9 - 414	42 61 - 348	57 10 - 1 093	12 - - 177	216 112 - 12	33 136 9 306	56 40 13 445
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT				•••									
1979 to Morch 1980	74 174 109	-	- 3	• • •	30 150 51	136 466 342	34 141 205	227 272 94	265 580 487	198 356 184	287 208 123	59 367 324	89 210 268
1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	281 186 23 16	- -	8 1 - -	• • •	221 62 9 23	543 284 51 26	324 173 145 72	457 533 648 273	443 165 30 107	354 100 48 12	260 448 114 152	361 471 103 91	430 268 160 147
HEATING EQUIPMENT Steam or hot water system		_	_		_	13	9	_	5	_	118	103	_
Central warm-air furnoce Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	420 123 17	- - -			243 22 -	1 054 113 37	372 23 124	622 79 356	718 104 140	490 100 12	399 28 99	668 39 100	541 69 188
Other means	303	Ξ	8 4		281	626	561 5	1 447	1 110	650	931 17	855 11	774
Occupied housing units	810	~	7	7	535	1 740	1 023	2 281	1 921	1 186	1 512	1 724	1 464
Units with roomers or boorders	19 49 669	- - -	• • •	•••	15 - 484	19 66 1 489	53 126 826	21 140 1 487	65 127 1 648	23 22 1 061	18 124 707	35 17 1 212	28 48 1 134
4 or more bedrooms	84 29 482	- -	• • •	•••	104 52 325	131 157 900	80 63 296	53 118 493	135 85 914	157 117 781	48 133 144	77 134 471	62 158 419
Renter-occupied housing units 2 or more bedrooms 1 complete bothroom plus holf both(s) 2 ar more complete bothrooms	141 117 26 35	- - -	•••	•••	51 40 - 40	251 222 30 54	197 95 3 10	794 499 16 51	273 175 23 82	125 105 20 37	805 526 69 42	512 391 37 58	268 18 40
HOUSE HEATING FUEL	385	_		•••	116	580	578	1 256	254	_	1 134	1 181	553
Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	67 163 -	-	•••		90 78 ~-	420 238 26	99 177 –	55 783 11	533 496 26	286 302 27	34 232 6	70 226 -	299 340 9
Na fuel used	195	_	•••	•••	251 -	471 5	169 -	176	612	571 -	100	239 8	263
Nane	18 177	_			_ 133	18 528	20 364	189 700	68 426	26 161	132 589	122 550	59 387
3 or more	360 255	_	•••	•••	176 226	634 560	415 224	960 432	798 629	569 430	574 217	648 404	631 387
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT Owner-occupied housing units 1979 to Morch 1980	6 69 168		•••		484 96	1 489 291	826 119	1 487 319	1 648 459	1 061 222	707 211	1 212 155	1 134 232
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	240 92 100	- - -	•••		226 81 60	519 268 290	270 233 126	344 225 262	597 333 218	373 237 182	128 122 146	412 266 220	354 226 230
1959 or earlier Renter-occupied housing units 1979 to Morch 1980	69 141 68	_	•••		21 51 40	121 251 162	78 1 97 116	337 794 419	41 273 149	47 125 86	100 805 555	159 512 257	92 330 139
1975 to 1978	57 9 7	=	•••	•••	11 - -	80 9 -	30 35 16	258 76 41	90 12 22	17 8 14	197 32 21	160 26 69	119 29 43
CHARACTERISTICS OF HOUSING UNITS WITH HOUSEHOLDER OR SPOUSE 65 YEARS AND OVER													
Oxcupied housing units Owner-occupied housing units Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	84 74 -	- - -		•••	26 26 -	356 340 -	209 193 —	636 476 –	418 367 4	157 129 7	252 157	481 402	313 267 —
Na vehicle avoiloble No telephone INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	18	=			_	12 22	5 4	121 6	56 22	26 -	68 12	93	46
Owner-occupied housing units Percent below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use	71 10.6 71	-	•••		23 4.8 23	115 7.7 115	54 6.5 54	133 8.9 133	144 8.7 144	56 5.3 56	45 6.4 45	74 6.1 74	119 10.5 119
1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	-	-			- - -	13	- - -	111 -	19 - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	10
Percent below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use	25 17.7 25	=	•••	•••	22 43.1 22	39 15.5 34	12 6.1 12	154 19.4 154	73 26.7 73	25 20.0 25	196 24.3 196	1 29 25.2 129	64 19.4 64
1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	-	=			îî - -	5 -	-	25 - -	15 - -	12 - -	5 -	111 - -	24
1													

Table H-7. Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980—Con.

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Remoinder of	Shosto Count	y—Con.			·	Totals fo	r split trocts	in Shosto Co	unty		
Census Tracts	Troct 0123°	Troct 0124	Troct 0125	Troct 0126	Troct 0127	Troct 0103	Troct 0106	Troct 0107	Troct 0108	Troct 0109	Troct 0110	Troct 0111	Troct 0112
Year-round housing units	3 308	1 245	848	2 916	3 108	1 077	2 204	2 363	1 844	1 307	2 143	516	1 274
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete kitchen focilities	3 287 295 1 365 1 748 1 040 1 925 309	1 217 77 436 703 397 499 29	837 67 268 298 202 263 25	2 726 194 1 228 1 028 721 547 125	3 074 298 1 099 780 397 2 168 1 395	1 070 174 541 945 690 1 037 996	2 181 145 1 129 1 836 1 259 2 149 1 753	2 337 233 747 1 862 1 251 2 303 2 274	1 833 163 666 1 395 615 1 641 821	1 293 91 481 1 059 954 1 129 1 052	2 116 170 973 1 462 1 060 2 019 1 132	509 41 313 322 306 484 165	1 268 150 479 1 169 1 058 1 208 1 076
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched 2 3 ond 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc.	1 739 105 35 31 35 -	865 19 6 8 - - 347	597 21 25 10 15 -	1 899 31 87 79 5 - 815	2 124 49 189 122 90 14 520	811 32 119 15 54 -	1 576 69 91 136 155 99 78	755 20 196 111 555 152 574	909 116 137 157 35 490	838 54 110 95 140 - 70	1 570 16 35 20 63 60 379	498 15 - 3 - -	609 21 113 66 228 103 134
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	306 816 664 737 504 171	85 280 135 326 144 80 195	41 201 105 230 117 112 42	283 988 452 531 274 160 228	223 582 403 553 473 488 386	66 260 105 473 118 34 21	217 456 319 482 300 179 251	189 781 521 450 292 117	417 479 233 306 273 107 29	53 192 157 353 447 70 35	90 348 277 576 506 235	20 92 26 191 141 27 19	52 328 424 321 82 39 28
HEATING EQUIPMENT Steam or hot woter system Centrol worm-air fumace Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units None	12 1 384 259 174 1 459 20	210 69 132 834	- 176 73 73 509 17	364 128 96 2 313 15	653 50 108 2 294 3	6 664 71 177 155 4	5 934 244 430 577 14	7 1 354 249 329 424	9 675 147 357 656	54 723 120 101 309	946 180 230 787	269 71 42 134	917 23 61 269 4
Occupied housing unitsSELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	3 127	1 140	655	2 440	2 762	1 008	2 060	2 205	1 666	1 227	1 990	493	1 172
Units with roomers or boarders No telephone Owner-occupied housing units 4 or more bedrooms 1 complete bathroom plus holf bath(s) 2 or more complete bothrooms Renter-occupied housing units 2 or more bedrooms 1 complete bathroom plus holf bath(s) 2 or more complete bothrooms	60 142 2 393 131 237 1 187 734 611 39 127	9 105 850 92 49 351 290 230 22 73	19 86 503 46 13 199 152 98 9	34 308 1 914 95 132 989 526 393 28 108	59 155 2 034 182 225 933 728 479 22 103	33 49 653 81 101 462 355 315 59 60	36 88 1 379 206 79 994 681 467 56 76	43 118 1 028 83 117 564 1 177 682 116 127	20 85 1 106 73 130 564 560 337 5	36 59 704 105 57 358 523 456 15	60 157 1 468 137 100 844 522 369 51 107	24 15 405 70 41 258 88 76 -	37 37 559 130 33 390 613 513 103 76
HOUSE HEATING FUEL Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other No fuel used	723 693 741 23 933	249 258 36 597	155 162 14 324	30 396 289 53 1 664	1 260 122 171 104 1 105	496 19 422 5 62	654 189 1 009 9 185	932 66 1 147 16 44	402 301 661 7 295	830 7 328 12 50	1 134 120 479 5 252	261 8 164 - 60	807 29 269 14 53
VEHICLES AVAILABLE None	92 747 1 438 850	72 155 471 442	9 234 263 149	121 413 1 014 892	147 675 1 208 732	24 294 365 325	132 627 759 542	94 924 923 264	51 432 758 425	51 378 411 387	113 548 762 567	29 76 243 145	65 444 458 205
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT Owner-occupied housing units 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier Renter-occupied housing units 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	304 247 98	850 142 319 120 170 99 290 177 96	503 56 161 117 131 38 152 70 24 6	1 914 409 856 260 251 138 526 237 235 8	2 034 349 664 410 321 290 728 396 219 76	653 151 174 134 156 38 355 246 90 7	1 379 243 466 219 231 220 681 374 223 34	1 028 247 337 192 201 51 1 177 777 300 78	1 106 311 357 190 151 97 560 430 114 4	704 62 213 118 142 169 523 295 149 38	1 468 322 515 248 256 127 522 301 169 36	405 43 160 66 69 67 88 43 36 9	559 87 202 186 69 15 613 387 207 8
1969 or earlier CHARACTERISTICS OF HOUSING UNITS WITH HOUSEHOLDER OR SPOUSE 65 YEARS AND OVER Occupied housing units Owner-occupied housing units Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use No vehicle modified	463 369 - 54	211 176 5	189 183	494 409 23	623 506 8	164 126 -	381 279	481 304	238 212 4	281 233 	331 257 - 55	59 50 - 29	180 153 - 41
No vehicle avoiloble No telephone INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL Owner-occupied housing units Percent below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Renter-occupied housing units Percent below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	196 8.2 196 - - 135 18.4 135 35	27 8 76 8.9 76 25 - 91 31.4 73 -	28 5.6 28 - - 29 19.1 29	87 51 197 10.3 181 - 16 - 121 23.0 92 12 29	236 11.6 236 14 - - 207 28.4 190 25	7 1.1 7 - - 67 18.9 67	70 10 33 2.4 33 - - 133 19.5 133 6	70 6 7.3 7.5 8 - 197 16.7 197 37	97 8.8 97 - - 104 18.6 104	14 2.0 14 	55 28 118 8.0 118 11 - 101 19.3 101 18	17 · 4.2 17 9 10.2 9	51 9.1 51 - - 112 18.3 112
1.01 or more persons per room		7		8	-	_		-		-			

Table H-7. Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980—Con.

[Oata are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

_		Totals for split t	Totols for split tracts in Shosto County—Con.							
Census Tracts	Tract 0113	Troct 0114	Troct 0116	Troct 0117	Troct 0123					
Year-round housing units	1 716	1 374	1 338	2 504	3 308					
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete kitchen facilities	1 708 151 620 1 565 1 080 1 709 1 657	1 374 264 614 728 602 854 681	1 312 96 401 521 356 1 253 231	2 469 145 598 1 066 738 2 470 2 402	3 287 295 1 365 1 748 1 040 1 925 309					
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or attached 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	1 098 6 144 125 163 -	1 279 8 5 19 - - 63	788 8 34 21 23 -	1 894 62 97 42 61 -	1 739 105 35 31 35 -					
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1979 to March 1980	100 390 273 515 356 70	69 456 213 513 78 9	61 226 218 412 189 153 79	227 272 94 457 533 648 273	306 816 664 737 504 171					
HEATING EQUIPMENT Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Other means None	7 812 97 123 677	402 108 26 838	9 476 23 174 651 5	622 79 356 1 447	12 1 384 259 174 1 459 20					
Occupied housing units SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	1 644	1 330	1 236	2 281	3 127					
Units with roomers or boarders No telephone Owner-occupied housing units 4 or more bedrooms 1 complete bathroom plus holf bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms Renter-occupied housing units 2 or more bedrooms 1 complete bathroom plus holf bath(s) 2 or more bedrooms 2 or more bedrooms 1 complete bathroom plus holf bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms	28 27 1 013 77 129 470 631 582 22 126	28 6 1 054 138 188 522 276 265 69 68	53 152 953 80 85 335 283 164 3 48	21 140 1 487 53 118 493 794 499 16 51	60 142 2 393 131 237 1 187 734 611 39 127					
HOUSE HEATING FUEL Utility gos Battled, tank, or LP gos Bectricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other No fuel used	1 184 	764 90 197 - 279	651 108 266 211	1 256 55 783 11 176	723 693 741 23 933					
VEHICLES AVAILABLE None	75 502 732 335	347 551 432	44 396 526 270	189 700 960 432	92 747 1 438 850					
Owner-occupied housing units 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier Renter-occupied housing units 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	1 013 159 348 190 210 106 631 367 203 36	1 054 217 460 174 158 45 276 166 103 7	953 143 324 250 152 84 283 170 62 35	1 487 319 344 225 262 337 794 419 258 76	2 393 504 956 460 294 179 734 304 247 98					
1969 or earlier CHARACTERISTICS OF HOUSING UNITS WITH HOUSEHOLDER OR SPOUSE 65 YEARS AND OVER Occupied housing units Owner-occupied housing units Lacking complete plumbing far exclusive use No vehicle available No telephone	25 346 299 - 71 5	87 87 - -	221 205 - 11 4	636 476 - 121 6	463 369 - 54 24					
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL Owner-occupied housing units Percent below paverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	52 5.1 52 - -	54 5.1 54 - -	62 6.5 62 - -	133 8.9 133 11	196 8.2 196 - -					
1.01 or more persons per room Renter-occupied housing units Percent below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	91 14.4 91 14 -	38 13.8 38 11 -	9.5 27 9.5 27 - -	154 19.4 154 25	135 18.4 135 35 -					

Table H-8. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		SI	nosto County					Redding ci	ty, Shosto Co	ounty			
Census Tracts	The SMSA	Tatal	Redding city	Remainder	Troct 0101	Tract 0102	Tract 0103°	Troct 0104	Tract 0105	Troct 0106°	Troct 01 07¢	Troct 0108°	Troct 0109 ^p
Specified owner-accupied housing units	19 056	19 056	7 331	11 725	75	483	512	746	658	956	478	149	491
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS													
With o mortgage	13 321 84 2 060 3 164 2 748 3 888 1 377 \$350	13 321 84 2 060 3 164 2 748 3 888 1 377 \$350	5 432 34 1 000 1 280 1 108 1 545 465 \$339	7 889 50 1 060 1 884 1 640 2 343 912 \$357	43 - 14 29 - \$329	248 - 86 67 43 34 18 \$257	434 - 56 135 66 148 29 \$356	492 6 165 81 96 104 40 \$289	319 	716 13 35 147 142 256 123 \$415	371 9 34 93 106 83 46 \$339	127 6 20 48 26 27 - \$281	377 - 111 68 51 104 43 \$318
Not mortgoged Less than \$100 \$100 to \$199 \$200 or more Medion	5 735 3 444 2 106 185 \$91	5 735 3 444 2 106 185 \$91	1 899 1 228 616 55 \$88	3 836 2 216 1 490 130 \$93	32 32 - \$67	235 190 38 7 \$81	78 20 58 - \$123	254 173 71 10 \$86	339 238 93 8 \$79	240 147 63 30 \$90	107 45 62 - \$107	22 16 - 6 - \$92	114 96 18 - \$82
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME													
Less thon \$10,000 Less thon 15 percent 15 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 percent or more Not computed Medion	4 161 938 1 073 395 1 625 130 25.1	4 161 938 1 073 395 1 625 130 25.1	1 310 310 318 101 514 67 24.8	2 851 628 755 294 1 111 63 25.2	19 5 - 14 - 38.8	99 42 28 6 23 -	36 	187 52 48 - 70 17 21.3	169 60 65 18 26 -	131 50 30 - 38 13 17.1	81 26 25 - 20 10 17.8	29 6 - 8 15 - 35.2	98 34 14 8 34 8 23.9
\$10,000 to \$19,999	5 633 2 016 1 495 597 1 525	5 633 2 016 1 495 597 1 525	2 172 805 608 193 566	3 461 1 211 887 404 959 20.0	27 27 - - - 5.0	156 82 26 5 43	109 26 63 - 20	266 113 79 23 51	179 90 58 10 21	200 72 60 6 62 20.2	129 46 16 	63 8 20 - 35 32.9	84 45 8 9 22
\$20,000 or more	9 262 5 373 2 782 634 466 	9 262 5 373 2 782 634 466 	3 849 2 380 1 099 214 156 	5 413 2 993 1 683 420 310 	29 21 8 - - 	228 190 38 - - 7.8	367 241 61 46 19	293 175 100 6 12	310 244 46 16 4	625 371 188 26 40	268 188 50 7 23	57 33 24 - - 13.3	309 215 76 - 18
Specified renter-occupied housing units	13 429	13 429	7 767	5 662	717	550	355	579	960	609	1 137	389	465
GROSS RENT Less thon \$80 \$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 or more No cosh rent Median One-family house, detached or ottoched Median gross rent	276 393 1 080 2 271 3 029 2 735 1 295 841 951 558 \$240	276 393 1 080 2 271 3 029 2 735 1 295 841 951 558 \$240	205 165 485 1 094 2 023 1 878 833 425 527 132 \$246	71 228 595 1 177 1 006 857 462 416 424 426 \$225 2 837 \$249	5 69 200 156 123 80 35 23 20 6 \$164	84 14 15 88 184 94 34 7 15 15 \$224		16 7 50 144 186 92 12 23 34 15 \$219	17 92 298 276 128 58 43 35 13 \$211	14 26 106 194 138 41 7 59 24 \$239	70 55 47 86 321 333 154 49 9 13 \$247	- - 24 171 98 62 24 10 - \$250	- 17 6 85 198 98 23 38 - \$284
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME		,	,	,	****	,	,	,	,		,		
Less thon \$10,000	6 625 135 273 429 504 536 4 278 470 44.4	6 625 135 273 429 504 536 4 278 470 44.4	3 657 79 207 218 267 320 2 390 176 44.1	2 968 56 66 211 237 216 1 888 294 44.7	454 6 46 53 60 66 223 - 34.7	348 12 37 30 20 12 215 22 45.5	137 - 6 12 12 96 11 50+	311 - 19 23 24 39 189 17 38.3	521 14 42 48 45 33 312 27 44.8	368 - - 8 44 29 270 17 48.2	488 34 56 21 34 42 283 18 41.4	160 - - - 26 125 9	165 - 7 - 158 49.8
\$10,000 to \$19,999	4 312 569 1 017 1 017 716 450 395 148 22.4	4 312 569 1 017 7 017 716 450 395 148 22.4	2 594 252 633 762 432 282 208 25 22.6	1 718 317 384 255 284 168 187 123 21.9	154 44 52 35 17 - 6 17.9	152 8 45 70 21 8 - - 21.6	118 - 30 18 12 35 23 - 29.6	212 34 57 53 6 48 9 5	247 44 86 59 17 18 23 –	126 25 25 28 14 - 27 7 21.7	451 40 114 172 91 15 12 7 22.0	164 59 49 23 19 14 22.3	168 10 36 44 55 - 23 - 24.3
\$20,000 or more	2 492 1 537 568 216 58 20 11 82 13.3	2 492 1 537 568 216 58 20 11 82 13.3	1 516 938 381 134 32 14 - 17 13.5	976 599 187 82 26 6 11 65 12.7	109 89 20 - - - - 11.3	50 33 6 4 - - 7 13.3	100 54 26 16 - - - 4 14.2	56 30 16 10 - 14.6	192 136 31 17 - 8 - - 12.6	115 72 15 21 7 - - 13.2	198 115 69 14 - - 13.6	65 49 16 - - - 12.2	132 103 23 6 - - - 12.5

Table H-8. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980—Con.

[Oata are estimates based an a sample; see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

			Remainder of Shasta County										
Census Tracts	Tract 0110°	Tract 0111º	Tract 0112°	Tract 0113°	Tract 0114°	Tract 0116°	Tract 0117°	Tract 0123°	Tract 0103°	Tract - 0106p	Tract 0107°	Tract 0108°	Troct 0109º
Specified owner-occupied housing units	586	389	402	774	545	87	-	-	-	231	40	475	103
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS													
With a mortgage Less than \$100 \$100 ta \$199	466 - 64	277 - 30	354 - 14	648 - 136	491 - 121	69 - 19	- - -	=	-	167 — 5	22 _ 8	275 - 14	55 - 8
\$200 ta \$299 \$300 to \$399 \$400 ta \$599	91 119 156	107 28 102	96 79 131	140 155 178	106 124 110	17 11 22	- - -	-	- -	14 45 48	- - 14	51 62 110	25 _ _
\$600 or more	36 \$363	10 \$305	34 \$381	39 \$327	30 \$319	\$288	_	-	Ī	55 \$458	- \$461	38 \$418	\$261
Not martgaged Less than \$100 \$100 ta \$199	120 57 63	112 56 56	48 22 26	126 89 37	54 29 25	18 18 -	-	-	-	64 22 30	18 12 6	200 126 74	48 - 43
\$200 ar mare Medion	\$102	\$100	\$106	\$87	\$92	\$56	_	Ξ	Ξ	12 \$121	\$88	\$92	\$147
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME													
Less than \$10,000	93 23 10	57 20	43	159 6 27	92 5 18	17 6 6	- - -		-	23 - 14	6 6 -	132 14 37	-
25 to 29 percent	8 52 -	7 30 -	14 16 13	7 119 -	20 43 6	5 -	=	_	-	9 -	-	19 55 7	-
\$10,000 ta \$19,999	32.1 249 63	30.6 103 51	50+ 107 20	50+ 283 102	30.0 210 53	22.1 7 7	_	-	-	22.5 46 18	5.0 6 6	28.0 171 52	8 8
15 to 24 percent 25 ta 29 percent 30 percent ar mare	40 46 100	38 - 14	30 5 52	81 57 43	89 32 36	- -	=	=	=	7 21	- -	41 26 52	-
Not camputed	27.3	15.2	28.5	21.1	19.6	12.5	· · <u>·</u>		•••	28.6	5.0	23.4	12.5
\$20,000 or mare Less than 15 percent 15 ta 24 percent	244 118 77	229 143 79	252 154 75	332 151 137	243 101 112	63 35 28	- - -	-	-	162 95 52	28 28	172 94 40	95 73 14
25 to 29 percent 30 percent or mare Nat computed	33 16	7	18 5	32 12	30		- -	-	- -	9 6	- -	16 22	8
Medion	15.4	13.0	13.3	15.9	17.6	14.0	~	-	-	13.2	10.6	13.9	8.2
Specified renter-occupied housing units GROSS RENT	381	77	613	631	218	86	-	-	-	61	40	161	36
Less than \$80 \$80 to \$99	13	-	_	_ 6	-	_	_	~	-	8	_	=	_
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	9 98 107	- - 17	12 26 116	6 23 149	- 7 22	7 - 18	- - -	-	-	4 22 9	6 18 -	29 13 39	9
\$250 ta \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	50 21 31	16 4 6	295 110 14	181 119 77	19 21 74	33 16 -	-	-	-	- 14	-	27 11 19	5 6
\$400 ar mare Na cash rent Median	38 14 \$221	34 - \$363	36 4 \$271	57 13 \$290	75 - \$377	12 - \$284	- - -	-	- - -	4 \$194	16 \$181	11 12 \$239	- \$214
One-family hause, detached ar attached Median grass rent	268 \$245	65 \$406	149 \$314	241 \$351	205 \$381	35 \$316		-		35 \$175	6 \$175	94 \$261	17 \$239
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME													
Less than \$10,000	205 13	13	245 -	166	44 -	32	Ξ	-	Ξ	43	23 _	104	13
15 ta 19 percent	22 11 39	=	- - 7	10	-	- -	- -	-	-	5 3 17	=	8 7 ~	- - 4
35 percent ar mare	100 20 36.9	13 - 45.0	14 214 10 50+	8 123 25 45.9	44 - 50+	25 - 39.5			-	9 9 32.6	17 6 38.0	70 19 44.1	9 - 50+
\$10,000 ta \$19,999	121 10	30	272 19	242 18	113	24		-		4	6	31	6
15 to 19 percent	25 50 8	10 14	54 86 49	32 63 81	8 21 38	=	=	_	- - -	=	=	13 10 -	-
30 ta 34 percent	13 15 -	6 - -	53 11 -	36 12	7 39 -	24 -	-	-	=	_ _ 4	- - 6	_ _ 4	6 -
\$20,000 ar mare	22.5 55	21.8 34	23.7 96	25.5 223	28.6 61	32.5 30	_	-	-	14	11	18.7 26	32.5 17
Less than 15 percent	20 19 16	9 14 6	75 15 6	106 79 16	29 20 12	18 12 -	- - -	-	=	14 - -	7 - -	22 _	17 - -
25 ta 29 percent	- - -	5 - -	=	10 6 -	=	_	=	=	_ 	-	=	=	
Nat camputed	17.0	17.9	13.0	15.2	15.4	14.2	-	-		12.5	5.0	17.5	10.7

Table H-8. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980—Con.

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					R	emoinder af S	Shasta Caunty	Can.					
Census Tracts	Troct 0110°	Tract 0111º	Troct 0112°	Troct 0113º	Tract 01149	Tract 0115	Tract 0116°	Troct 0117º	Troct 0118	Tract 0119	Troct 0120	Tract 0121	Troct 0122
Specified owner-occupied housing units	519	-			363	805	468	1 184	634	731	655	853	634
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS													
With o mortgoge	455	Ξ	•••	•••	278	584	315	633	463	594 7	479 —	612	463
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	38 94 74	Ξ	•••	•••	12 58 85	23 126 148	41 113 76	132 148 130	26 85 66	43 89 87	139 130 62	140 233 130	110 105 123
\$400 to \$599 \$600 ar more	162 87	=	•••	•••	82 41	194 93	51 34	187 36	196 90	208 160	142 6	93 16	119
Medion Not mortgoged	\$415 64	- -	•••	•••	\$365 85	\$397 221	\$304 153	\$324 551	\$462 171	\$444 1 <u>37</u>	\$277 176	\$258 241	\$313 171
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$199 \$200 or more	11 53 -	=	•••	•••	50 34 1	114 97 10	128 25 -	458 88 5	102 63 6	27 96 14	146 30 -	168 66 7	86 77 8
Median	\$118	-	•••	•••	\$94	\$98	\$76	\$79	\$87	\$125	\$74	\$89	\$100
OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME	47				36	124	137	429	172	on.	189	242	100
Less than \$10,000	47 6	Ξ,	•••	•••	- 9	24 10	63 5	118 158	53 30	92 8 20	40 51	242 36 46	192 12 53
25 to 29 percent	31 10	=	•••	•••	27	30 60	18 45 6	45 108	9 65 15	12 41 11	32 66	48 112 -	10 112 5
Median	47.8 196	- '	•••	•••	42.8 109	29.7 175	17.5 107	19.7 410	22.2 130	35.5 134	25.5 250	29.1 301	37.7
\$10,000 to \$19,999	23 54	=	•••	•••	30 21	66 30	25 33	171 51	42 39	43 24	87 56	126 105	46 68
25 to 29 percent 30 percent or more Not computed	38 81	<u>-</u>	•••	•••	25 33	30 49	27 22	55 133	49	67	37 70 	32 38	50
Medion\$20,000 or more	27.8 276	-	•••	•••	25.7 218	22.5 506	19.3 224	21.7 345	21.0	27.0 505	22.1 216	17.5 310	18.9
Less than 15 percent	110 115	=	•••	•••	119 87	283 155	127 82	208 93	134 102	235 148	145 51	217 79	163 63
25 to 29 percent	29 22	<u>-</u>	•••	•••	12	45 23	15	28 16	35 61	64 51	15 5	5	37
Medion	18.3		•••	•••	14.2	13.9	12.1	9.2	17.7	16.0	11.6	11.5	12.8
Specified renter-occupied housing units	126	-	-	-	34	235	197	785	252	102	805	512	299
GROSS RENT Less than \$80	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	7	_	_	7	15	_
\$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	3 6 22	-	-	Ξ	- - 11	- 24 57	37 55	30 86 194	12 35 15	8 8 13	66 45 124	7 63 107	15 7 102
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	11 9	=	=	Ξ	<u>''</u>	55 44	42 15	135 116	43 37	15	183 202	63 62 85	45
\$300 ta \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 or more	25 10 36	=	<u>-</u> -	- -	23	22 33	17 _ 10	82 77 22	17 23 31	11 19 9	54 44 68	85 70 18	48 38 10 18
No cash rent Median	\$320	-	_	. =	\$455	\$230	21 \$197	36 \$222	39 \$251	19 \$293	12 \$243	\$22 \$242	16 \$222
One-fomily house, detached or attached Median gross rent	79 \$367	Ξ	_	_	34 \$455	147 \$247	108 \$186	543 \$239	51 \$418	63 \$332	289 \$274	299 \$305	148 \$255
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME													
Less than \$10,000 Less than 15 percent	27 -	-	-	-	22	77 -	64	455 7	151	43	498 7	242	150
15 to 19 percent	12 3	-	-	_	-	- 16 9	12	19 63	2 3	-	14 37 28	- 14 14	7
30 to 34 percent	8	Ξ	=	=	_ _ 22	52	- 4 <u>5</u>	67 287	27 102	8 28	17 388	23 170	130
Not computed	24.8	=	-	=	45.0	50+	7 38.4	12 42.1	17 41.3	7 50+	7 49.2	21 46.3	44.8
\$10,000 ta \$19,999 Less than 15 percent 15 ta 19 percent	74 9 6	=	-	=	-	102 29 23	82 43 11	221 31 55	64 _ 11	33 8 -	241 15 35	163 19 27	104 15 28
20 ta 24 percent	9 22	Ξ	-	=	Ξ	27 17	7 17	45 22	7 21	11	57 36	20 15	10 17
30 to 34 percent	10 18 -	=	=	-	=	6 - -	- - 4	46 3 19	5 20 —	9 - 5	29 57 12	23 44 15	9 18 7
Median	28.0 25	-	-	-	- 12	19.8 56	14.4 51	21.7	28.3 37	27.7 26	26.0 66	27.7 107	22.7
Less than 15 percent	15 5	Ξ	=	=	12	29 6	31 10	71 33	6 -	10 9	53	54 33	34
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	5 - -	=	-	=	=	14	<u>-</u> -	=	9 - -	=	4 - -	20 - -	=
35 percent or more Nat computed Median	- 9.6	=	-	-	- 17.5	7 - 14.2	10 11.7	- 5 13.4	22 20.8	- 7 14.7	- 12.0	- - 14.9	12.1
meurui	7.0				17.3	14.2	11.7	13.4	20.0	14.7	12.0	14.7	12.1

Table H-8. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980—Con.

[Doto are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Remoinder of	Shosto Count	y—Con.				Totals fo	r split trocts	in Shosto Co	unty		
Census Tracts	Troct 0123°	Troct 0124	Troct 0125	Tract 0126	Tract 0127	Tract 0103	Troct 0106	Troct 0107	Troct 0108	Troct 0109	Tract 0110	Troct 0111	Tract 0112
Specified owner-occupied housing units	1 234	393	256	742	1 391	512	1 187	518	624	594	1 105	389	409
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS													
With a martgage Less than \$100 \$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$599 \$600 or mare Median	921 - 92 145 178 393 113 \$416	233 - 31 28 87 49 38 \$339	122 11 52 33 19 7 \$296	400 7 52 103 84 107 47 \$361	811 25 142 285 170 169 20 \$282	434 - 56 135 66 148 29 \$356	883 13 40 161 187 304 178 \$422	393 9 42 93 106 97 46 \$342	402 6 34 99 88 137 38 \$362	432 	921 	277 30 107 28 102 10 \$305	361
Not mortgaged	313 156 135 22 \$100	160 91 60 9 \$93	134 54 80 - \$110	342 160 182 - \$103	580 298 251 31 \$98	78 20 58 - \$123	304 169 93 42 \$94	125 57 68 - \$104	222 142 80 - \$92	162 96 61 5 \$93	184 68 116 - \$110	56 56 56 - \$100	48 22 26 - \$106
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME													
Less than \$10,000	291 40 66 26 150 9 33.8	83 49 34 - - 14.2	50 12 23 - 15 - 19.3	202 35 48 30 89 - 28.0	397 111 145 15 126 - 22.2	36 	154 50 44 - 47 13 18.4	87 32 25 - 20 10 16.9	161 20 37 27 70 7 28.7	98 34 14 8 34 8 23.9	140 23 16 8 83 10 43.1	57 20 7 30 - 30.6	43 - - 14 16 13 50+
\$10,000 to \$19,999	374 108 93 36 137 	85 22 34 5 24	141 75 36 23 7	179 77 47 14 41	469 186 155 43 85	109 26 63 20 	246 90 60 13 83	135 52 16 - 67 24.8	234 60 61 26 87 24.1	92 53 8 9 22	445 86 94 84 181 27.5	103 51 38 - 14	107 20 30 5 52
\$20,000 or more Less than 15 percent 15 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 percent or more Not computed Median	569 215 277 44 33 	225 113 85 27 - 	65 45 20 - - 	361 194 105 37 25	525 391 115 10 9	367 241 61 46 19	787 466 240 35 46	296 216 50 7 23	229 127 64 16 22	404 288 90 - 26	520 228 192 62 38 	229 143 79 - 7 	259 158 75 21 5
Specified renter-occupied housing units	706	184	115	376	636	355	670	1 177	550	501	507	77	613
GROSS RENT Less thon \$80	11 31 167 86 112 108 44 38 44 65 \$214	9 - 16 31 53 15 10 20 19 11 \$214	- 7 12 34 - 27 11 - 11 13 \$189	41 21 92 41 25 12 8 49 87 \$196	22 	- 4 32 54 123 48 24 55 15 \$288	22 30 128 203 138 41 21 59 28 \$235	70 55 53 104 321 333 154 49 9 29 \$245	29 37 210 125 73 43 21 12 \$248	- 17 15 101 203 98 29 38 - \$282	13 3 15 120 118 59 46 41 74 18 \$232	- - 17 16 4 6 34 - \$363	12 26 116 295 110 14 36 4 \$271
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS	\$275	\$232	\$186	\$179	\$220	\$282	\$235	\$250	\$266	\$282	\$256	\$406	\$314
Less than \$10,000	365 18 28 19 48 12 186 54 42.4	95 4 5 - 14 - 61 11 50+	49 7 - - 31 11 45.2	209 - - 54 26 6 61 62 28.8	338 13 9 6 29 31 212 38 49.2	137 - - 6 12 12 96 11 50+	411 - 13 47 46 279 26 47.2	511 34 56 21 34 42 300 24 40.7	264 	178 - - 7 - 4 167 - 50+	232 13 - 34 14 39 108 24 35.8	13 - - - 13 45.0	245 - - 7 14 214 10 50+
\$10,000 to \$19,999 Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median	209 80 45 33 28 12 - 11	61 11 12 7 18 13 - 25.1	33 12 10 - 11 - - - 17.2	98 20 32 - 21 - 25 17.6	186 21 76 23 28 - 27 11	118 30 18 12 35 23 29.6	130 25 25 28 14 - 27 11 21.7	457 40 114 172 91 15 12 13 22.0	195 4 72 59 23 19 14 4 21.7	174 10 36 44 55 6 23 - 24.7	195 19 31 59 30 23 33 - 24.0	30 	272 19 54 86 49 53 11 - 23.7
\$20,000 or more	132 84 8 25 5 6 4 - 10.5	28 16 - 12 - - - 12.5	33 20 - - - - - 13 5.0	69 52 10 - 7 - - 10.1	112 86 19 7 - - - 12.1	100 54 26 16 - - 4 14.2	129 86 15 21 7 - - 13.0	209 122 69 14 - - 4 13.3	91 49 38 - - - - 4 14.1	149 120 23 6 - - - 12.3	80 35 24 21 - - - 16.0	34 9 14 6 5 - - 17.9	96 75 15 6 - - - 13.0

Table H-8. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1980—Con.

[Dato ore estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Totals for split tro	cts in Shosto County—Con.		
Census Tracts	Troct 0113	Troc t 0114	Troct 0116	Troct 0117	Troct 0123
Specified owner-occupied housing units	781	908	555	1 184	1 234
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS					
With o mortgoge Less than \$100 \$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$599 \$600 or more Median	648 - 136 140 155 178 39 \$327	769 - 133 164 209 192 71 \$340	384 	633 - 132 148 130 187 36 \$324	921 - 92 145 178 393 113 \$416
Not mortgaged	133 96 37 - \$87	139 79 59 1 \$93	171 146 25 - \$72	551 458 88 5 \$79	313 156 135 22 \$100
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME					
Less thon \$10,000	166 13 27 7 119 - 50+	128 5 27 20 70 6 34.1	154 69 11 23 45 6 20.0	429 118 158 45 108 — 19.7	291 40 66 26 150 9 33.8
\$10,000 to \$19,999_ Less thon 15 percent 15 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 percent or more Not computed Median	283 102 81 57 43 21.1	319 83 110 57 69 20.9	114 32 33 27 22 	410 171 51 55 133 21.7	374 108 93 36 137 22.7
\$20,000 or more	332 151 137 32 12 	461 220 199 42 - 	287 162 110 - 15 	345 208 93 28 16 9.2	569 215 277 44 33
Specified renter-occupied housing units	631	252	283	785	706
GROSS RENT Less than \$80	- 6 6 23 149 181 119 77 57 13 \$290	- - 18 22 19 21 74 98 - \$381	- - 44 555 60 48 33 - 22 21 \$233	7 30 86 194 135 116 82 77 22 36 \$222	11 31 167 86 112 108 44 38 44 65 \$214
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME					
Less thon \$10,000	166 - 10 8 123 25 45.9	66 - - - - - 66 - 50+	96 -7 12 -70 7 38.8	455 7 - 19 63 67 287 12 42.1	365 18 28 19 48 12 186 54
\$10,000 to \$19,999 Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median	242 18 32 63 81 36 12 - 25.5	113 - 8 21 38 7 39 - 28.6	106 43 11 7 17 24 - 4 18.6	221 31 55 45 22 46 3 19 21.7	209 80 45 33 28 12 - 11
\$20,000 or more	223 106 79 16 10 6 - 6 15.2	73 29 32 12 - - - - - - - - -	81 49 22 - - - 10 13.0	109 71 33 - - - 5 13.4	132 84 8 25 5 6 4 - 10.5

Table H-9. Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

Census Tracts [400 or More White Persons and			Shosto County	
400 or More of a Specified Racial Group]	The SMSA	Total	Redding city	Remoinder
Occupled housing units	41 619	41 619	16 098	25 521
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched	26 605	26 605	10 052	16 553
2'	832 1 669 1 629 2 244 708 7 932	832 1 669 1 629 2 244 708 7 932	416 990 1 024 1 812 672 1 132	416 679 605 432 36 6 800
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	2 974 8 659 6 084 9 579 7 358 3 908 3 057	2 974 8 659 6 084 9 579 7 358 3 908 3 057	822 3 057 2 225 3 698 3 261 1 700 1 335	2 152 5 602 3 859 5 881 4 097 2 208 1 722
HEATING EQUIPMENT Steam or hot woter system	404	404	162	242
Central warm-air furnace Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Other means None	15 131 2 539 4 313 19 173 59	15 131 2 539 4 313 19 173 59	6 848 1 248 2 840 4 986 14	8 283 1 291 1 473 14 187 45
HOUSE HEATING FUEL Utility gos	16 759	16 759	8 439	8 320
Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other No fuel used	4 216 11 635 442 8 508 59	4 216 11 635 442 8 508 59	254 6 673 106 612 14	3 962 4 962 336 7 896 45
VEHICLES AVAILABLE None	2 345	2 345	1 251	1 094
1 2 3 or more	12 121 16 676 10 477	12 121 16 676 10 477	5 596 6 046 3 205	6 525 10 630 7 272
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete kitchen focilities	41 093 3 722 15 715 26 219 16 938 31 125 21 276 803 2 381 28 263 2 620 2 822 13 980 13 356 9 118 900 1 735	41 093 3 722 15 715 26 219 16 938 31 125 21 276 803 2 381 28 263 2 620 2 822 13 980 13 356 9 118 900	15 849 1 490 5 242 12 882 8 366 15 754 14 017 320 8708 1 033 966 4 437 7 390 4 828 524 805	25 244 2 232 10 473 13 337 8 572 15 371 7 259 483 1 509 19 555 1 587 1 856 9 543 5 966 4 290 376 930
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT Owner-occupied housing units	28 263 5 413	28 263 5 413	8 708 1 382	19 555 4 031
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1969 or earlier	9 444 5 247 4 803 3 356	9 444 5 247 4 803 3 356	2 655 1 558 1 682 1 431	6 789 3 689 3 121 1 925
Renter-occupied housing units 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1969 or earlier	13 356 7 516 4 259 794 787	13 356 7 516 4 259 794 787	7 390 4 350 2 373 385 282	5 966 3 166 1 886 409 505
CHARACTERISTICS OF HOUSING UNITS WITH HOUSEHOLDER OR SPOUSE 65 YEARS AND OVER				
Occupied housing units Owner-occupied housing units Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use No vehicle available No telephone	8 727 6 748 45 1 528 314	8 727 6 748 45 1 528 314	3 456 2 355 5 813 94	5 271 4 393 40 715 220
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL Owner-occupied housing units Percent below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	2 060 7.3 2 044 111 16	2 060 7.3 2 044 111 16	433 5.0 433 19	1 627 8.3 1 611 92 16
Renter-occupied housing units Percent below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	2 522 18.9 2 455 257 67 15	2 522 18.9 2 455 257 67 15	1 206 16.3 1 196 95 10	1 316 22.1 1 259 162 57 15

Table H-10. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1980

[Data are estimates based an a sample; see Intraduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Intraduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Census Tracts [400 or More White Persons and	,		Shasta Caunty	
400 or More of a Specified Racial Group]	The SMSA	Tatal	Redding city	Remainder
Specified owner-occupied housing units	18 630	18 630	7 117	11 513
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS				
With a martgage Less than \$100 \$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$599 \$600 ar mare Median	12 971 77 2 015 3 126 2 682 3 749 1 322 \$348	12 971 77 2 015 3 126 2 682 3 749 1 322 \$348	5 260 34 983 1 261 1 060 1 482 440 \$335	7 711 43 1 032 1 865 1 622 2 267 882 \$355
Nat martgaged	5 659 3 389 2 085 185 \$91	5 659 3 389 2 085 185 \$91	1 857 1 207 595 55 \$88	3 802 2 182 1 490 130 \$93
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME				
Less than \$10,000. Less than 15 percent 15 ta 24 percent 25 ta 29 percent 30 percent anare Not computed Median	4 094 915 1 053 395 1 601 130 25.2	4 094 915 1 053 395 1 601 130 25.2	1 262 295 305 101 494 67 24.9	,2 832 620 748 294 1 107 63 25.3
\$10,000 ta \$19,999	5 485 2 012 1 431 581 1 461 	5 485 2 012 1 431 581 1 461	2 111 801 582 183 545 	3 374 1 211 849 398 916
\$20,000 ar mare	9 051 5 280 2 696 614 454 	9 051 5 280 2 696 614 454 	3 744 2 331 1 051 206 156 	5 307 2 949 1 645 408 298
Specified renter-occupied housing units	12 744	12 744	7 334	5 410
GROSS RENT Less than \$80 \$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 ar mare Na cash rent Median One-family hause, detached ar attached Median grass rent	265 375 1 014 2 180 2 901 2 574 1 208 791 890 546 \$239	265 375 1 014 2 180 2 901 2 574 1 208 791 890 546 \$239	205 160 457 1 033 1 929 1 770 759 405 484 132 \$245	60 215 557 1 147 972 804 449 386 406 414 \$224 2 730 \$251
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME	Ψ202	\$202	Ψ2/4	\$251
Less than \$10,000	6 234 129 261 398 461 509 4 028 448	6 234 129 261 398 461 509 4 028 448 44.3	3 409 79 200 213 231 305 2 215 166 44.0	2 825 50 61 185 230 204 1 813 282 44.6
\$10,000 ta \$19,999	4 106 537 982 963 686 417 373	4 106 537 982 963 686 417 373 148 22.4	2 477 252 603 720 432 259 186 25 25	1 629 285 379 243 254 158 187 123 21.8
\$20,000 ar mare	2 404 1 487 545 201 58 20 11 82 13.2	2 404 1 487 545 201 58 20 11 82 13.2	1 448 901 365 119 32 14 - 17	956 586 180 82 26 6 11 65

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

Census Tracts			Shosto County	
[400 or More Black Persons]	The SMSA	Total	Redding city	Remoinder
Occupled housing units	217	217	180	37
UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
1, detoched or attached	126	126	102	24
3 ond 4 5 to 9 10 to 49	44 21 19	44 21 19	44 15 19	6
50 or more	7	7	-	7
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT				
1979 to Morch 1980	29 60	29 60	22 44	7 16
1970 to 1974	22 59 19	22 59 19	22 5 9 12	- - 7
1950 to 1959	28	28	21	7
HEATING EQUIPMENT				
Steam or hot water system Central worm-air furnace	_ 61	61	50	11
Electric heat pumpOther built-in electric units	25 14	25 14	20 14	5
Other means	117	117	96	21 –
HOUSE HEATING FUEL Utility gos	102	102	102	
Bottled, itank, or LP gos	11 83	11 83	4 67	7 16
Fuel oil, kerosene, etcOther	_ 21	21	7	 14
No fuel used VEHICLES AVAILABLE	-	-	-	-
None	37	37 101	37 90	11
2	101 51 28	51 28	25 28	26
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS		-		
Complete kitchen facilities	217 31	217 31	180 31	37
2 or more complete bathrooms	61 148	61 148	4 9 123	12 25 11
Centrol system Source of water, public system or privote company Sewoge dispasal, public sewer	73 210 1 9 2	73 210 1 9 2	62 180 176	30 16
Units with roomers or boarders No telephone	12 i 31	12 31	12 31	- - -
4 or more bedrooms	108 6	108	82 6	26
1 complete bathroom plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms	13 43	13 43	13 31	12
Renter-occupied housing units 2 or more bedrooms 1 complete bathroom plus holf bath(s)	109 75	109 75	98 70 18	11 5
2 or more complete bathrooms	18 18	18 18	18	=
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT Owner-occupied housing units	108	108	82	26
1979 to Morch 1980	35 18	35 18	28 13	2 6 7 5
1970 to 1974	- 37 18	37 18	30 11	7 7
Renter-occupied housing units	109	. 109	98	11
1979 to March 1980	67 42	67 42	56 42	11
1970 to 1974	-	Ξ	=	=
CHARACTERISTICS OF HOUSING UNITS WITH HOUSEHOLDER OR SPOUSE 65 YEARS AND OVER				
Occupied housing units Owner-occupied housing units	6 2 40	6 2 40	48 26	14 14
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use No vehicle available	- 16	16	16	=
No telephone	10	10	10	-
Owner-occupied housing units Percent below poverty level	7	7 6.5	7 8.5	-
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	6.5 7 -	0.5 7 -	8.3 7 -	=
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	_		Ξ	
Renter-occupied housing units Percent below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use	49 45.0 49	49 45.0 49	49 50.0 49	-
1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	49 - -	- - -	- - -	-
1.01 or more persons per room	-	-	-	-

Table H-12. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Census Tracts			Shosto County	
[400 or More Black Persons]	The SMSA	Total	Redding city	Remainder
Specified owner-occupied housing units	81	81	69	12
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS				
With a mortgage	-	61 - 12	56 - 12	5 –
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	16	16 17	11 11 17	5 -
\$400 to \$599 \$600 or more	6	6 10	6 10	
Medion		\$310 20	\$321 13	\$275
Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$199	13 7	13 7	6 7	7 -
\$200 or more Medion	- \$94	- \$94	\$177	\$88
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME				
Less thon \$10,000	-	19	19	-
15 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 percent or more	-	6 -	6 - 13	-
Not computed Medion	-	37.9	37.9	_
\$10,000 to \$19,999 Less thon 15 percent		26 4	21 4	5
15 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	17	17	12	5
30 percent or more Not computed	•••	5	5	- 22.5
Medion \$20,000 or more		18.8 36	17.7 29	7
Less thon 15 percent	15 ± 21	15 21	8 21	7
25 to 29 percent 30 percent or more Not computed	-		<u>-</u>	-
Medion		15.7	16.5	5.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units	109	109	98	11
GROSS RENT Less thon \$80			_	
\$80 to \$99	=	=	=	
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	12	42 12 14	42 6 14	- 6
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	30	30 11	25 11	5
\$400 or more No cosh rent		Ξ.		-
Medion One-fornity house, detoched or ottoched		\$253 38	\$256 33	\$248
Medion gross rent		\$270	\$257	\$325
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME				
Less thon \$10,000	- 1	83 - -	77 - -	6 - -
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	12	12	12	Ξ
30 to 34 percent	9 62	9 62	9 56	6
Not computed Medion		49.8	48.3	50+
\$10,000 to \$19,999 Less thon 15 percent	-	21 -	21 _	_
15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	6	6	6	=
30 to 34 percent	15	15 -	15	-
Not computed Medion	-	31.5	31.5	-
\$20,000 or more	5	5 5	=	5 5
15 to 19 percent		=	Ξ	-
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	-	=	Ξ	-
Not computed	-	12.5	Ξ	_ 12.5

Table H-13. Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980

[Data ore estimates based an a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Census Tracts		Shasta Caunty		
[400 or More American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut Persons]	The SMSA	Total	Redding city	Remainder
Occupied housing units	812	812	391	421
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached ar attached 2 3 and 4	420 16 69	420 16 69	209 10 44	211 6 25
5 to 9 10 to 49 50 ar mare Mobile hame ar trailer, etc.	79 42 29 157	79 42 29 157	56 30 29 13	23 12 - 144
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1979 to March 1980	53 163 95 171 159 93 78	53 163 95 171 159 93 78	25 83 34 104 78 34 33	28 80 61 67 81 59
HEATING EQUIPMENT Steam or hat water system Central warm-air fumace	18 242	18 242	5 144	13 ; 98 ;
Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Other means Nane	36 150 366	36 150 366 —	27 98 117	9 52 52 249 —
HOUSE HEATING FUEL Utility gas	272 48	272 48	164	108 48
Electricity Fuel ail, kerosene, etc. Other No fuel used	321 - 171 -	321 - 171 -	204 - 23 -	117 - 148 -
VEHICLES AVAILABLE	57	57	27	30
2	221 359 175	221 359 175	133 157 74	88 202 101
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete kitchen focilities	801 29 225 479 227 655 497 26	801 29 225 479 227 655 497 26	386 29 102 322 172 376 368 8	415 123 157 55 279 129 18 66
Owner-occupied housing units 4 ar mare bedrooms 1 camplete bathroom plus half bath(s) 2 ar mare complete bathrooms Renter-occupied housing units 2 or more bedrooms 1 complete bathroom plus half bath(s) 2 ar mare camplete bathrooms	326 10 7 141 486 346 22 84	326 10 7 141 486 346 22 84	95 7 42 296 200 22 60	231 10 - 99 190 146 - 24
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT Owner-occupied housing units 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	326 67 109 45 61 44	326 67 109 45 61 44	95 37 20 11 14	231 30 89 34 47 31
Renter-occupied housing units 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1969 or earlier	486 290 147 39	486 290 147 39	296 202 75 14 5	190 88 72 25 5
CHARACTERISTICS OF HOUSING UNITS WITH HOUSEHOLDER OR SPOUSE 65 YEARS AND OVER Occupied housing units Lacking complete plumbing far exclusive use Na vehicle available Na telephone	90 63 11 6 6	90 63 11 6 6	32 22 - - -	58 41 11 6 6
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL Owner-occupied housing units Percent below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or mare persons per room	42 12.9 42 —	42 12.9 42 -	-	42 18.2 42 -
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or mare persons per room Renter-occupied housing units Percent below poverty level Camplete plumbing far exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or mare persons per room		- 148 30.5 136 49 12	- - 77 26.0 77 19 -	- 71 37,4 59 30 12

Table H-14. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1980

[Data are estimates based an a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Census Tracts			Shasta County	
[400 or More American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut Persons]	The SMSA	Tatal	Redding city	Remainder
Specified owner-occupied housing units	169	169	89	80
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS				
With o mortgage	132 - 33	132 - 33	67 - 5	65 - 28
\$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	37	37	23	- 14
\$400 ta \$599 \$600 or mare Median	55 7 \$394	55 7 \$394	32 7 \$411	23 - \$345
Not mortgaged	37 30	37 30	22 15	15 15
\$100 ta \$199 \$200 ar more Median	7 \$81	7 - \$81	7 _ \$68	- - \$88
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME		,	***	***
Less thon \$10,000	48 23	48 23	29 15	19 8
15 ta 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 percent ar mare	14 ! - 11	14 - 11	7 - 7	7 - 4
Not computed	15.7	15.7	14.8	16.1
\$10,000 ta \$19,999	42	42	16	26
Less than 15 percent	21 16	21 16	- 6 10	15
30 percent or mareNot computed	5	5	-	5
Median\$20,000 ar mare	25.0 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	25.0 79	26.0 44	24.0 35
Less than 15 percent	35 38	35 38	26 18	20
25 to 29 percent 30 percent or more Nat camputed	6 - 	6 -	- -	6 -
Median	16.0	16.0	13.7	17.7
Specified renter-occupied housing units	473	473	289	184
GROSS RENT Less than \$80	11	11	_	11
\$80 ta \$99 \$100 to \$149	18 66	18 66 49	5 28 19	13 38 30
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	49 83 116	83 116	70 79	38 30 13 37
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	51 20	51 20	43 9	8 11
\$400 ar mare Na cash rent Median	47 12 \$251	47 12 \$251	36 - \$263	11 12 \$170
One-family hause, detached or attached	208 \$250	208	113 \$309	95 \$181
Median gross rent HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME	φ230	\$250	φ307	φ101
Less than \$10,000	250 6	250 6	139	111
15 ta 19 percent 20 ta 24 percent	12 31	12 31	7 5	5 26 7
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	18	31 18 130	24 6 87	7 12 43
Not computed		22 40.9	10 44.6	12 32.3
\$10,000 to \$19,999 Less than 15 percent	154 32	154 32	89	65 32
15 to 19 percent 20 ta 24 percent	35 41	35 41	30 29	5 12
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	18	6 18 22	- 8 22	10
Nat camputed Median	-	21.2	22.5	15.5
\$20,000 ar mare Less than 15 percent		69 45	61 37	8 8
15 ta 19 percent 20 ta 24 percent	16 8	16 8	16 8	- -
25 ta 29 percent 30 ta 34 percent 35 percent or mare	Ξ	=	Ξ	Ξ
Nat computed Median	_	13.5	13.8	12.5

Table H-15. Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980

[Dato ore estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Census Tracts			Shosto County	
[400 or More Asian and Pacific Islander Persons]	The SMSA	Totol	Redding city	Remoinder
Occupied housing units	147	147	58	89
1, detoched or ottoched	101	101	44	57
3 ond 4 5 to 9 10 to 49	15	- 15 6	8	7
50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc	6 - 25	25	- -	25
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1979 to Morch 1980	8	8	_	8
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	70 l 22 l 13 l	70 22 13	8 8 8	62 14 5
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	14 7 13	14 7 13	14 7 13	=
HEATING EQUIPMENT				
Steam or hot water system Central worm-air fumoce Electric heat pump	62 13	62 13	37 -	25 13
Other built-in electric units Other means None	16 56 -	16 56 -	16 5 -	51
HOUSE HEATING FUEL Utility gos	40 1	40	23	17
Bottled, tank, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	3 56	3 56	35	3 21
OtherNo fuel used	48 -	48	Ξ	48
VEHICLES AVAILABLE None	6	6	_	6
1	24 95 22	24 95 22	21 37 -	3 58 22 ;
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete kirchen focilities	147	147	58	89
1 complete bathroom plus holf bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms	16 102	16 102	16 23	79
Air conditioning Centrol system Source of water, public system or private company	113 71 99	113 71 99	45 29 53	68 42 46
Sewage disposal, public sewer Units with roomers or boarders No telephone	55 - 7	55 - 7	45 - -	10 - 7
Owner-occupied housing units 4 or more bedrooms 1 complete bathroom plus holf bath(s)	110 13 8	11 0 13 8	50	60
2 or more complete bothrooms	83 37 19	83 37 19	8	60 29 19
1 complete bathroom plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms	8 19	8 19		19
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT Owner-occupied housing units	110	110	50	60
1979 to Morch 1980	30 57 16	30 57 16	•••	14 30 16
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	7	7		-
Renter-occupied housing units 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978	37 37 -	37 37 —	8	29 29 -
1970 to 1974 1969 or earlier	=	Ξ	•••	=
CHARACTERISTICS OF HOUSING UNITS WITH HOUSEHOLDER OR SPOUSE 65 YEARS AND OVER		10		
Occupied housing units Owner-occupied housing units Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	13 13 -	13 13	7 -	6 6
No vehicle avoiloble No telephone INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	6 -	6 -	Ξ	6 -
Owner-occupied housing units Percent below poverty level	6 5.5	6 5.5		6
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	6	6	:::	6
1.01 or more persons per room Renter-occupied housing units Percent below paverty level	=	Ξ		-
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	-	Ξ.	•••	-
1.01 or more persons per room	=			-

Table H-16. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Census Tracts			Shosto County	
[400 or More Asian and Pacific Islander Persons]	The SMSA	Total	Redding city	Remoinder
Specified owner-occupled housing units	74	74	39	35
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS				
With 0 mortgoge	67 7	67 7	32	35 7
\$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	- 8 8	- 8 8	- 8 8	=
\$400 to \$599 \$600 or more	35 9	35 9	16	19
Medion	\$466	\$466 7	\$425	\$511
Not mortgoged Less than \$100 \$100 to \$199	7 - 7	7	7	-
\$200 or more Medion	<u> </u>	\$138	\$138	Į.
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME				
Less than 15 percent	-	Ξ	Ξ.	-
15 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 percent or more	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	-
Not computed	-	=	Ξ.	Ξ
\$10,000 to \$19,999 Less thon 15 percent	35	35	24	11
15 to 29 percent	8	8 _	8	=
30 percent or more Not computed	27	27	16	11
Medion\$20,000 or more	35.9 39	35.9 39	32.5 15	50+ 24
Less thon 15 percent	22 11	22 11	15	-7 11
25 to 29 percent	6 -	6 -	Ξ.	6 -
Medion	13.4	13.4	10.3	18.1
Specified renter-occupied housing units	34	34	•••	26
GROSS RENT Less thon \$80	_	_	•••	_
\$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149	Ξ	Ξ	•••	-
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	- 7 8	7	•••	7
\$250 to \$299	- 19	8 - 19		
\$400 or more No cosh rent	-	Ī	•••	Ξ
One-formity house, detoched or ettoched	\$355	\$355	•••	\$366
Medion gross rent	=	=	•••	-
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME				
Less thon \$10,000 Less thon 15 percent	34	34	•••	26 -
15 to 19 percent	-	Ξ	•••	-
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	- - 34	- 34	•••	
Not computedMedion	50+	50+	•••	50+
\$10,000 to \$19,999		-	•••	-
Less thon 15 percent	=	=	•••	=
25 to 29 percent	Ξ	=		-
35 percent or more Not computed Medion	=	-	•••	
\$20,000 or more			•••	_
Less thon 15 percent	Ξ	Ξ		-
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	-	=	•••	-
35 percent or moreNot computed	Ξ	Ξ	•••	-
Medion	-	-	•••	-

Table H-17. Structural, Equipment, and Household Characteristics of Housing Units With a Householder of Spanish Origin: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

Census Tracts			Shosto County	
[400 or More Spanish Origin Persons]	The SMSA	Total	Redding city	Remoinder
Occupied housing units	848	848	290	558
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched 2	504 27 83 39 43 32 120	504 27 83 39 43 32	110 24 59 25 43 23 6	394 3 24 14 - 9 114
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1979 to March 1980	106 168 99 211 137 65 62	106 168 99 211 137 65 62	36 58 29 24 62 39	70 110 70 187 75 26 20
HEATING EQUIPMENT Steam or hot woter system Central warm-air fumoce Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Other means None	19 311 64 107 337 10	19 311 64 107 337 10	19 114 18 57 72 10	197 46 50 265
HOUSE HEATING FUEL Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity	355 84 278 3 118 10	355 84 278 3 118	152 9 119 - - 10	203 75 159 3 118
VEHICLES AVAILABLE None	56 245 322 225	56 245 322 225	32 122 79 57	24 123 243 168
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete kitchen focilities	825 59 286 607 408 681 491 19 57 - 465 66	825 59 286 607 408 681 491 19 57 465 66 9	272 23 61 260 159 290 286 13 27 84 11	553 36 225 347 249 391 205 6 30 381 55 9
Renter-occupied housing units 2 or more bedrooms 1 complete bothroom plus holf bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	383 260 50	383 260 50 35	206 113 23 22	1177 147 27 13
Owner-occupied housing units 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	127 145 82 ' 57 54	465 127 145 82 57 54	84 15 26 8 8 27	381 112 119 74 49 27
Renter-occupied housing units 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1969 or earlier CHARACTERISTICS OF HOUSING UNITS WITH	228 119	383 228 119 20 16	206 112 64 20 10	177 116 55 - 6
HOUSEHOLDER OR SPOUSE 65 YEARS AND OVER Occupied housing units Owner-occupied housing units Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use No vehicle available No telephone	56	105 56 - 33 15	60 20 - 27 6	45 36 - 6 9
INCOME IN 1979 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL Owner-occupied housing units Percent below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Renter-occupied housing units Percent below poverty level	9.7 45 13 - - 50	45 9.7 45 13 - - 50	- - - - - 24 11.7	45 11.8 45 13 - - 26 14.7
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	50	50 16 	24 6 - -	26 10 -

Table H-18. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Householder of Spanish Origin: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample; see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Census Tracts	[poin ore estimotes posed on a 20.	mple; see Introduction. For meoning o	Shosto County	reminions of Terms, see oppendixe
[400 or More Spanish Origin Persons]	The SMSA	Total	Redding city	Remoinder
Contilled arrange asserted bountage units	338	338	74	264
Specified owner-occupied housing units MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS	336	330	74	204
With o mortgoge Less than \$100 \$100 to \$199 \$200 to \$299 \$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$599 \$600 or more Median	22 92 66 \$422	254 28 46 22 92 66 \$422	37 - - 6 23 8 \$427	217 - 28 46 16 69 58 \$420
Not mortgoged	84 56 26 2 \$83	84 56 26 2 \$83	37 26 9 2 \$77	47 30 17 - \$88
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME				
Less thon \$10,000	52 17 11 24 23.0 125 29	52 17 11 - 24 - 23.0 125 29	12 12 - - - 10.0 30	40 5 11 - 24 38.3 95
15 to 24 percent	32 10 54 25.7	32 10 54 25.7	6 7 13.9	32 4 47 29.4
\$20,000 or more	161 75 42 21 23 	161 75 42 21 23 16.4	32 8 16 8 - 20.6	129 67 26 13 23
Specified renter-occupied housing units	377	377	206	171
GROSS RENT Less thon \$80	5 5 28 46 83 90 51 6 6 25 38 \$252	5 5 28 46 83 90 51 6 25 38 \$252	5 5 28 19 54 36 31 6 13 9 \$240	- - 27 29 54 20 - 12 29 \$271
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 BY GROSS RENT AS	\$269	\$269	\$245	\$275
Less thon \$10,000	197 5 - 5 17 28 117 25 47.1	197 5 - 5 17 28 117 25 47.1	132 5 - 5 12 18 83 9 46.2	65 - - - 5 10 34 16 49.5
\$10,000 to \$19,999	123 - 21 18 47 19 5 13 26.7	123 - 21 18 47 19 5 13 26.7	41 - 15 6 13 7 - - 24.6	82 - - 6 12 34 12 5 13 27.4
\$20,000 or more	57 30 14 7 - 6 - - 14.6	57 30 14 7 - 6 - -	33 13 7 7 - 6 - - 17.5	24 17 7 - - - - - 10.8

Appendix A.—Area Classifications

CENSUS TRACTS	A-1
Definition	A-1
Historical Comparability	A-1
STATES	A-1
COUNTIES	A-1
PLACES	A-2
Incorporated Places	
Census Designated Places	
STANDARD METROPOLITAN	
STATISTICAL AREAS	A-2
Definition	A-2
SMSA Titles	
New SMSA Standards	A-2

CENSUS TRACTS

Definition

Census tracts are small, relatively permanent areas into which standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) and certain other areas are divided for the purpose of providing statistics for small areas. When census tracts are established, they are designed to be homogeneous with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. Tracts generally have between 2,500 and 8,000 residents.

Tract boundaries are established cooperatively by a local Census Statistical Areas Committee and the Census Bureau in accordance with guidelines that impose limitations on population size and specify the need for visible boundaries. Geographic shape and areal size of tracts are of relatively minor importance. Tract boundaries are established with the intention of being maintained over a long time so that statistical comparisons can be made from census to census. However, occasional changes may be made in tract boundaries due to physical changes in street patterns caused by highway construction, park development, etc. (see the section below on "Historical Comparability").

Census tracts have been delineated for all standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's). Seven SMSA's which were

designated on the basis of 1980 census counts have portions with no tracts; these are Arecibo, Puerto Rico; Athens, Georgia; Bangor, Maine; Burlington, Vermont; Charlottesville, Virginia; Cumberland, Maryland-West Virginia; and Hickory, North Carolina. More than 3,000 tracts have been established in 221 counties outside SMSA's. Five States (Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, New Jersey, and Rhode Island) are entirely tracted. There are over 43,300 census tracts for the 1980 census.

All counties with census tracts are tracted in their entirety. In New England, if a county is in two or more SMSA's or is only partially within the boundaries of any SMSA, each portion of the county is published in the appropriate SMSA or State tract report. Data for complete tracts are shown in every report, except for two instances in which census tracts are split between an SMSA and a non-SMSA portion of a State: tract 0090 in Penobscot County, Maine is shown partly in the Bangor, Maine, SMSA report and partly in the Maine report for non-SMSA areas; tract 0035 in Chittenden County, Vermont, is shown partly in the Burlington, Vt., SMSA report and partly in the Vermont report.

Census tracts are identified by a 4-digit basic code and may have a 2-digit suffix, e.g., 6059.02. Leading zeros in a tract number do not appear on the maps (e.g., tract 0025.02 is shown on the map as tract 25.02). Tract numbers are always unique within a county and, except for the New York, N.Y.-N.J., SMSA, are also unique within an SMSA. All valid census tract numbers are in the range 0001 to 9899.99; a number between 9901 and 9989.99 denotes a block numbering area (BNA) for which data summaries do not appear in census tract reports. The suffix .99 indicates a tract populated entirely by persons aboard merchant or military ships. Such "crews of vessels" tracts generally do not appear on the maps; the tracts relate to the water

area and/or piers and docks associated with the on-shore tract(s) having the same 4-digit basic code.

Historical Comparability

Census tracts are defined with an overall goal of census-to-census comparability. Some 1970 tracts have been subdivided due to increased population, but the new 1980 tracts can be combined by the user for comparison with 1970 tracts. Nationwide, this affects about 8 percent of all 1970 tracts. Other changes for 1980 include combination of two or more small 1970 tracts (less than 1 percent of all 1970 tracts) and adjustments to tract boundaries where old boundary features have disappeared or better boundaries have come into being (e.g., freeways). In a few areas, local Census Statistical Areas Committees undertook extensive redefinition of census tracts. Information on 1970-1980 tract comparability for the area covered by this report is provided in the Introduction.

Both the number of tracted counties and the number of census tracts increased by over 20 percent nationally between 1970 and 1980. The reporting of data for split tracts has also increased.

STATES

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

COUNTIES

In most States, the primary divisions are termed counties. In Louisiana, these divisions are known as parishes. In Alaska, which has no counties, the county equivalents are the organized boroughs together with the "census areas" which were developed for general statistical purposes by the State of Alaska and

the Census Bureau. In four States (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more cities which are independent of any county organization and thus constitute primary divisions of their States. That part of Yellowstone National Park in Montana is treated as a county equivalent. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to a county for census purposes.

PLACES

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. In this report, data are shown for places only if they have a population of 10,000 or more.

Incorporated Places

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six New England States, New York, and Wisconsin. The towns in the New England States, New York, and Wisconsin, and the boroughs in New York are recognized as minor civil divisions (MCD's) for census purposes; the boroughs in Alaska are county equivalents.

In Connecticut, a unique situation exists in which one incorporated place (Woodmont borough) is subordinate to another (Milford city). In the tables for the Bridgeport, Connecticut SMSA report in this series, data shown for Milford city exclude those for Woodmont borough, and the user must include the data for the two tract parts shown in the remainder of New Haven County with the data shown for Milford city to obtain the total for Milford city.

Census Designated Places

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "CDP," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier

censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place." In this report, CDP's with a population of 10,000 or more are shown. In 11 States certain CDP's are coextensive with MCD's; these entities are not summarized in the tables of these reports. The States are Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin. To be recognized for the 1980 census, CDP's must have a minimum 1980 population as follows:

Area	Minimum CDP population
Alaska	25
Hawaii	300
All other States:	
Inside urbanized areas:	
With one or more cities of 50,000 or more With no city of 50,000	5,000
or more	1,000
Outside urbanized areas	1,000

Hawaii is the only State with no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census. All places shown for Hawaii in the 1980 census reports are CDP's. Honolulu CDP essentially represents the Honolulu Judicial District. The city of Honolulu, coextensive with the county of Honolulu, is not recognized for census purposes.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An

SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

SMSA Titles

Most SMSA's have at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's, with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton. Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing units within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii, where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

New SMSA Standards

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the *Federal Register* on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

E	ENERAL B-1	Workers	B-9
•	PULATION	Government Workers	B-9
	CHARACTERISTICS	Self-Employed Workers	B-9
		Labor Force Status in 1979	B-9
	Household B-2	Worked in 1979	B-9
	Relationship to Householder B-2	With Unemployment in 1979	B-9
	HouseholderB-2	Income in 1979	B-9
	Spouse		B-10
	Child B-2	Persons for Whom Poverty	
	Other Relative B-2	•	B-10
	Nonrelative B-2		B-10
	Unrelated Individual B-2		
	Family	HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS.	B-10
	Group QuartersB-2	Living Quarters	B-10
	Inmates of Institutions B-2	Housing Units	B-10
	Other	Comparability With 1970	
	Sex		B-11
	Race	Year-Round Housing Units .	B-11
	Comparability Between	Occupancy and Vacancy	
	Sample and 100-Percent		B-11
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		B-11
		Year Householder Moved	D-11
	Comparability With 1970		B-11
	Census Data B-3		
	Age		B-11
	Marital Status B-4	Type of Vacant Unit	B-11
	Spanish/Hispanic Origin B-4	The state of the s	B-11
	Limitations of the Data B-4	Boarded-Up Status	B-12
	Comparability Between	Duration of Vacancy	B-12
	Sample and 100-Percent	Tenure	B-12
	Data for the Spanish	Utilization, Structural, and	
	Origin Population B-5	Plumbing Characteristics	B-12
	Comparability With 1970	Persons in Unit	B-12
	Census Data B-5	Rooms	B-12
	School Enrollment B-5	Persons Per Room	B-12
	Years of School Completed B-5	Bedrooms	B-12
	Nativity and Place of Birth B-5	Kitchen Facilities	B-12
	Language Spoken at Home and	Year Structure Built	B-12
		Units in Structure	B-12
		Plumbing Facilities	B-12
	Ancestry	Comparability With 1970	
	Residence in 1975 B-6	Census Plumbing Facili-	
	Work DisabilityB-6	ties Data	B-13
	Public Transportation Disability. B-6		B-13
	Fertility (Children Ever Born) B-6	Bathrooms	
	Place of Work B-6	Source of Water	B-13
	Means of Transportation to	Sewage Disposal	B-13
	Work B-7	Equipment and Fuels	B-13
	Private Vehicle Occupancy B-8	Heating Equipment	B-13
	Travel Time to Work B-8	Comparability With 1970	
	Reference Week B-8	Census Heating Equip-	
	Labor Force Status B-8	ment Data	B-1.3
	Employed B-8	Air-Conditioning	B-13
	Unemployed B-8	Vehicles Available	B-13
	Industry and Occupation B-8	Comparability With 1970	
	Class of WorkerB-9	Census Automobiles	
	Private Wage and Salary	Available Data	B-13
	· ····································		

	relephone in Housing Unit.	B-13
	Comparability With 1970	
	Census Telephone	
	Available Data	B-13
	Fuels Used for House	
	Heating	B-13
Fir	nancial Characteristics	B-13
	Value	B-13
	Mortgage Status and	
	Selected Monthly Owner	
	Costs	B-14
	Household Income in 1979	
	by Selected Monthly Owner	
	Costs as Percentage of	
	Income	B-14
	Contract Rent	B-14
	Gross Rent	B-14
	Household Income in 1979	
	by Gross Rent as	
	Percentage of Income	B-14

GENERAL

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. The principal determinant for the response was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question and, thus, to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in appendix E.

POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Household

A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit. The measure "persons per household" is obtained by dividing the number of persons in households by the number of households (or householders). For further information, see the housing unit definition.

Relationship to Householder

The data on relationship to householder were derived from answers to question 2, which was asked of all persons in housing units. Only basic categories of relationship are recognized in this report. More detailed categories of relationship appear in the PC80-1-B, PC80-1-C, and PC80-1-D reports (and summary tape files 2, 4, and 5).

Householder-One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person or one of the persons in whose name the home is owned or rented, and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder." Two types of householders are distinguished: a family householder and a nonfamily householder. A family householder is a householder living with one or more persons related to him or her by birth, marriage, or adoption. The householder and all persons in the household related to him or her are family members. A nonfamily householder is a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only.

Spouse—A person married to and living with a householder. This category includes persons in formal marriages as well as persons in common-law marriages.

Child—A son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. "Own" children are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age. "Related" children in a family include own children and all other persons (except the spouse

of the householder) under 18 years of age in the household, regardless of marital status, who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption.

Other Relative—Any person related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption who is not shown separately in the particular table (e.g., "spouse," "child," "brother or sister," or "parent").

Nonrelative—Any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are included in this category.

Unrelated Individual

An unrelated individual is (1) a house-holder living alone or with nonrelatives only, (2) a household member who is not related to the householder, or (3) a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.

Family

A family consists of a householder and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. All persons in a household who are related to the householder are regarded as members of his or her family. A "married-couple family" is a family in which the householder and spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. Not all households contain families, because a household may be composed of a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone. The measure "persons per family" is obtained by dividing the number of persons in families by the total number of families (or family householders).

Group Quarters

All persons not living in households are classified by the Bureau of the Census as living in group quarters. Two general categories of persons in group quarters are recognized:

Inmates of Institutions—Persons under care or custody in institutions at the time of enumeration are classified as "patients or inmates" of an institution regardless of their length of stay in that place and regardless of the number of people

in that place. Institutions include homes, schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically or mentally handicapped; hospitals or wards for mental, tubercular, or chronic disease patients; homes for unmarried mothers; nursing, convalescent, and rest homes for the aged and dependent; orphanages; and correctional institutions.

Other-This category includes all persons living in group quarters who are not inmates of institutions. Rooming and boarding houses, communes, farm and nonfarm workers' dormitories, convents or monasteries, and other living quarters are classified as "other" group quarters if there are 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the questionnaire; or if 10 or more unrelated persons share the unit. Persons residing in certain other types of living arrangements are classified as living in "other" group quarters regardless of the number or relationship of people in the unit. These include persons residing in military barracks, on ships, in college dormitories, or in sorority and fraternity houses; patients in general or maternity wards of hospitals who have no usual residence elsewhere; staff members in institutional quarters; and persons enumerated in missions, flophouses, Salvation Army shelters, railroad stations, etc.

Sex

The data on sex were derived from answers to question 3, which was asked of all persons.

Race

The data on race were derived from answers to question 4, which was asked of all persons. Both 100-percent and sample totals for racial groups are included in the tables of this report. For a discussion of the two data sources, see the section in this appendix on "Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Racial Groups." The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units, households, and families classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; however, if a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or reported such entries as Canadian Indian, French American Indian, or Spanish Arnerican Indian were classified as American Indian.

The category "Asian and Pacific Islander" in tables P5, P7, and H5, which are based on 100-percent tabulations, includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, or Guamanian. The total for "Asian and Pacific Islander," which is available only from sample tabulations, is shown in tables P18, P19, and H15 and includes the nine groups listed above as well as persons classified as "Other Asian and Pacific Islander." The category "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" includes persons who provided write-in

entries of such Asian and Pacific Islander groups as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fiji Islander under the "Other" race category. Persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine categories listed above (e.g., Chinese and Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and Japanese American were classified as Japanese; entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc.

If the race entry was missing on the questionnaire for a member of a household, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Racial Groups—There may be differences in this report between the totals for the racial groups based on 100-percent tabulations (tables P2 through P5, P7, and H2 through H5) and sample tabulations (tables P12 through P19 and H9 through H16). Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. (For an explanation of sampling variability and non-sampling error, see Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data.")

During the sample processing, the responses in the race question underwent more extensive review and edit than performed during the previous processing stages. Additional efforts were made to assign write-in entries to specific race categories and to resolve inconsistent and incomplete responses. The impact of this further work varies substantially by racial group and by geographic area, but is generally negligible. Most affected is the "Other" race category since a number of persons originally counted therein in the 100-percent tabulations were shifted into specific race categories in the sample tabulations. For instance, a number of persons who marked the "Other" race

category supplied a write-in entry (e.g., Canadian, Polish, Lebanese, Black Puerto Rican, or Jamaican) which indicated that they belonged in one of the specific race categories. Furthermore, persons in the "Other" category reported as Cambodian, Laotian, Thai, etc., were combined into a "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" category which, together with the specific Asian and Pacific Islander categories (e.g., Japanese, Chinese, Filipino, etc.), covers the entire Asian and Pacific Islander population. This total is obtainable only from the sample tabulations, not from the 100-percent tabulations.

Information now available indicates that, since the effects of the additional review and edit were generally limited and rather varied, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for comparable data for racial groups. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., education, labor force status, income, etc.) and data for the entire Asian and Pacific Islander population, the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data-Differences between 1980 census and 1970 census population totals by race seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census; this difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the counts and comparability for the "White" population and the "Race, n.e.c." or "Other" race population (shown as "All other" races in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally, in 1970, only 1 percent of Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion, 38 percent of Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 population totals for "White" and "Other" are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 count for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970, but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Vietnamese, Guamanian, Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fiji Islander were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census. In 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

Age

The data on age were derived from answers to question 5, which was asked of all persons. Only the information in questions 5b and 5c (month and year of birth) was read into the computer. Answers to question 5a on age at last birthday were used during field review to fill in any blanks in question 5c. The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980. The median ages shown in this report were computed from data for single years of age. If the median fell in the terminal category of an age distribution, the method of presentation was to show the initial age of the terminal

category followed by a plus sign; thus, if the median fell in the category "85 years and over," it is shown as "85+."

Marital Status

The data on marital status were derived from answers to question 6, which was asked of all persons. The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Persons classified as "now married" include those who have been married only once and have never been widowed or divorced as well as those currently married persons who remarried after having been widowed or divorced. Persons reported as separated are those living apart because of marital discord, with or without a legal separation. Persons in common-law marriages are classified as now married, persons whose only marriage had been annulled are classified as never married and all persons under 15 years old are classified as never married. All persons classified as never married are shown as "single" in this report.

Spanish/Hispanic Origin

The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent were derived from answers to question 7, which was asked of all persons. Information on the Spanish origin population shown in this report is derived from both the 1980 census 100-percent and sample tabulations. For a discussion of the two data sources, see the section "Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for the Spanish Origin Population."

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "other Spanish/Hispanic" origin were those whose origins are from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc.

Origin or descent can be viewed as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units, households, and families classified by the

Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one type of Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and some other origin(s) who were in doubt as to how to report origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin was not provided for the person's mother, the first reported origin of the person was recorded.

If any household member failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, in the 100-percent edit a response was assigned by computer according to the reported entries of other household members by using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If origin was not entered for any household member (excluding a paid employee), origin was assigned from another household according to the race of the householder. The sample processing included more extensive edit procedures. For example, if any household member failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was first assigned from available related information, such as ancestry and place of birth, reported for the individual. These edit procedures are a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitations of the Data-A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the abovementioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 population census Supplementary Reports, Series PC80-S1-7 "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for the Spanish Origin Population - There may be differences in this report between the total Spanish origin population based on 100-percent tabulations (tables P6, P7, and H6) and sample tabulations (tables P20, P21, H17, and H18). Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures for the Spanish/Hispanic origin item on the sample questionnaires. (For an explanation of sampling variability and nonsampling error, see Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data.") Information now available indicates that, since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on the Spanish origin population. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., education, labor force status, income, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data-The 1980 data on Spanish origin are not directly comparable with those of 1970 because of several factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvement explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtedly resulted in the inclusion of a sizeable but unknown number of persons of Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No, not Spanish/Hispanic" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the category "Central or South American" was deleted because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category; furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-

percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

School Enrollment

The data on school enrollment were derived from answers to questions 8, 9, and 10. Persons are classified as enrolled in school if they reported attending a regular school or college at any time between February 1, 1980, and the time of enumeration. Regular schooling is defined as nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which leads to a high school diploma or college degree. Schooling in trade or business schools, company training, or through a tutor was to be reported only if the course credits obtained were regarded as transferable to a regular elementary school, high school, or college. Children were to be reported as enrolled in nursery school if the school included instruction as an integral phase of its program but not if only custodial care was given. Children in Head Start programs were to be reported in nursery school or kindergarten as appropriate.

Elementary school, as defined here, includes grades 1 through 8, and high school includes grades 9 through 12. In general, a public school is defined as any school which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, State, or Federal government agency.

Years of School Completed

The data on years of school completed were derived from answers to questions 9 and 10. Persons whose education was received in a foreign school system or an ungraded school were instructed to report the approximate equivalent grade in the regular American school system. If a person was currently attending or did not finish (item 10) the highest grade attended (item 9), he or she was tabulated as having completed the previous grade or year.

If the person did not attend college but finished high school by an equivalency test (GED), the person was instructed to mark grade 12 (high school, 4 years).

"Percent high school graduates" includes persons who completed four years of high school as well as those who completed one or more years of college.

Nativity and Place of Birth

The data on nativity and place of birth were derived from answers to questions 11 and 12. The category "Native" comprises persons born in the United States, in Puerto Rico, or in an outlying area of the United States. Also included in this category is the small number of persons who were born abroad with at least one American parent. Persons not classified as native are classified as "foreign born."

Native persons are classified according to their State or area of birth. Respondents were instructed to report place of birth as the mother's usual State of residence at the time of the birth rather than as the location of the hospital, if the birth occurred in a hospital.

There may be slight differences between the data in this report on nativity and the place of birth and similar data shown in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of minor errors corrected after the release of the PHC80-S2 reports.

Language Spoken at Home and Ability to Speak English

The data on language spoken at home and ability to speak English were derived from answers to questions 13a, b, and c. Persons who responded in question 13a that they spoke a language other than English at home were asked to report what language they spoke (question 13b) and how well they could speak English (question 13c). Languages were coded using a detailed classification of languages. Ability to speak English was reported as one of four categories: "Very well," "Well," "Not well," or "Not at all."

The questions were intended to measure the extent to which non-English languages were currently being spoken in the United States and the number of persons who felt that their English ability was limited. The questions were not intended to determine which language was a person's main language, or whether a person was fluent in the non-English language that he or she reported. Therefore, persons who reported speaking a language other than English may have also spoken English at home and they may have been more fluent in English than in the non-English language.

There may be slight differences between the data in this report on language spoken at home and ability to speak English and similar data shown in the Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, reports and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of minor errors corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Ancestry

The data on ancestry were derived from the answers to question 14. The 1980 census marked the first time that a general question on ancestry (ethnicity) was asked in a decennial census. The question was based on self-identification and was open-ended (respondents were required to write their answers). Ancestry refers to a person's nationality group, lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Thus, persons reported their ancestry group regardless of the number of generations removed from their country of origin. Furthermore, responses to the ancestry question reflected the ethnic groups with which persons identified and not necessarily the degree of attachment or association the person had with the particular ethnic group(s).

Ancestry and race are separate characteristics; therefore, persons reporting a particular ancestry may be of any race. Ancestry is also different from other population characteristics that are sometimes regarded as indicators of ethnicity; namely, country of birth and language spoken at home.

A large number of persons reported their ancestry by specifying a single ancestry but some reported two, three, or more ancestry categories. All responses were coded manually by a procedure that allowed for identification of all single-and double-ancestry groups reported. In addition, 17 triple-ancestry categories were identified by unique codes (these categories were selected since they were reported frequently in Census Bureau surveys taken prior to the 1980 census). All other multiple responses were coded according only to the first and second ancestry categories reported.

In published tabulations, multiple groups are designated in general openended categories such as "Polish and other groups," rather than in specific multiple ancestry groups such as "Polish-Italian." A person who reported "Polish-Italian" ancestry, for example, is included in the category "Polish and other groups" and in the category "Italian and other groups." A few responses consisting of two terms (e.g., French-Canadian) were considered as a single group and, thus, were coded and tabulated as a single ancestry. In addition, persons reporting combinations of ancestries such as "German-Bavarian" were tabulated as a single ancestry (i.e., "German"). Also, responses such as "Polish-American" or "Italian-American" were coded and tabulated as a single entry (i.e., "Polish" or "Italian"). A sole entry of "American" is tabulated in the category "Ancestry not specified."

Entries of religious groups were not coded separately and were tabulated in the category "Ancestry not specified." When an ancestry response was missing, the person was tabulated as "not reported."

Residence in 1975

The data on residence in 1975 were derived from answers to questions 15a and 15b. Residence on April 1, 1975, is the usual place of residence 5 years before enumeration. The number of persons who were living in a different house in 1975 is somewhat less than the total number of moves during the 5 years. Some persons in the same house at the two dates had moved during the 5-year period but by the time of enumeration had returned to their 1975 residence. Other persons who were living in a different house had made one or more intermediate moves. For similar reasons, the number of persons living in a different county or a different SMSA understates the number of these kinds of moves.

Data on residence in 1975 are based on approximately one-half of the full census sample (see appendix D). Therefore, figures in tabulations involving residence in 1975 may differ from tabulations based on the full sample. For example, the number of persons 5 years old and over from residence in 1975

tabulations may not agree with other tabulations by age.

Work Disability

The data on disability status were derived from answers to question 19. Persons are identified as having a work disability if they had a health condition which had lasted 6 or more months and which limited the kind or amount of work they could do at a job. Persons with a work disability are further classified as "prevented from working" or "not prevented from working."

The term "health condition" refers to both physical and mental conditions. Temporary health problems are not considered a health condition.

Persons are considered limited in the kind or amount of work they could do if they were restricted in the kinds of jobs at which they were able to work or if they were unable to work at a full-time job.

Public Transportation Disability

Persons are identified as having a public transportation disability if they had a health condition which had lasted 6 or more months and which made it difficult or impossible for them to use buses, trains, subways, or other forms of public transportation.

Fertility (Children Ever Born)

The data on children ever born were derived from responses to question 20. The number of children ever born to a woman consists of all live births the woman has ever had, including any babies who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her. Excluded are miscarriages and stillbirths and any of the woman's step-children, foster children, or children she has adopted.

Place of Work

The data on place of work were derived from answers to question 23, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 22 that they had worked at any time during the reference week (see below for definition of reference week). Data are tabulated for workers 16 years and over; i.e., members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work during the reference week. Place of work refers to the

geographic location at which workers carried out their occupational activities during the reference week. The exact address (number and street) of the place of work was asked, as well as the place (city, town, village, borough, etc.); whether or not the place of work was inside or outside its incorporated (legal) limits; and the county, state, and ZIP code. If the person's employer operated in more than one location, the exact address of the location or branch where the respondent worked was requested. When the number and street name could not be given, the building name or other physical location description was to be entered. Persons who worked at more than one location were asked to report the one at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. Persons who regularly worked in several locations during the reference week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day. For cases in which daily work was not begun at a central place each day, the person was asked to provide as much information as possible which described the area in which he or she worked most during the reference week.

Data on place of work are based on approximately one-half of the full census sample (see appendix D). Therefore, figures in tabulations involving place of work may differ from tabulations based on the full sample. For example, the number of workers 16 years and over from place-of-work tabulations may not agree with the same category shown for means-of-transportation-to-work tabulations.

In the Census Tracts reports covering tracted areas outside SMSA's, place-of-work locations are defined as "in county of residence" and "outside county of residence."

For the reports which present data for an SMSA, place-of-work locations are specified to show the main destinations of workers living in the SMSA. All place-of-work locations are defined with respect to the boundaries of the SMSA as "inside SMSA" and "outside SMSA." Locations within the SMSA are further divided into the central business district (CBD) of each central city, the remainder of each central city, and each county or county balance. Selected large incorporated places may also be specified as places of work. Within New England SMSA's, the places of work presented are

generally cities and towns. Locations outside the SMSA are specified if they are important commuting destinations for residents of the SMSA, and may include adjoining SMSA's and their central cities, their component counties, large incorporated places, or counties, cities, or other geographic areas outside any SMSA.

In the Census Tracts reports for SMSA's in New England; Honolulu, Hawaii; and certain other metropolitan areas, some place-of-work locations are identified as "areas" (e.g., Area 1, Area 5, Area 12, etc.). Such areas consist of groups of towns, cities and towns, census designated places (Honolulu SMSA only), or counties which have been defined as unique place-of-work destinations. The area number corresponds to the data item in tabulation P-B #34 of summary tape file 4 that is the source of that data line in the report. In those reports where place-of-work "areas" occur, a geographic equivalency list which gives the geographic components that make up each area is provided at the end of this appendix. Whenever an adjoining SMSA or SMSA remainder is specified as a placeof-work location, its components are not defined. However, the components may be found by referring to table 11 of the Number of Inhabitants report PC80-1-A, for the State in which the SMSA is located.

A central business district (CBD) is an area of very high land valuation characterized by a high concentration of retail businesses, service businesses, offices, theaters, and hotels, and by high traffic flow. CBD's consist of one or more whole census tracts, and have been defined only in SMSA central cities and other SMSA cities with populations of 50,000 or more. CBD's are designated by local Census Statistical Area Committees in consultation with the Census Bureau. Some eligible cities do not have a CBD because they chose not to participate in the CBD delineation program. In order to be counted as working in the CBD, a respondent had to provide enough information to allow the workplace to be coded to the census tract level. Since some respondents did not do this, the number of persons shown to be working in the CBD is usually understated by an unknown amount.

Persons were tabulated as working in an incorporated place if they reported working inside its legal limits, or reported

an incorporated place as their place of work without specifying whether or not they worked inside its legal boundaries. Persons who reported working outside the limits of an incorporated place were tabulated as working outside the place. For SMSA's in Alaska and Hawaii, census designated places (CDP's) may appear as places of work. Persons who reported a CDP-a place with no legal boundaries-as their place of work were tabulated as working in that place regardless of their response on the incorporated limits question. The accuracy of place-of-work data for certain CDP's may be affected by the extent to which their census names were familiar to respondents and by coding problems caused by similarities between the CDP name and the names of other geographic jurisdictions in the same vicinity.

For SMSA's in the New England States, place-of-work data are given for selected minor civil divisions (cities and towns), based on the responses to the place-ofwork question. Many New England towns are regarded locally as equivalent to a place and were, therefore, reported as the place of work. When a respondent reported a locality or incorporated place that forms part of a town, the coding and tabulating procedure was designed to include the response in the total for the town. The data for some New England towns may be affected by coding problems resulting from unfamiliarity among respondents with the town in which the workplace was located or when a town and a city of the same or similar name are located close together.

Means of Transportation to Work

The data on means of transportation to work were derived from answers to questions 24b, 24c, and 24d which were asked of persons who indicated in question 22 that they had worked at any time during the reference week (see below for definition of reference week). Means of transportation to work refers to the principal mode of travel or type of conveyance that the person usually used to get from home to work during the reference week. Persons who used different means of transportation on different days of the week were asked to specify the one they used most often. Persons who used more than one means of transportation to get to work each day were asked to report the one used for the longest distance during the work trip. The category "private vehicle" includes workers using a car (including company cars but excluding taxicabs), a truck of 1-ton capacity or less, or a van. The category "public transportation" includes workers who used a bus or streetcar, subway or elevated train, railroad, or taxicab.

A question on carpooling (question 24c) was asked of all workers who reported their means of transportation to work as "car," "truck," or "van." The category "drive alone" includes persons who usually drove alone to work, as well as persons who were driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a nonwork destination. The category "carpool" includes workers who reported that they usually shared driving, drove others, or rode as a passenger during the reference week.

The means of transportation data for some areas in this report may show workers using modes of public transportation that are not available in those areas (e.g., subway or elevated riders in an SMSA or portion of a State where there actually is no subway or elevated service). This result is attributable to persons who worked during the reference week at a location that was different from their usual place of work (such as persons away from home on business in an area where subway service was available), and persons who used more than one means of transportation each day but whose principal means was not available where they lived (for example, residents of nonmetropolitan areas who drove to the fringe of an SMSA and took the commuter railroad most of the distance to work).

Private Vehicle Occupancy

The data on private vehicle occupancy were derived from answers to question 24d, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 22 that they had worked at any time during the reference week (see below for definition of reference week), and who reported in question 24c that they usually shared driving, drove others, or rode as a passenger in a car, truck, or van. Private vehicle occupancy refers to the number of persons who usually rode to work in the vehicle during the reference week. The measure "persons per private vehicle" is obtained by dividing the number of persons who

reported using a car, truck, or van to get to work by the number of such vehicles that they used. The number of vehicles used is derived by counting each person who drove alone as one vehicle, each person who reported being in a twoperson carpool as one-half vehicle, each person carpool as one-third vehicle, and so on, and then summing all the vehicles.

Travel Time to Work

The data on travel time to work were derived from answers to question 24a, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 22 that they had worked at any time during the reference week (see below for definition of reference week). Travel time to work refers to the total number of minutes that it usually took the person to get from home to work during the reference week. The elapsed time includes time spent waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, or time spent in other activities related to getting to work.

Reference Week

The data on labor force status and journey to work relate to the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents because not all persons were enumerated during the same week.

Labor Force Status

The data on labor force status were derived from answers to questions 22, 25, and 26. The "labor force" includes all persons in the civilian labor force plus members of the Armed Forces (persons 16 years old and over on active duty with the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard). The "civilian labor force" consists of persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described below.

All persons 16 years old and over who are not classified as members of the labor force are defined as "not in labor force." This category consists mainly of students, housewives, retired workers, seasonal workers enumerated in an "off" season who were not looking for work, inmates of institutions, disabled persons, and per-

sons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours during the reference week).

Employed - Employed persons include all civilians 16 years old and over who were either (a) "at work"-those who did any work at all during the reference week as paid employees or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a family farm or in a family business; or (b) were "with a job but not at work"-those who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons. Excluded from the employed are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Unemployed—Persons are classified as unemployed if they were civilians 16 years old and over and (a) were neither "at work" nor "with a job but not at work" during the reference week, (b) were looking for work during the last 4 weeks, and (c) were available to accept a job. Also included as unemployed are persons who did not work at all during the reference week and were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off.

Industry and Occupation

The data on industry and occupation were derived from answers to questions 28 and 29, respectively, and are shown here for employed persons 16 years old and over. For persons who worked at two or more jobs, the data refer to the job at which the person worked the greatest number of hours. The industry and occupation statistics are based on the detailed classification systems developed for the 1980 census. The 1980 industry classification is based on the U.S. Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) and is similar to the 1970 system; the 1980 occupation classification is based on the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). This report shows major occupation groups and selected industry groups. The relationship between these groups and more detailed categories found in other reports will be shown in the PC80-1-C and PC80-1-D reports.

Class of Worker

The data on class of worker were derived from answers to question 30. The information on class of worker refers to the same job as a respondent's industry and occupation. The definitions of the class of worker categories shown in this report are as follows:

Private Wage and Salary Workers—Private wage and salary workers are persons who work for a private employer for wages, salary, commission, tips, pay-in-kind, or at piece rates.

Government Workers—Government workers are employees of any Federal, State, or local governmental unit, regardless of the activity of the particular agency.

Self-employed Workers—Self-employed workers are those who work for profit or fees in their own unincorporated business, profession, or trade or who operate a farm.

Labor Force Status in 1979

The data on labor force status in 1979 were derived from answers to question 31. Persons 16 years old and over are classified as "in labor force in 1979" if they worked in 1979 or had any weeks of unemployment in 1979, in accordance with the criteria for weeks worked in 1979 and weeks of unemployment in 1979 as described below.

Worked in 1979—Persons 16 years old and over who worked 1 or more weeks in 1979 in accordance with the criteria described below are classified as "worked in 1979."

The data on weeks worked in 1979 pertain to the number of weeks during 1979 in which persons 16 years old and over did any work for pay or profit (including weeks on paid vacation or on paid sick leave) or worked without pay on a family farm or in a family business, or were on active duty in the Armed Forces.

Persons 16 years old and over who reported that they usually worked 35 or more hours each week during the weeks they worked are classified as "usually worked full-time;" persons who reported that they usually worked 1 to 34 hours are classified as "usually worked part-time."

With Unemployment in 1979—Persons 16 years old and over who had 1 or more

weeks of unemployment in 1979 in accordance with the criteria described below are classified as "with unemployment in 1979."

The data on weeks of unemployment in 1979 pertain to the number of weeks during 1979 in which persons 16 years old and over did not work but spent time looking for work (i.e., trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice) or on layoff from a job. Excluded are any weeks in which the person worked, even for 1 hour; or any weeks for which the person received any wages or salary; or in which the person was on active duty in the Armed Forces, on paid vacation, or on paid leave.

Income in 1979

The data on income in 1979 were derived from answers to questions 32 and 33. Information on money income received in the calendar year 1979 was requested from persons 15 years old and over. "Total income" is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net selfemployment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, royalty, or net rental income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received regularly before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

"Wage or salary income" is defined as the total money earnings received for work performed as an employee at any time during the calendar year 1979. It includes wages, salary, pay from Armed Forces, commissions, tips, piece rate payments, and cash bonuses earned. "Nonfarm net self-employment income" is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus business expenses) received from a business, professional enterprise, or partnership in which the person was engaged on his or her own account. "Farm net self-employment income" is defined as the net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) received from the operation of a farm by a person on his or her own account, as an owner, renter, or sharecropper. "Earnings" is defined as the algebraic sum of wage or salary income and net income from nonfarm and farm self-employment.

"Interest, dividend, royalty, or net rental income" includes interest on savings or bonds, dividends from stockholdings or membership in associations, net royalties. and net income from rental of property to others and receipts from boarders or lodgers. "Social Security income" includes Social Security pensions and survivors' benefits and permanent disability insurance payments made by the Social Security Administration, prior to deductions for medical insurance, and railroad retirement insurance checks from the U.S. Government. "Medicare" reimbursements are not included. "Public assistance" or public welfare income includes (1) supplementary security income payments made by Federal, State, or local welfare agencies to low income persons who are aged (65 years old or over), blind, or disabled, (2) aid to families with dependent children, and (3) general assistance. Separate payments received for hospital or other medical care (vendor payments) are excluded from this item, "Income from all other sources" includes unemployment compensation, veterans' payments, public or private pensions, alimony or child support, workers' compensation, periodic payments from estates and trust funds, periodic receipts from annuities or insurance, contributions received periodically from persons not living in the household, military family allotments, net gambling winnings, and other kinds of periodic income other than earnings.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employers' contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the characteristics of persons and the composition of households and families refer to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households and families was the same during 1979 as in April 1980.

The median income is the amount

which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below the median. For households, families, and unrelated individuals the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of units including those with no income. The median income values for all households, families, and unrelated individuals are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in this report. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through Pareto interpolation. For a detailed description of these interpolation procedures, see appendix B to the Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 129, Money Income of Families and Persons in the United States: 1979.

The mean income is the amount obtained by dividing the total income of a particular statistical universe by the number of units in that universe. Thus, mean household income is obtained by dividing total household income by the total number of households. For the various types of income the means are based on households having those types of income.

Per capita income is the mean income computed for every man, woman, and child in a particular group. It is derived by dividing the total income of a particular group by the total population in that group.

Care should be exercised in using and interpreting mean or per capita values in the statistics for small areas or small subgroups of the population. Since the mean and per capita income amounts are strongly influenced by extreme values in the distribution, they are especially susceptible to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors. The median, which is not affected by extreme values, is therefore a better measure than the mean or per capita when the population base is small.

There may be differences between the data in this report on income in 1979 and similar data shown in the Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, reports and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors corrected

after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Poverty Status in 1979

Families and unrelated individuals are classified as being below or above the poverty level based on income in 1979 using a poverty index which provides a range of income cutoffs or "poverty thresholds" varying by size of family. number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The poverty thresholds used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from 7 or more persons to 9 or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. The poverty threshold for a family of four was \$7,412 in 1979; thresholds by size of family are shown below.

Weighted Average Poverty Thresholds: 1979

Size of family	Threshold
l person (unrelated individual).	\$3,686
Under 65 years	3,774 3,479
65 years and over	4,723
Householder under 65 years	4,876
Householder 65 years and over.	4,389 5,787
3 persons	7,412
5 persons	8,776
6 persons	9,915 11,237
7 persons 8 persons	12,484
9 or more persons	14,812

There may be slight differences between the data in this report on poverty status in 1979 and similar data shown in the Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, reports and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Persons for Whom Poverty Status is Determined—Poverty status is determined for all persons except inmates of institutions, persons in military group quarters and in college dormitories, and unrelated

individuals under 15 years. For a detailed explanation of the poverty definition, see Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 133, Characteristics of the Population Below the Poverty Level: 1980.

Specified Poverty Level—Because the poverty definition currently in use by the Federal Government does not meet all the needs of the analysts of the data, some of the data are presented for alternate definitions ranging from 75 percent to 200 percent of the current poverty level. These specified poverty levels are obtained by multiplying the income cutoffs at the poverty level by the appropriate factor. For example, the income cutoff at 125 percent of the poverty level was \$9,265 in 1979 for a family of four persons.

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Living Quarters

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for nonresidential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a night guard lives), as well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

Housing Units—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room, occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements (except those in Group Quarters as described in the next paragraph). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be

obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage are excluded from the housing inventory.

Comparability With 1970 Census Housing Unit Data-Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were introduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 housing unit definition that required a unit to have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alternative was dropped, and direct access was required of all housing units. In addition, in 1970, living quarters occupied by five or more persons unrelated to the head of the household or by six or more unrelated persons were not considered to be housing units but group quarters. In 1980, however, this requirement was changed and, living quarters occupied by a group of 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder or by 10 or more unrelated persons were considered to be group quarters. Thus, some living quarters classified as group quarters in 1970 would be classified as housing units in 1980. In 1970, vacant mobile homes were not counted as housing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they were intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.

Year-Round Housing Units—Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics. Counts of the total housing inventory, however, are given for each area presented in this report.

Occupancy and Vacancy Characteristics

Occupied Housing Units-A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. In tabulations of data collected of all units, by definition, the count of occupied housing units is the same as the count of households. In tabulations presenting data from a sample of the housing units. there may be small differences in the counts resulting from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Year Householder Moved Into Unit-Data presented for this item are based on the information reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved, although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time.

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements, i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect

the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Type of Vacant Unit-Vacant housing units are classified in this report as either "seasonal and migratory" or "yearround." "Seasonal" units are intended for occupancy during only certain seasons of the year. Included are units intended for recreational use, such as beach cottages and hunting cabins; units offered to vacationers in the summer for summer sports or in the winter for winter sports; and vacant units held for herders and loggers. "Migratory" units are vacant units held for occupancy by migratory labor employed in farm work during the crop season. "Year-round" vacant housing units are available or intended for occupancy at any time of the year. A unit in a resort area which is usually occupied on a year-round basis is considered as year-round. A unit used only occasionally throughout the year is also considered as year-round.

Vacancy Status—Year-round vacant units are subdivided according to their vacancy status as follows:

For sale only. Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

For rent. Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for rent or for sale.

Rented or sold, awaiting occupancy. If any money rent has been paid or agreed upon but the new renter has not moved in as of the date of enumeration, or if the unit has recently been sold but the new owner has not yet moved in, the year-round vacant unit is classified as "Rented or sold, awaiting occupancy."

Held for occasional use. This category consists of vacant year-round units which are held for weekend or other

occasional use throughout the year. Shared ownership or time-sharing condominiums are also classified as "Held for occasional use." Homes reserved by their owners as second homes usually fall in this category, although some second homes may be classified as "seasonal."

Other vacant. If a vacant year-round unit does not fall into any of the classifications specified above, it is classified as "Other vacant." This category includes units held for settlement of an estate, units held for occupancy by a caretaker or janitor, and units held for personal reasons of the owner.

Boarded-Up Status—Boarded-up units refer to vacant structures in which the windows and doors are covered by wood, metal, or similar materials to protect the interior, and to prevent entry into the building. A single-unit structure or a unit(s) in a multi-unit structure may be boarded up in this way. In this report, data for boarded-up units are only shown for units in the "Other vacant" category.

Duration of Vacancy—The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration. The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

Tenure—A housing unit is "owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent.

Utilization, Structural, and Plumbing Characteristics

Persons in Unit—All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons.

Medians for persons are rounded to the nearest hundredth. In computing medians for persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 persons" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.50 up to 3.50 persons.

Rooms-The statistics on "rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms. The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, halfrooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling.

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth. In computing medians for rooms, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms.

Persons Per Room—"Persons per room" is a derived measure obtained by dividing the number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Bedrooms—The number of bedrooms in the, unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom.

Kitchen Facilities—A unit has complete kitchen facilities when it has all of the following: (1) an installed sink with piped water, (2) a range or cookstove, and (3) a mechanical refrigerator. All kitchen facilities must be located in the structure. They need not be in the same room. Quarters with only portable cooking equipment are not considered as having a range or cookstove. An icebox is not considered to be a mechanical refrigerator.

Year Structure Built—Year structure built refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration.

Units in Structure—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. Included in the count of mobile homes or trailers are units classified as boats, tents, vans, etc.

Plumbing Facilities—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present.

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

Bathrooms-A complete bathroom is a room with a flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and a wash basin with piped hot and cold water for the exclusive use of the occupants of the housing unit. (Although the instructions on the questionnaire do not specify that a complete bathroom must have hot water, this requirement was applied during the processing of the data in an edit combining the items on complete bathrooms and complete plumbing facilities for the exclusive use of the household.) A halfbathroom has at least a flush toilet or a bathtub or shower for exclusive use, but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. The equipment must be inside the unit being enumerated.

Source of Water—Housing units may receive their water supply from a number of sources. A common source supplying water to six or more units is classified as a "Public system or private company." The water may be supplied by a city, county, water district, water company, etc., or it may be obtained from a well which supplies water to six or more housing units.

Sewage Disposal—Housing units are either connected to a public sewer, to a septic tank or cesspool, or they dispose of sewage by other means. A public sewer may be operated by a government body or by a private organization. Small sewage treatment plants, which in some localities are called neighborhood septic tanks, are also classified as public sewers.

Equipment and Fuels

Heating Equipment—Housing units use specific types of heating equipment as their primary source of heat. The categories for types used are: (1) a steam or hot water system; (2) a central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms; (3) an electric heat pump; (4) other built-in electric units which are

permanently installed in the floors, walls, ceilings, or baseboards, and are a part of the electrical installation of the building; and (5) other means which include a floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit.

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data—In 1970, central heat pumps were included as part of the category, "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined into one category, "Electric heat pump."

Air-Conditioning-Air-conditioning is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers, fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air-conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system, or there may be several systems, each providing central air-conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system.

Vehicles Available-Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members of the household. Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of 1-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for the use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more; police and government cars kept at home; and company vans and trucks of 1-ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars; immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery; and vans and trucks kept at home but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles.

Comparability With 1970 Census Automobiles Available Data—In 1970, only data on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate data were obtained in 1980 on the number of households with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less, kept at home for use of members of the household.

Telephone in Housing Unit—A unit is classified as having a telephone if there is a telephone in the living quarters. Units where the respondent uses a telephone located inside the building but not in the respondent's living quarters are classified as having no telephone.

Comparability With 1970 Census Telephone Available Data—In 1970, the question on telephone availability was collected on a 100-percent basis. A housing unit was classified as having a telephone if the household had a telephone on which it could be called, whether it was in another unit, in a common hall, in another building, or shared by another household. For 1980, for a housing unit to be classified as having a telephone, the telephone had to be inside the respondent's living quarters.

Fuels Used for House Heating—"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood. "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. The category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corncobs, etc.

Financial Characteristics

Value—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and

lot) would sell for, if it were for sale. Value data are presented for "specified owner-occupied" housing units, which are limited to owner-occupied one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. Mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, and owner-occupied non-condominium units in multi-family buildings are also excluded from the value tabulations. Value was also collected for owner-occupied condominium housing units, but such units are excluded from the tables showing value in this report.

Medians for value are rounded to the nearest hundred dollar. If the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000--." If the median falls in the category "\$200,000 or more," it is shown as "\$200,000+."

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs-The data are presented for "specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owneroccupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs are the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.). Medians for selected monthly owner costs are rounded to the nearest dollar.

Household Income in 1979 by Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Income-The selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category, "Not computed."

Contract Rent—Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included. The statistics on rent are tabulated for "specified renter-occupied" housing units which include renter-occupied housing units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises.

This report presents data only on median contract rent, without any tabulation by rent categories. Medians for contract rent are rounded to the nearest dollar. In computing median contract rent, units reported as "No cash rent" are excluded.

Gross Rent-The statistics on rent are tabulated for "specified renter-occupied" housing units which include renteroccupied housing units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. The computed rent termed "gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the tabulations. This report presents data on medians for gross rent rounded to the nearest dollar. In computing median gross rent, units reported as "No cash rent" are excluded.

Household Income in 1979 by Gross Rent as Percentage of Income-The monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category, "Not computed."

Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

JSUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE	C-1
Armed Forces	C-1
Crews of Merchant Vessels	C-1
Persons Away at School	C-1
Persons in Institutions	C-1
Persons Away From Their	
Residence on Census Day	C-1
Americans Abroad	C-2
Citizens of Foreign Countries	C-2
DATA COLLECTION	
PROCEDURES	C-2
PROCESSING PROCEDURES	

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

Armed Forces

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

Crews of Merchant Vessels

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

Appendix D. — Accuracy of the Data

INTRODUCTION	D-1
SAMPLE DESIGN	D-1
ERRORS IN THE DATA	D-1
Calculation of Standard Errors .	D-2
Totals and Percentages	D-2
Differences	D-2
Means	D-2
Medians	D-3
Confidence Intervals	D-3
Use of Tables to Compute	
Standard Errors	D-3
ESTIMATION PROCEDURE	D-3
CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING	
ERROR	D-5
Undercoverage	D-5
Respondent and Enumerator	
Error	D-6
Processing Error	D-6
Nonresponse	D-6
EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE	
DATA	D6

INTRODUCTION

The data presented in tables P-1 through P-7 and tables H-1 through H-6 of this publication are based upon completecount data and the data tabulated in tables P-8 through P-21 and tables H-7 through H-18 are based on the 1980 census sample. The data in tables P-8 through P-21 and tables H-7 through H-18 are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete-count result because they are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. Nonsampling error, therefore, affects both the complete-count data in tables P-1 through P-7 and tables H-1 through H-6 and the sample data in tables

P-8 through P-21 and tables H-7 through H-18. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the United States was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, race, relationship), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Two sampling rates were employed. In counties, incorporated places, and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other places, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small places. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In about 95 percent of the country, the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. For these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample

unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator systematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

In order to reduce the cost of processing, a scheme was designed, while the sample questionnaires were being processed, to select a sample of questionnaires on which the place of work and migration data items would be coded. The sample questionnaires were processed by work units consisting of 1980 census ED's. In work units (ED's) where the place of work and migration data items had not yet been coded, every other sample questionnaire within the work unit was selected for these coding operations. In work units where the place of work and migration data items already had been coded, all sample questionnaires were included in the tabulation.

ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since the data in tables P-8 through P-21 and tables H-7 through H-18 in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the

same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages—Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, families, or

housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C; and the number of persons or housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate, follow the steps given below:

- a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the person or housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area. Use the person "percent in sample" figure for person and family characteristics and the housing unit figure for housing unit characteristics.
- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristic (e.g., air-conditioning, school enrollment) and the range that contains the percent in sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formulas below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and nonsampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference, the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se x and Se y of estimates x and y:

Se
$$(x+y)$$
 = Se $(x-y)$ = $\sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square

root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A, C, and D. Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

(1) Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and

(2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68-percent and 95-percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus, we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete-count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data.

The standard errors reflect the effect of simple response variance, but not the effect of correlated errors introduced by enumerators, coders, or other field or processing personnel. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error, see any standard sampling theory text.

Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas or PC80-1-C, General Social and Economic Characteristics, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure which resulted in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units in the tabulation area which possessed the characteristic. Estimates of family characteristics were based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The *estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count of less than 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type groups. The second stage used two groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The

third stage could potentially use 160 agesex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

PERSONS

Stage I-Type of Household

Group			
	Family With Own Children		
	Under 18		
1	2 persons in housing unit		
2	3 persons in housing unit		
3	4 persons in housing unit		
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit		
5	8 or more persons in housing		
	unit		
	Persons in Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18		
6-10	2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit		
	Persons in All Other Housing Units		
11	1 person in housing unit		
12-16	2 persons in housing unit		

Stage II—Householder/ Nonhouseholder

in housing unit

Persons in Group Quarters

through 8 or more persons

Group

17

1 Householder

Group White Race

Nonhouseholder (including persons in group quarters)

Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

Group	VVIIILE TIBLE
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	Male
1	0 to 4 years of age
2	5 to 14 years of age
	15 to 19 years of age
4	20 to 24 years of age
5	25 to 34 years of age
6	35 to 44 years of age
7	45 to 64 years of age
8	65 years of age or older
	Female
9-16	Same age categories as groups 1 to 8

	Persons Not of Spanish Origin
17-32	Same age and sex cate-
	gories as groups 1 to 16

Black Race

33-64	Same	age-sex-Spanish	origin
	catego	ories as groups 1	to 32

Asian Pacific Islander Race

65 -96	Same age-sex-Span	iish	origin
	categories as group	os 1	to 32

Indian (American) or Eskimo or Aleut Race

97-128 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

129-160 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estimation procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count was combined or collapsed with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete-count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete-census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage

I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally. the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage Il weights for sample persons in each stage III group. The three stages of adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories, and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

Stage I-Type of Household

Gro up	Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18
	O i beneficiani

1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit

4 5 to 7 persons in housing unit 5 8 or more persons in housing unit Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18 6-10 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit All Other Housing Units 11 1 person in housing unit 12-16 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons	83 \$100 to \$149 84 \$150 to \$199 85 \$200 to \$249 86 \$250 to \$299 87 \$300 to \$399 88 \$400 to \$499 89 \$500+ 90 Other Renter 91 No Cash Rent	
in housing unit	groups 81 to 91 Black Race	
Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent	103-124 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102	
Group Owner White Race (householder)	Asian, Pacific Islander Race	
Persons of Spanish Origin (householder) Value of House 1 \$0 to \$9,999	125-146 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102	
1 \$0 to \$9,999 2 \$10,000 to \$19,999 3 \$20,000 to \$24,999	Indian (American) or Eskimo or Aleut Race	
4 \$25,000 to \$49,999 5 \$50,000 to \$99,999 6 \$100,000 to \$149,999	147-168 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102	
7 \$150,000+ 8 Other Owners	Other Race (includes those	
Persons Not of Spanish	races not listed above) 169-190 Same rent—Spanish origin	
Origin 9-16 Same value categories a groups 1 to 8	169-190 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102	
Black Race 17-32 Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16		
Asian, Pacific Islander Race	1 Vacant for Rent	
33-48 Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16	Z Vacant for date	
Indian (American) or Eskimo or Aleut Race	The estimates produced by this pro-	
49-64 Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16 Other Race (includes those races not listed above)	cedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the stand-	
65-80 Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16		
Renter	ard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below	
White Race Persons of Spanish Origin Rent Categories	what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A	

Rent Categories

\$1 to \$59

81

for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

by-product of this estimation procedure

is that the estimates from the sample will,

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and completecount data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data, the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage-It is possible for some housing units or persons to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs that were developed to focus on this important problem are explained below.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.

 A recheck of housing units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error-The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests, and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each housing unit. In addition, respondents' answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if labor force items were incomplete for a person 15 years and over, long-form field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent, may fail to collect some of the information for a person or housing unit; or may collect data for housing units that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of data for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from housing units not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding, and computer operations undergo a num-

ber of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and followup operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponse remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described in more detail below.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the housing inventory and population as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in editing, the configuration of marks on the question-naire column was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or a housing unit or merely spurious marks. If the column contained entries for at least two of the basic characteristics (relationship, sex, race, age, marital status, Spanish origin), the inference was made that the marks represented a person. In cases in which two or more basic characteristics

were available for only a portion of the people in the unit, other information on the questionnaire provided by an enumerator was used to determine the total numbercof persons. Names were not used as a criterion of the presence of a person because the electronic scanning did not distinguish any entry in the name space.

If any characteristic for a person or a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached central processing, they were supplied by allocation. Allocations, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were needed most often when there was no entry for a given item or when the information reported for a person or housing unit on that item was inconsistent with other information for the person or housing unit. As in previous censuses, the general procedure for changing unacceptable entries was to assign an entry for a person or housing unit that was consistent with entries for other persons or units with similar characteristics. Thus, a person who was reported as a 20year-old son of the householder, but for whom marital status was not reported. was assigned the same marital status as that of the last son processed in the same age group. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries enhances the usefulness of the data.

The editing process for completecount data also includes another type of correction; namely, the assignment of a full set of characteristics for a person or a housing unit. When there was indication that a housing unit was occupied but the questionnaire contained no infromation for all or most of the people, although persons were known to be present or when there was no information on the housing unit, a previously processed household was selected as a substitute, and the full set of characteristics for each substitute person or housing unit was duplicated. These duplications fall into two classes: (1) "substitution for mechanical failure," e.g., when the questionnaire page was not properly microfilmed, and (2) "substitution for noninterview," e.g., when a housing unit was indicated as occupied but the occupants or housing unit characteristics were not listed on the questionnaire.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations

and substitutions that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged ques-

tionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

The extent of allocation for States, counties, and other areas will be shown in the allocation tables in the Census Bureau publications PC80-1-B, General Population Characteristics; PC80-1-C, General Social and Economic Characteristics;

HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics; and HC80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics.

The listing below shows the geographic areas in this report where characteristics for 20 percent or more of the persons or housing units included in the 1980 census were substituted.

Shasta County:
Tract 0114
Remainder of Shasta County:
Tract 0114 (pt.)

Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated							SIze	of public	ation area	<u>2</u> /				
Total <u>1</u> /	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50	16 20 25 - - - -	16 21 30 35 - - -	16 22 35 45 55 - -	16 22 35 45 65 80 -	16 22 35 50 65 95 110	16 22 35 50 70 110 140 170	16 22 35 50 70 110 150 200 230 250	16 22 35 50 70 110 150 210 250 310	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270 340	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270 350	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270 350	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270 350	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270 350	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270 350
75 000 100 000 250 000 500 000 1 000 000 5 000 000 10 000 000		- - - - -		-	:	- - - - -	:	310 - - - - -	510 550 - - - -	570 630 790 - - -	590 670 970 1 120 - -	610 700 1 090 1 500 2 000	610 700 1 100 1 540 2 120 3 540	610 710 1 100 1 570 2 190 4 470 5 480

^{1/2} For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{-5\hat{Y}(1-\hat{Y})}$$

N = Size of area
 \hat{Y} = Estimate of characteristic total

2/ The total count of persons in the area if the estimated total is a person characteristic, or the total count of housing units in the area if the estimated total is a housing unit characteristic.

Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage						Base	of percen	1/ tage					
J	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0 1.5	0.8 1.3	0.6	0.4	0.4 0.6	0.3 0.5	0.2 0.3	0.1 0.2	0.1 0.2	0.1 0.1	0.1 0.1
10 or 90 15 or 85	3.0 3.6	2.4 2.9	2.1 2.5	1.7 2.1	1.3 1.6	0.9 1.1	0.8 0.9	0.7 0.8	0.4 0.5	0.3 0.4	0.2 0.3	0.1 0.2	0.1 0.1
20 or 80	4.0 4.3 4.6	3.3 3.5 3.7	2.8 3.1 3.2	2.3 2.5 2.6	1.8 1.9 2.0	1.3 1.4 1.4	1.0 1.1 1.2	0.9 1.0 1.0	0.6 0.6 0.6	0.4 0.4 0.5	0.3 0.3 0.3	0.2 0.2 0.2	0.1 0.1 0.1
35 or 65	4.8 5.0	3.9 4.1	3.4 3.5	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7 0.7	0.5 0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2 0.2

^{1/} For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B} \hat{p} (100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

 \hat{p} = Estimated percentage

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

Characteristics	Less than 19 Percent	19 to 33 Percent	More than 33 Percent
POPULATION			
Age, sex, race, and Spanish origin	1.2	1.0	0.6
Family type	1.1	0.9	0.5
Marital status	1.0	0.8	0.5
Language usage and ability to speak	1.00	•••	***
English	1.4	1.2	0.7
Ancestry	1.7	1.5	0.8
Nativity and place of birth	1.5	1.4	0.7
Residence in 1975	3.1	3.1	2.1
Means of transportation to work	1.2	1.1	0.6
School enrollment	1.3	1.1	0.7
Years of school completed	1.2	i.i	0.6
Work and public transportation			
disablilty	1.1	1.0	0.5
Labor force status	1.1	0.9	0.5
Hours worked per week and weeks			***
worked in 1979	1.1	0.9	0.5
Unemployed In 1979	i.i	1.0	0.5
Industry and occupation	1.2	1.0	0.6
Class of worker	1.1	1.0	0.5
Household income	l i.i	0.9	0.5
Income type	1.2	1.1	0.6
Family Income	. 1.1	0.9	0.5
Unrelated individual income	i.i	0.9	0.5
Workers in family	1.2	1.0	0.6
Poverty status: Family	1.3	1.1	0.6
Poverty status: Persons	2.0	1.6	1.0
Poverty status: Unrelated Individuals	1.2	1.0	0.6
·	1.02	1.0	0.0
HOUSING			
Occupancy and vacancy status	1.1	0.9	0.5
Tenure	1.1	0.9	0.6
Units in structure	1.1	10	0.5
Source of water	1.1	0.9	0.5
Sewage disposal	1.1	1.0	0.5
Year structure built	1.0	0.9	0.5
Year householder moved into			
housing unit	1.1	1.0	0.5
Heating equipment and fuel	1.2	1.1	0.6
Kitchen facilities	1.1	0.9	0.5
Number of bedrooms or bathrooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Telephone in housing unit	1.1	1.0	0.5
Air conditioning	1.3	1.0	0.6
Vehicles available	1.1	1.0	0.5
Gross rent	1.1	0.9	0.5
Mortgage status and selected			
monthly owner cost	1.1	0.9	0.5
Poverty status: Housing	1.3	1.1	0.6
Complete plumbing facilities			
for exclusive use with 1.01			
persons per room or more	1.1	0.9	0.5
Household income	1.1	0.9	0.5

Table D. Percent of Persons and Housing Units in Sample: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Intraduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Persans		Hausing ur	nits
Census Tracts	100-percent count	Percent in sample	100-percent count	Percent in sample
The SMSA	115 715	14.2	47 446	14.5
Shasta Caunty	115 715 41 995 73 720	14.2 14.7 13.9	47 446 17 932 29 514	14.5 14.5 14.4
Redding city, Shasta County:	1 650 2 126 2 782 3 513 3 821 4 202 4 179 1 317 2 845 3 122	14.0 16.2 14.8 14.3 13.9 14.8 15.7 14.0 13.5	921 1 113 1 077 1 499 1 793 1 774 2 147 626 1 140 1 280	13.0 15.5 14.9 14.5 13.7 14.4 14.8 14.7 13.8 15.1
Tract 0111°	1 393 3 270 4 550 2 620 605 —	14.3 14.6 15.1 14.5 15.2	511 1 270 1 709 835 237	14.5 14.6 14.5 15.3 14.8
Remainder af Shasta County:	21 1 166 501 3 024 404 2 374 - 32 13	16.0 22.8 13.6 14.6 15.9 - 25.0 23.1	8 434 261 1 171 176 861 - 17 7	15.7 25.3 14.4 13.6 15.7 - 23.5 14.3
Tract 0114°	1 812 4 952 2 501 6 130 5 458 3 804 4 184 4 480 4 152 9 295 3 101 1 669 6 784 7 863	13.1 15.3 13.0 14.7 16.3 15.6 14.7 13.8 14.1 12.4 12.3 10.6 11.2	576 1 851 1 035 2 581 2 140 1 252 1 593 1 786 1 561 3 333 1 271 952 3 398 3 250	12.0 15.4 13.8 15.0 16.5 15.3 14.9 14.6 13.8 12.9 11.8 13.6 13.6
Totals for split tracts in Shasta Caunty:	2 803 5 368 4 680 4 341 3 249 5 496 1 393 3 302 4 563 4 432 3 106 6 130 9 295	14.7 15.0 16.4 13.7 13.6 15.8 14.3 14.7 15.1 13.9 13.4 14.7 12.4	1 085 2 208 2 408 1 797 1 316 2 141 511 1 287 1 716 1 411 1 272 2 581 3 333	14.7 14.7 15.9 14.5 13.8 15.3 14.5 14.5 14.0 14.0 15.0

Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10

- 1. List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
- Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked Son/daughter. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.

- 3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
- 4. Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
- 5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "O" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
- 8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A *public* school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
- 9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

10. Mark Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12

- H4. Mark only one circle. This address means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.
- **H5.** Mark the second circle only if you *must* go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- H8. Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

- H9. A condominium is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- H10b. A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living quertars and your share of the common alements.

H12. Raport the rent agread to or contracted for, evan if the rent is unpeid or paid by somaona else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriate circle in question H12.

Multiply rent by:
30
4
ek 2

If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
4 times a year	3
2 times a year	6
Once a year	12

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20

H13. Mark only one circle.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shad or garage. Attached meens that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile home or trailer has had one or mora rooms edded or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living querters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Do not count unfinished basements or unfinished ettics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.
- H15a. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, e community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, end is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apertment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A place is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this residence is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, merk
A public system. If a well provides water for five or fawer houses
or apartments, mark one of the catégories for individual well.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feat in diameter. Dug wells are generally hand dug and are wider.

- H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a privata organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tenk or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.
- **H20.** This question refers to the type of *heating equipment* and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reversa cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, well, or pipeless furnace delivers werm eir to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed end does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlat should be counted as a portable room heater.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32

- H21. Gas from underground pipes is pipad in from a centrel system such as one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tenks which ere refilled or exchanged when empty. Other fuel includes eny fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.
- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entared in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and gas, the monthly average for the past 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total amount for the pest 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs ere not known.

Report amounts even if your bills ere unpeid or peid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimete the emounts for your own living quartars. If gas and electricity ere billed together, enter the combined emount on the elactricity line end bracket ({) the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Porteble cooking equipment is not considered es a renge or cook stove.
- **H26.** Answer Yes only if the telephone is located in your living quarters.
- H27. Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.
- H28 H29. Count company cars (including police cars end taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.
- H30 H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.
- H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.
- H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly besis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no peyment was made during the past 12 months.
- H32a. The word "mortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, not, for example, West Indies.

12. This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a neturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.

If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.

13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.

Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school nr if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.

- b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
- c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
 - The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
 - (2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
 - (3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
 - (4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
- 14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cepe Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadien from Canedian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
 - b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
 - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did not live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
 - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
 - Pert (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the villege or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
 - Pert (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is *now* inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17e. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
 - b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
 - c. Mark Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, pert time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes only if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
 - b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
- 20. Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc. Active duty in Armed Forces.

Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.

Unpaid volunteer work.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
 - b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
 - c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark Drive alone.
 - d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
- 25. If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
 - b. Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
 - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufacturin
Grocery store	Wholesale grocery store
Oil company	Retail gas station
Ranch	Cattle ranch

c. Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Clerk	Production clerk
Helper	Carpenter's helper
Mechanic	Auto engine mechanic
Nurse	Registered nurse

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

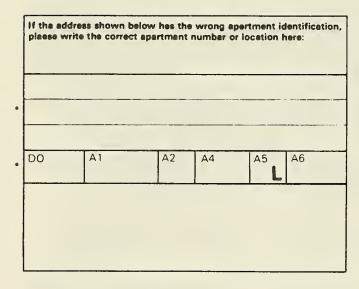
INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33

- **30.** If the person was an employee of a *private* nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle:
 - Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.
- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.
 - Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
 - c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
 - d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. Looking for work means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; layoff includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
- 32. Fill the Yes or No circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark No for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
 - a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

- expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- b. Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- e. Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- f. Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
- g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.
 - Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.
- 33. If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this official Census Form and mail it back on Census Day, Tuesday, April 1, 1980

1980 Census of the United States



Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons): SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

O, si prefiere, marque esta casilla y devuelva el cuestionario por correo en el sobre que se le incluye.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must, from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal, State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census Form D-2

Please continue -

How to fill out your Census Form

Page 1

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover

Use a black pencil to answer the questions. Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens.

Fill circles "O" completely, like this.

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here.

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form

Answer the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household

Check your answers. Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20.

Mail back this form on Tuesday, April 1, or as soon afterward as you can. Use the enclosed envelope; no stamp is needed.

1. What is the name of each person who was living

Please start by answering Question 1 below

Question 1

List in Question 1

- Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital
- Relatives living here
- · Lodgers or boarders living here
- · Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working

Do Not List in Question 1

- · Any person away from here in the Armed Forces.
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college.
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there
- Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital.
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere.

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 	
			
	-		

Note

If everyone here is staying only temporarily and has a usual home elsewhere, please mark this box .

Then please:

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only.
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20.

	These are the columns	PERSON in column 1	PERSON in column 2		
Here are the QUESTIONS	for ANSWERS	Last name	Last name		
Ų UESTIONS	Piease fill one column for each person listed in Question 1.	First name Middle initial	First name Middle initie		
2. How is this person related to the person in column 1? Fill one circle. If "Other relative" of person in column 1, give exact relationship, such as mother-in-law, niece, grandson, etc.		START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented. If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.	If relative of person in column 1: Husband/wife Father/mother Son/daughter Other relative Brother/sister		
3. Sex Fill one	e circle.	∵○ Male	O Male		
4. Is this person — Fill one circle.		 White Black or Negro Hawaiian Japanese Guarnanian Chinese Samoan Filipino Eskimo Korean Vietnamese Indian (Amer.) Print tribe 	 White Black or Negro Hawaiian Japanese Guamanian Chinese Samoan Filipino Eskimo Korean Aleut Vietnamese Indian (Amer.) Print tribe → 		
5. Age, and m	onth and year of birth	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday		
a. Print age at	last birthday.				
b. Print month	and fill one circle.	b. Month of 9 0 1 0 1 0	b. Month of 9 0 1 0 1 0		
c. Print year in	n the spaces, and fill one circle	birth 20 20	birth 20 20		
6. Marital stat	TUS.	5	5 0 5 0 0 Jan.—Mar. 6 0 6 0 0 Apr.—June 7 0 7 0 0 July—Sept. 8 0 8 0 0 Oct.—Dec. 9 0 9 0		
Fill one circle		 Now married Separated Widowed Never married Divorced 	Now married		
7. Is this pers	on of Spanish/Hispanic	No (not Spanish/Hispanic)	No (not Spanish/Hispanic)		
origin or de	escent?	Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic		
8. Since February 1, 1980, has this person attended regular school or college at any time? Fill one circle. Count nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which leads to a high school diploma or college degree.		Tes, private, criticipited	No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related		
9. What is the highest grade (or year) of regular school this person has ever attended?		Highest grade attended: Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Highest grade attended: Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12		
Fili one circi	le.	000000000000	0000000000000		
If now attending school, mark grade person is in. If high school was finished by equivalency test (GED), mark "12."		College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more O O O O O Never attended school - Skip question 10	College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more 0 0 0 0 0 0 Never attended school - Skip question 10		
	erson finish the highest year) attended?	Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year)	Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year)		
FIII one circ	cle.	O Did not finish this grade (or year)	O Did not finish this grade (or year)		
		CENSUS A. OI ON OO	CENSUS A. OI ON OO		

2 Page 3	3
ondominium?	
or more acres?	
d as a dical office?	
condominium	
that is, how nouse and lot or f it were for sale?	0987
's -	G 5
establishment roperty	3
000 to \$54,999 000 to \$59,999 000 to \$64,999 000 to \$69,999 000 to \$74,999	1
000 to \$89,999 000 to \$99,999 ,000 to \$124,999 ,000 to \$149,999 ,000 to \$199,999	098765
2 —	4 • N
he instruction t.	I
to \$169 to \$179 to \$189 to \$199 to \$224 to \$249	
to \$274 to \$299 to \$349 to \$399 to \$499 or more	
F. Total persons this onths I I I I	

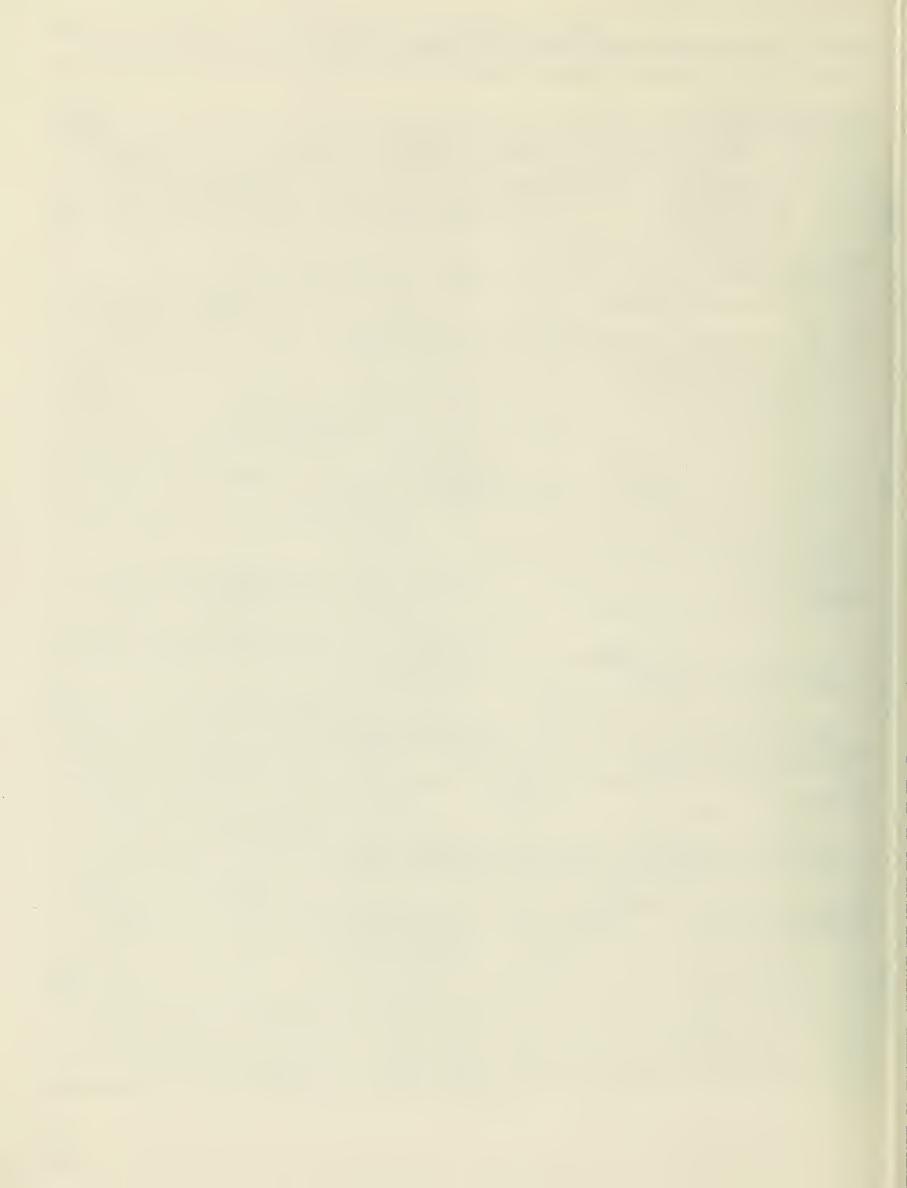
		YER QUESTIONS H1-H12 Page 3
PERSON in column 7	If you listed more than 7 persons in Question 1, please see note on page 20. FOR YOUR	R HOUSEHOLD
If relative of person in column 1: Husband/wife Father/mother Son/daughter Other relative	H1. Did you leave anyone out of Question 1 because you were not sure if the person should be listed — for example, a new baby still in the hospital, a lodger who also has another home, or a person who stays here once in a while and has no other home? O Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason left out. No	H9. Is this apartment (house) part of a condominium? No Yes, a condominium H10. If this is a one-family house — a. Is the house on a property of 10 or more acres?
If not related to person in column 1: Roomer, boarder Partner, roommate Paid employee	H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away from home now — for example, on a vacation or in a hospital? O Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason person is away. No	b. Is any part of the property used as a commercial establishment or medical office? Yes No
O Male Female O White Asian Indian O Black or Negro Hawaiian O Japanese Guamanian	H3. Is anyone visiting here who is not already listed? Yes — On page 20 give name of each visitor for whom there is no one at the home address to report the person to a census taker. No H4. How many living quarters, occupied and vacant, are at this	H11. If you live in a one-family house or a condominium unit which you own or are buying — What is the value of this property, that is, how much do you think this property (house and lot or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale?
Chinese Samoan Filipino Eskimo Korean Aleut Vietnamese Other — Specify Indian (Amer.) Print tribe	address? One 2 apartments or living quarters 3 apartments or living quarters 4 apartments or living quarters	Do not answer this question if this is — • A mobile home or trailer • A house on 10 or more acres • A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property
a. Age at last birthday 1	 5 apartments or living quarters 6 apartments or living quarters 7 apartments or living quarters 8 apartments or living quarters 9 apartments or living quarters 10 or more apartments or living quarters 	○ Less than \$10,000 \$50,000 to \$54,999 ○ \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$55,000 to \$59,999 ○ \$15,000 to \$17,499 \$60,000 to \$64,999 ○ \$17,500 to \$19,999 \$65,000 to \$69,999 ○ \$20,000 to \$22,499 \$70,000 to \$74,999 ○ \$22,500 to \$24,999 \$75,000 to \$79,999
2 0 2 0 3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 9 0	This is a mobile home or trailer Do you enter your living quarters — Directly from the outside or through a common or public hall? Through someone else's living quarters? H6. Do you have complete plumbing facilities in your living quarters, that is, hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or	\$25,000 to \$27,499 \$80,000 to \$89,999 \$27,500 to \$29,999 \$90,000 to \$99,999 \$30,000 to \$34,999 \$100,000 to \$124,999 \$35,000 to \$39,999 \$125,000 to \$149,999 \$40,000 to \$44,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999 \$45,000 to \$49,999 \$200,000 or more
Now married	shower? Yes, for this household only Yes, but also used by another household No, have some but not all plumbing facilities No plumbing facilities in living quarters	H12. If you pay rent for your living quarters — What is the monthly rent? If rent is not paid by the month, see the instruction guide on how to figure a monthly rent. C Less than \$50 \$160 to \$169
 No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic 	H7. How many rooms do you have in your living quarters? Do not count bathrooms, porches, balconles, foyers, halls, or half-rooms. 1 room 4 rooms 7 rooms 2 rooms 5 rooms 8 rooms	\$50 to \$59
 No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related 	 3 rooms 6 rooms 9 or more rooms H8. Are your living quarters — Owned or being bought by you or by someone else in this household? Rented for cash rent? Occupied without payment of cash rent? 	○ \$100 to \$109
Highest grade attended: Nursery school Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	A4. Block number number Decupied Provided Incompleted Provided Incompleted Provided Incompleted Provided Incompleted Provided Incompleted	D. Months vacant F. Total persons
College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more 0 0 0 0 0 0 Never attended school -Sklp question 10	O Seaso O Continuation O For real Continuation O For r	ont O 1 year up to 2 years 0 2 or more years 0 3 3 3
O Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year) CENSUS USE ONLY N O O O	S S S S S S S S S S	d or sold, not occupied or occasional use vacant t boarded up? No No No No No No No No No N

13. Which best describes this building?	H21a. Which fuel is used most for house heating?	CENSUS
include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant.	Gas: from underground nines	USE
A mobile home or trailer	serving the neighborhood Coal or coke	H22a.
A one-family house detached from any other house	O Gas: bottled, tank, or LP	00
A one-family house attached to one or more houses	Other fuel	I I
A building for 2 families	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	8 8
A building for 3 or 4 families	O Tueron, Rerosene, etc.	3 3
A building for 5 to 9 families	b. Which fuel is used most for water heating?	9 4
	Gas: from underground pipes	1
A building for 10 to 19 families A building for 20 to 49 families	serving the neighborhood Coal or coke	
A building for 20 to 49 families A building for 50 or more families	O Wood	
A building for 50 or more families	Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Electricity Other fuel	
O A boat, tent, van, etc.	O No firel used	8 8
	Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	9 9
	c. Which fuel is used most for cooking?	H22b.
4a. How many stories (floors) are in this building?	One from understand time	0 0
Count an attic or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes.	serving the neighborhood Coal or coke	I I
○ 1 to 3 — Skip to H15 ○ 7 to 12	Gas: bottled, tank, or LP	S S
O 4 to 6 O 13 or more stories	© Electricity Other fuel	3 3
	() No fuel used	
b. Is there a passenger elevator in this building?	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	4 4 5 5
O Yes O No	H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?	7 5 5
O 163	a. Electricity	
	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	
5a. Is this building —	Flactricity not used	
On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16	Average monthly cost	9 9
On a place of 1 to 9 acres?	b. Gas	H22c.
On a place of 10 or more acres?	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	
	Average monthly cost Gas not used	0 0
b. Last year, 1979, dld sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products	c. Water	ı ı
from this place amount to —	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	S S
	.00 00	3 3
O Less than \$50 (or None) O \$250 to \$599 O \$1,000 to \$2,499	Yearly cost	4 4
○ \$50 to \$249 ○ \$600 to \$999 ○ \$2,500 or more	d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.	5 5
	on on On On Included in rent or no charge	6 6
6. Do you get water from —	These fiels not used	7 7
A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?	Yearly cost	8 8
An individual drilled well?	H23. Do you have complete kitchen facilities? Complete kitchen fecilities	9 9
An individual dug well?	are a sink with piped water, a range or cookstove, and a refrigerator.	H22d.
Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?	O Yes O No	
		000
7. Is this building connected to a public sewer?	H24. How many bedrooms do you have?	111
Yes, connected to public sewer	Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.	8 8 8
No, connected to septic tank or cesspool	O No bedroom O 2 bedrooms O 4 bedrooms	3 3 3
No, use other means	O` 1 bedroom O 3 bedrooms O 5 or more bedrooms	444.
, and definitioning	5 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	555
8. About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was	H25. How many bathrooms do you have?	666
first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.	A complete bathroom is a room with flush tollet, bathtub or shower, and	7 7 7
○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1960 to 1969 ○ 1940 to 1949	wash basin with piped water.	888
0 1975 to 1978	A haif bathroom has at least a flush toilet or bathtub or shower, but does	999
O 1970 to 1974	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.	
V 13/0 to 13/4	No bathroom, or only a half bathroom	
9. When did the person listed in column 1 move Into	1 complete hathroom	000
	1 complete bathroom 1 complete bathroom plus half bath(s)	
this house (or apartment)?	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)	I I I
this house (or apartment)? ○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1950 to 1959		5 5 5
this house (or apartment)? 1979 or 1980	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms	. 3 3 3 . 5 5 5
this house (or apartment)? 1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?	333
this house (or apartment)? 1979 or 1980	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms	. 3 3 3 . 5 5 5
this house (or apartment)? 1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969	O 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) O 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? O Yes O No	333
this house (or apartment)? 1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969 How are your living quarters heated?	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes No H27. Do you have air conditioning?	2 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5
this house (or apartment)? 1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969 How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most.	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes No H27. Do you have air conditioning? Yes, a central air-conditioning system	2 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6
this house (or apartment)? 1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969 How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes	2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7
this house (or apartment)? 1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969 How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most.	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes No H27. Do you have air conditioning? Yes, a central air-conditioning system Yes, 1 individual room unit Yes, 2 or more individual room units	2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8
this house (or apartment)? 1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969 How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes	222
this house (or apartment)? 1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969 D. How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes	222333344455556666777
this house (or apartment)? 1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969 How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here)	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes	22233334445555666777
this house (or apartment)? 1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969 How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes	2223333344455556667778888999
this house (or apartment)? 1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969 How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently Installed in wall, celling,	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes	222333344455556667778888999
this house (or apartment)? 1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969 D. How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently Installed In wall, celling, or baseboard)	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes	2223333444
this house (or apartment)? 1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969 D. How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently Installed In wall, celling, or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes	2233 4455 6728 990 11233 455
this house (or apartment)? 1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969 Output How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, celling, or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes	2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 2 8 9 9 0 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 7 8 9 9 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
this house (or apartment)? 1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969 D. How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently Installed In wall, celling, or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene Room heaters without flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene (not portable,	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes	22333 44556 77889 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 7 7
1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969 1960 to	O 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) O 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? O Yes No H27. Do you have air conditioning? O Yes, a central air-conditioning system O Yes, 1 individual room unit O Yes, 2 or more individual room units O No H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household? O None O 2 automobiles O 1 automobiles O 3 or more automobiles O 4 one-ton capacity or less are kept at home for use by members of your household?	23456789 912345678 9012345678
this house (or apartment)? 1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969 How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently Installed In wall, celling, or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene Room heaters without flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene (not portable,	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes	22333 44556 77889 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 7 7

\$ 00 OR None : Payments for real estate taxes or O Yes, taxes included in payme No, taxes paid separately or to No, taxes pai	No regular payment required — Skip to page ent (amount entered in H32c) include a this property? Int
\$.00 OR None Ship to page 6 Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property? Yes, contract to purchase No - Skip to page 6 Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property? Yes No N	No regular payment required — Skip to page tent (amount entered in H32c) include a this property? Int Exess not required Please turn to page 6 Please turn to page 6 S.S.
\$.00 OR None Ca. Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on this property? Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt Yes, contract to purchase No - Skip to poge 6 Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property? Yes O No FOR CENSUS USE ONLY \$.00 OR Does your regular monthly payments for real estate taxes or Yes, taxes included in payments for fire and hazard insurance on this property? No, taxes paid separately or to the payments for fire and hazard insurance paid separately. FOR CENSUS USE ONLY \$.00 OR Does your regular monthly payments for real estate taxes or Yes, taxes included in payments for fire and hazard insurance paid separately. FOR CENSUS USE ONLY \$.00 OR Yes, taxes included in payments for fire and hazard insurance paid separately. FOR CENSUS USE ONLY 1	page ent (amount entered in H32c) include this property? Int Exercise not required ent (amount entered in H32c) include urance on this property? yment or no insurance Please turn to page 6 I I I I I I E
\$	ent (amount entered in H32c) include a this property? Int Exes not required ent (amount entered in H32c) include urance on this property? yment or no insurance Please turn to page 6 I I I I I I E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I E E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I E E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I E E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I E E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I E E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I E E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I I E E E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I I E E E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I I E E E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I I E E E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I I E E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I I E E E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I I E E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I I E E E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I I E E E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I I E E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I I E E E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I I E E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I I E E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I I E E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I I E E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I I E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I I E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I I E E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I I E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I I E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I I E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I I E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I I E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I I E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I I I E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I I I E E E E E E B S.S. I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
a. Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on this property? O Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt O Yes, contract to purchase O No - Skip to page 6 Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property? O Yes O No FOR CENSUS USE ONLY 1 2. 4. 2 3 S.S. 1 1 1 1 1 1 5 S.S. 2 2 2 2 2 Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Please turn to page 6 2. 4. 3 2. 4. O O O O O O I I I I I I I I I I I I I
debt on this property? Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt Yes, contract to purchase No - Skip to page 6 Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property? Yes No FOR CENSUS USE ONLY 2. 4. 2. S.S. 1 1 1 1 1 1 5 5.S. Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes No 7 7 7 7 7 No No 8 8 8 8 0	Please turn to page 6 2. 4. 3 2. 4. O O O O O O O I I I I I I I I I I I I
Yes, contract to purchase No - Skip to page 6 Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property? Yes No No FOR CENSUS USE ONLY 2. 4. 2. S.S. I I I I I I I S.S. 2 2 2 2 2 2 Yes No No S 5 5 5 No No R 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	### Property? Please turn to page 6
Yes, contract to purchase No — Skip to page 6 Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property? Yes No No FOR CENSUS USE ONLY 1 2. 4. 2 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3.	Please turn to page 6 2. 4. 3 2. 4. 0 0 0 0 0 0 5. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
No, insurance paid separately No, insurance paid separately No, insurance paid separately No, insurance paid separately POR CENSUS USE ONLY 2	Please turn to page 6 2. 4. 3 2. 4. 0 0 0 0 0 0 5 5.5. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
O Yes O No FOR CENSUS USE ONLY 1 2. 4. 2 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5.	2. 4. 3 2. 4. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
FOR CENSUS USE ONLY 2. 4. 2 S.S. I I I I I I I I E E E E E E E E E E E	2. 4. 3 2. 4. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
1 2. 4. 2 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 No ? ? ? ? ? ? No O 8 8 8 8 O	0 0 0 0 0 0 S.S. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
1 2. 4. 2 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 No ? ? ? ? ? ? No O 8 8 8 8 O	0 0 0 0 0 0 S.S. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
S.S. I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	0 0 0 0 0 0 S.S. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Yes 3 3 3 3 3 3 Yes 0 5 5 5 5 0 No 7 7 7 7 No 0 8 8 8 0	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
0 4 4 4 4 4 0 0 5 5 5 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
S S S S S S S S S S	
No 7 777 No 1 0 8 888 0 1	6 666 666
	7
	9 999 9 999
4. (5)	
$\left \mathbf{s.s.} \right \bigcirc $	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
0 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	5 555 0 5 555
No ? ??? No	6 6 6 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
0 8 888 0 9 9 9	8 888 0 8 888
② 2. ■ 4. GQ.	H30. H31. H32c.
S.S. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
No ? ??? ?? O S	

Page 6		ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS FOR
Name of Person 1 on page 2: Last name First name Middla initial 11. In what State or foreign country was this person born? Print the State where this person's mother was ilving when this person was born. Do not give the location of the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital were in the same State.	16. When was this person born? Born before April 1965 — Please go on with questions 17-33 Born April 1965 or later — Turn to next page for next person 17. In April 1975 (five years ago) was this person — a. On active duty in the Armed Forces? Yes No b. Attending college? Yes No	22a. Did this person work at any time last week? O Yes — Fill this circle if this O No — Fill this circle person worked full time or part time. (Count part-time work such as delivering papers, or helping without pay in a family business or farm. Also count active duty In the Armed Forces.) Skip to 2S
Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc. 12. If this person was born in a foreign country – a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the United States?	c. Working at a job or business? O Yes, full time O No O Yes, part time	b. How many hours did this person work <u>last week</u> (at all jobs)? Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked.
O Yes, a naturalized citizen O No, not a citizen O Born abroad of American parents b. When did this person come to the United States	18a. Is this person a veteran of active-duty military service in the Armed Forces of the United States? If Service was in National Guard or Reserves only, see Instruction guide. O Yes No — Skip to 19	23. At what location did this person work last week? If this person worked at more than one location, print where he or she worked most last week. If one location cannot be specified see instruction guide
to stay? 1975 to 1980 0 1965 to 1969 0 1950 to 1959 1970 to 1974 0 1960 to 1964 0 Before 1950 13a. Does this person speak a language other than	 May 1975 or later Vietnam era (August 1964 – April 1975) February 1955—July 1964 	a. Address (Number and street)
English at home? O Yes No, only speaks English — Skip to 14 b. What is this language?	Korean conflict (June 1950-January 1955) World War II (September 1940-July 1947) World War I (April 1917-November 1918) Any other time 19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other	If street address is not known, enter the building name, shopping center, or other physical location description. b. Name of city, town, village, borough, etc.
C. How well does this person speak English? Very well Well Not at all	health condition which has lasted for 6 or more months and which a. Limits the kind or amount of work this person can do at a job?	c. Is the place of work inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, borough, etc.? Yes No, in unincorporated area d. County
14. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide.	from using public transportation? O 20. If this person is a female - None 1 2 3 4 5 6 How many babies has she ever OOOOO had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count her stepchildren 7 8 9 10 11 12 or	e. State f. ZIP Code 1 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)?
(For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.) 15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago	21. If this person has ever been married – a. Has this person been married more than once?	b. How did this person usually get to work last week? If this person used more than one method, give the one
(April 1, 1975)? If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there. O Born April 1975 or later - Turn to next page for next person	Once O More than once b. Month and year Month and year of marriage? of first marriage?	usually used for most of the distance. Car
Yes, this house — Skip to 16 No, different house b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)?	(Month) (Year) (Month) (Year) c. If married more than once – Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)? O Yes O No	Railroad O Worked at home Subway or elevated O Other — Specify If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28.
(1) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico, Guarn, etc.:	Per. 11. 13b. No. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	15b. 23. 0 VL 24a. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
(2) County: (3) City, town, village, etc.: (4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits	2 2 <td>2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2</td>	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
of that city, town, village, etc.? Yes No, in unincorporated area	7 7 <td>? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ?</td>	? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ?

RSON 1 ON PAGE 2						Pag
c. When going to work last week, did this person usually	CENSUS	31a. Last year (1979), did this person days, at a paid job or in a busine		CEN	sus u	SE ONLY
 Drive alone — Sklp to 28 Share driving Drive others only Ride as passenger only 	21b.	O Yes	○ No — Skip to 31d	31b.	31c.	31d.
d. How many people, including this person, usually rode	100	O les	0 140 = 3kip to 370	0 () I 1	00	
to work in the car, truck, or van last week?	0 2 2	b. How many weeks did this person		8 6	5 8 8	2 2
0 2 0 4 0 6	11 3 3	Count paid vacation, paid sick leave,	and military service.	3 3	3 3	
3 5 7 or more After answering 24d, skip to 28.	044		Weeks	55	1 4 4	
25. Was this person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job	066	c. During the weeks worked in 197	9, how many hours did	6	66	G
or business last week?	1V 8 8	this person usually work each w	eek?	7 0	77	7
 Yes, on layoff Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc. 	099		Hours	()	99	1
O No	22b.	d. Of the weeks not worked in 1979	(if any), how many weeks	32a.		32b.
26a. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks	00	was this person looking for work		000	3 Ø ¦	0000
\sim Yes \circ No $-$ Skip to 27	5 5		Weeks	11	1	5 5 5 5 5 I I I I I
b. Could this person have taken a job last week?	3 3	32. Income in 1979 —		3 3		3 3 3 3
O No, already has a job	55	Fill circles and print dollar amounts.		55		4444
No, temporarily ill	66	If net income was a loss, write "Loss". If exact amount is not known, give bes		666	- 1	6666
 No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Yes, could have taken a job 	7.7	received jointly by household member		7 7		7777
27. When did this person last work, even for a few days?	88	During 1979 did this person recei	ive any income from the	881	1	8888
○ 1980 ○ 1978 ○ 1970 to 1974)	20	following sources?			A 0	O A O
0 1979 0 1975 to 1977 0 1969 or earlier Skip to 31d	28. A B C	If "Yes" to any of the sources below - person receive for the entire year		32c.		32d.
O Never worked	000	a. Wages, salary, commissions, bon		000		0000
28-30. Current or most recent job activity	DEF	all jobs Report amount before		5.5		5 5 5 5
Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week. If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which	000	dues, or other items.		3 3	1	3 3 3 3
this person worked the most hours.	GHJ	○ Yes → \$ ○ No -7	.00	55	1	4444
If this person had no job or business last week, give information for last job or business since 1975.	000	(A	innual amount - Dollars)	660	i	6666
28. Industry	KLM	b. Own nonfarm business, partners practice Report net Income a		88		8888
a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the	000	→ Yes → s	.00	99		9999
Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.	000	O No *	annual amount – Dollars)	0	A O	O A O
	1111	c. Own farm		32e.		32f.
(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)	3 3	Report <u>net</u> income after operating ex	penses. Include earnings as	000	00	0000
b. What kind of business or industry was this? Describe the activity at location where employed.	0-0	a tenant farmer or sharecropper.		1	1 1 ¦ 2 6 ¦	111
	6.6	○ Yes → \$ ○ No 74	.00		33	3 3 3
(For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house,	7 7	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or	net restal income		9 9	9- 9- 9
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)	15 (A) C (G)	Report even small amounts credited		_	5 5 ¦ 6 6 ¦	555
c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle) Manufacturing Retail trade	AF O	○ Yes → \$.00	7	7 7	777
Wholesale trade Other — (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.)		○ No (A	nnual amount – Dollars)		8 H 9 9	999
29. Occupation		e. Social Security or Railroad Retir	ement			
a. What kind of work was this person doing?	29. N P Q	○ Yes → \$.00	32g.		33. • • • • • •
	000	(A	nnual amount – Dollars)	ł	II	1.1 1 1
(For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator)	RST	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid Dependent Children (AFDC), or of		3 3		8 8 8 8
b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?	000	or public welfare payments	other public assistance	33		3 3 3 3
	UVW	○ Yes → \$.00	5.5	5 5	5 5 5 5
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising	000	○ No (A	nnual amount – Dollars)	G G G	G G	6666
order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill) 30. Was this person — (FIII one circle)	XYZ	g. Unemployment compensation,] 8 8 :		8 8 8 8
Employee of private company, business, or	000	pensions, alimony or child support of income received regularly		99	99	9999
individual, for wages, salary, or commissions	00	Exclude lump-sum payments such as				O A O
Federal government employee	I I a a	or the sale of a home.		II	I I	I I I
State government employee	3 3 3	○ Yes → \$.00	3 3	5 8	i i
Local government employee (city, county, etc.)	0- 0- 0-	O No (A	nnual amount – Dollars)	3 3	3 3	_
Self-employed in own business, professional practice, or farm —	5 5 5	33. What was this person's total income	me in 1979?	5 5	5 5	5 5 5
processional practice, or latti	7 : 7	Add entries In questions 32a	.00	GG	66	
Own business not incorporated	1	through a; subtract any losses.		1	1 /	
Own business not incorporated	5 1 9	through g; subtract any losses. If total amount was a loss,	innual amount – Dollars)	7 7 8 8	8 8	1



Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

CENEDAL	E 1	BURLICATIONS Con	
GENERAL		PUBLICATIONS—Con.	
Population and Housing Census	r1	HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance	F 4
Reports	F_1	HC80-S1-1, Supplementary	F4
PHC80-1, Block Statistics		Reports	F-4
PHC80-2, Census Tracts		Evaluation and Reference	
PHC80-3, Summary Charac-		Reports	F-4
teristics for Governmental		PHC80-E, Evaluation and	
Units and Standard Metro-		Research Reports	F-4
politan Statistical Areas PHC80-4, Congressional	F-2	PHC80-R, Reference Reports.	F-4
Districts of the 98th		PHC80-R1, Users' Guide	F-4
Congress	F-2	PHC80-R2, History	F-4
PHC80-S1-1, Provisional	_	PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and	
Estimates of Social, Eco-		Occupations	F-4
nomic, and Housing		PHC80-R4, Classified	
Characteristics	F-2	Index of Industries and	
PHC80-S2, Advance Esti- mates of Social, Economic,		Occupations	F-4
and Housing Characteristics.	F-2	PHC80-R5, Geographic	
Population Census Reports	F-2	Identification Code	F-4
PC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	1 –2	Scheme	F-4
teristics of the Population	F-2	COMPUTER TAPES	F-4
PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Num-		Summary Tape Files	
ber of Inhabitants	F-2	STF 2	
PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General	г о	STF 3	
Population Characteristics PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General	F-2	STF 4	
Social and Economic		STF 5	F-5
Characteristics	F-3	Other Computer Tape Files	F-5
PC80-1-D, Chapter D,		P.L. 94-171, Population	
Detailed Population		Counts	F-5
Characteristics	F-3	Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)	F-5
PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject	E 2	Geographic Base File/Dual	1 –3
Reports	F-3	Independent Map Encoding	
Reports	F-3	(GBF/DIME)	F-5
Housing Census Reports		Public-Use Microdata	
HC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-		Samples	
teristics of Housing Units	F-3	Census/EEO Special File	
HC80-1-A, Chapter A,		MAPS	
General Housing	E 2	MICROFICHE	
Characteristics	1 –3	STF 1 Microfiche	F-5
Detailed Housing		STF 3 Microfiche P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche	
Characteristics	F-3	F.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche.	. – 3
HC80-2, Volume 2, Metro-			
politan Housing		OFNEDAL	
Characteristics	F-3	GENERAL	
HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject	E 3	The results of the 1980 Census of	Popu-
Reports	r-3	lation and Housing are issued in	
nents of Inventory Change	F-3	forms: printed reports, computer	

files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing, 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices: and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

PUBLICATIONS

Population and Housing Census Reports

PHC80-1, Block Statistics-These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas-Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning generalpurpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics— These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

Population Census Reports

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population—This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A, B, C, and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics-Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population. language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veterar. status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and cross-classified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

Housing Census Reports

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units-This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis. and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics-Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports— Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance— This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of non-farm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports— These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

Evaluation and Reference Reports

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in looseleaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

COMPUTER TAPES

Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, Users' Guide.

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2—This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

STF 3—This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (sample), PC80-1-C, HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5—This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts-In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171. the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1-This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

MAPS

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

MICROFICHE

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

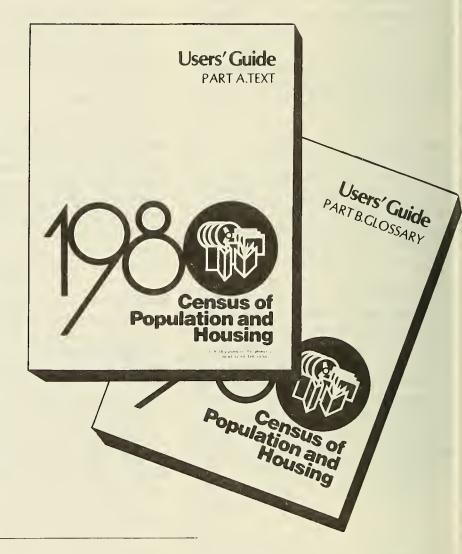
1980 Census of Population and Housing

Users' Guide

The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of:

- Part A. Text—Covers census data subjects; geographic considerations; reports, tapes, maps, and other products; services available to users; and many other topics central to understanding and using 1980 census data.
- Part B. Glossary—Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census—especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- Sources of Assistance—Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- Updates—Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census. Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tape contents, are planned for publication later.



Order from Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Specify the stock number (S/N) given below and make checks payable to Superintendent of Documents.

Part A. Text (S/N 003-024-03625-8)—\$5.50. Supplement 1 (S/N 003-024-05004-8)—\$6.00 (includes Part B. Glossary, Sources of Assistance, and Updates)



Superintendent of Documents U.S. Government Printing Office Washington, D.C. 20402

Official Business
Penalty for Private Use, \$300



POSTAGE AND FEES PAID U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE COM-202

Special Fourth-Class
Rate-Book

